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SENIOR CERTIFICATE EXAMINATION/ NATIONAL SENIOR CERTIFICATE EXAMINATION

CIVIL TECHNOLOGY: WOODWORKING

2019

MARKING GUIDELINES

MARKS: 200

These marking guidelines consist of 16 pages.

QUESTION 1: OHSA, SAFETY, MATERIALS, TOOLS, EQUIPMENT AND JOINING (GENERIC)

1.1 1.1.1 G ✓ (1)

1.1.2 E ✓ (1)

1.1.3 A ✓ (1)

1.1.4 C ✓ (1)

1.1.5 D ✓ (1)

• When heavy materials/loads are not lifted/lowered/handled correctly. ✓

Wrong posture when lifting materials.

Not using safety apparel.

ANY ONE OF THE ABOVE (1)

1.3 ✓ ✓

1:4 **OR** 76°

A qualified person must operate the device. ✓

- The device must never be overloaded. ✓
- The gates and wire components of the lift of the hoisting device must be at least 1 980 mm high.
- The gates must be shut when the device is being used.
- Emergency brake mechanisms must be installed.
- Safety measures must be displayed inside the cage.
- Inspections and maintenance work should be carried out regularly (at least six-monthly) by qualified persons.
- Overhead protection must be provided to protect workers from falling objects.
- When material or equipment is being hoisted, it must be stacked firmly and correctly, and secured properly.
- The hoist must be inspected weekly by a qualified person.

ANY TWO OF THE ABOVE (2)

1.5.1 A = Laser level ✓
B = Dumpy level ✓ (2)

1.5.2

1.6

Dumpy level (B)

3 SC/NSC – Marking Guidelines

Laser level (A)

	 installing ceilings and floor tiles. ✓ installing chair rails for example in a dining room. installing receptacles for power inside a building during construction. hanging pictures. excavating for new buildings. aligning and levelling floors. when installing doors and windows. aligning shelves and cabinets. levelling post and beams on decks, fences and porches. setting out buildings on a site. aligning fences, post and decks. determining/measuring the distances/ between two points. determining/measuring the distances/ between two points. 	(2)
1.6.1	Rawl bolt ✓	(1)
1.6.2	 A – Drill a hole of the required diameter and depth. ✓ B – Remove debris and thoroughly clean the hole with a brush or by blowing into it. ✓ C – Remove the bolt and washer, insert the sleeve/shield into the hole and align the fixture (for example base plate, etc) with the hole. ✓ D – Insert the bolt with washer through the fixture and tighten to the recommended torque. ✓ 	(4)
1.6.3	 Rawl bolts: are stronger fasteners than a screw with a plastic plug. ✓ are designed to resist pull-out failure. have excellent mechanical properties such as tensile and yield stress. have excellent carrying capacity. have excellent tolerance to variance in the hole size. ANY ONE OF THE ABOVE 	(1) [20]

QUESTION 2: GRAPHICS AS MEANS OF COMMUNICATION (GENERIC)

ANSWER SHEET 2

NO.	QUESTIONS	ANSWERS	MARKS
1	Identify the elevation shown in FIGURE A.	Eastern/East elevation/East✓	1
2	Name the scale of FIGURE B.	1 : 100 ✓	1
3	Identify number 1.	Barge board ✓	1
4	Identify number 2.	Roof overhang/Eave/Open eave ✓	1
5	Recommend a suitable finish for number 3.	Plaster/Paint/Face brick/Tiles/ Cladding ✓	1
6	What is indicated by number 4?	Door/Entrance door/Door opening ✓	1
7	Identify the drawing symbol indicated by number 5.	Finished floor level/FFL ✓	1
8	Identify the drawing symbol indicated by number 6.	Natural ground level/NGL ✓	1
9	What is indicated by number 7?	Step ✓	1
10	Give the date on which the building plan was printed.	2019/06/16 🗸	1
11	Who checked the building plan?	P Blade ✓	1
12	Name the electrical drawing symbol in the column for the notes in FIGURE 2 that must be placed at a staircase.	Two-way switch ✓ DO NOT MARK	1
13	Name the electrical feature in the column for the notes in FIGURE 2 that must be placed at the entrance door of the house.	Wall light ✓	1

14	Identify the type of roof that is used on the building in FIGURE A.	Gable roof ✓	1
15	Explain the purpose of number 1.	To cover ends of purlins/battens/fixed to the purlins/battens for a neat appearance. To finish of the gable end of the roof. ✓	1
16	Who is the owner of this house?	Mr H Smith ✓	1
17	In which street is the proposed dwelling situated?	Jupiter street ✓	1
18	Identify number 8.	Rainwater down pipe/Downpipe ✓	1
19	What is the sanitary fitting indicated by number 9 used for?	To wash your face/Body ✓ Brush your teeth Wash your hands Washing/Rinsing	1
20	Recommend an alternative sanitary fitting to replace number 10 that will serve a similar purpose.	Bath ✓	1
21	Explain the purpose of number 11 as indicated on the staircase.	Landing to serve as resting place or change of direction of staircase. ✓	1
22	What is indicated by number 13?	Emergency light/External light Thickness of wall/110 mm ✓	1
23	What is indicated by number 15?	North- symbol/direction/point ✓	1
24	Deduce the height of window 1 from the window schedule.	1,8 m or 1 800 mm ✓	1
25	Deduce the width of window 2 from the window schedule.	2,4 m or 2 400 mm ✓	1
26	Name the elevations of the building on which the staircase is situated.	Western/West elevation/West ✓ Southern/South elevation/South ✓	2

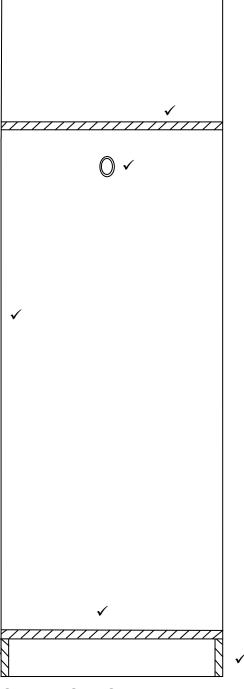
		TOTAL:	40
		= 25,98 m	
		= 25 980 mm ✓ OR	
		13 100 + 12 880	
		= 12 880 mm ✓	
		= 6 440 x 2	7
		(220 + 6 000 + 220) ✓ x 2 ✓	
		=13 100 mm ✓	
	building. Show ALL calculations.	= 6 550 x 2	
30	Calculate the perimeter of the	(220 + 3 000 + 110 + 3 000 + 220) ✓ x 2 ✓	
		6 000 mm x 3 000 mm = 18 m ²	
	THE THE SHOW ALL CAICUIAUOUS.	OR	3
29	Calculate the area of the lounge in m ² . Show ALL calculations.	6 m ✓ x 3 m ✓ = 18 m ² ✓	
20	covering for the lounge.	Tiles/Novilon/Carpets/Laminated flooring/Wooden flooring.✓	1
28	Recommend a suitable floor		
	electrical symbols indicated by numbers 12 and 14.	lever ✓ 14 – One way light switch double pole/ lever ✓	2
27	Differentiate between the	12 – One way light switch single pole/	

(5)

QUESTION 3: CASEMENTS, CUPBOARDS, WALL-PANELLING AND QUANTITIES (SPECIFIC)

- 3.1 Glazing bar ✓ (1)
- 3.2 A Frame head ✓
 - B Transom ✓
 - C Mullion ✓
 - D Casement stile ✓
 - E Bottom rail of casement/Bottom rail ✓

3.3



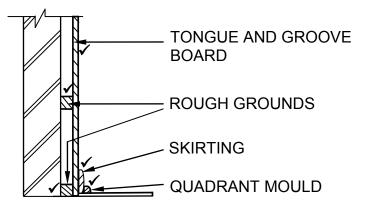
ASSESSMENT CRITERIA	MARK	CM
Front rail	1	
Top shelf	1	
Middle shelf	1	
Bottom shelf	1	
Hanging rail	1	
Kick plate	1	
Back of base	1	
Back of cupboard	1	
Application of scale:		
Correct height	1	
Correct depth	1	
Correct thickness of material	1	
TOTAL:	11	

SCALE: ✓✓✓

USE A MASK TO MARK THE DRAWING

(11)

3.4



Application of scale ✓

ASSESSMENT CRITERIA	MARKS	CANDIDATE'S MARK
Horizontal rough grounds	2	
Tongue and groove board	1	
Skirting	1	
Quadrant mould	1	
Application of scale	1	
More than 3 wrong no		
marks.		
TOTAL:	6	

Marks are awarded for the drawing and not for labels.

USE A MASK TO MARK THE DRAWING

3.5

	Α	В	С	D
3.5.1				Length of fascia board
				= 9 000 mm + 300 mm + 9 000 mm + 300 mm ✓ OR (9 000 mm + 300 mm) x 2 OR (150 + 9000 +150) x 2
				= <u>18 600 mm</u>
				= <u>18,6 m</u> ✓
3.5.2				Number of roof trusses needed
				Internal dimension Distance between centres + 1
				8,56 1,3 ✓ + 1
				= <u>6,58 + 1</u> ✓
				= <u>7 + 1</u> √
				= <u>8 Roof trusses</u> ✓

(5) **[30]**

(2)

(6)

QUESTION 4: ROOFS, CEILINGS, TOOLS AND EQUIPMENT, AND MATERIALS (SPECIFIC)

4.1 4.1.1 B ✓ (1)

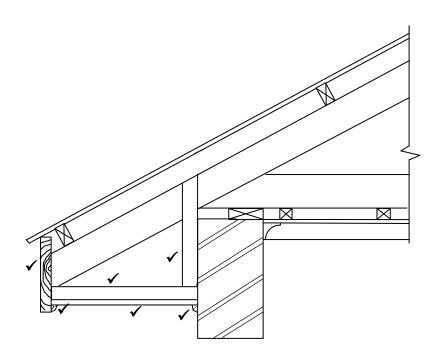
4.1.2 F ✓ (1)

4.1.3 D ✓ (1)

4.1.4 E ✓ (1)

4.1.5 C ✓ (1)

4.2



Application of scale ✓

USE A MASK TO MARK THIS QUESTION

ASSESSMENT CRITERIA	MARK
Fascia board: 230 mm x 38 mm	1
Hanger: 38 mm x 38 mm	1
Bearer: 38 mm x 38 mm	1
6 mm fibre-cement board on closed	1
eaves	Į.
Quarter round mouldings below	2
fibre-cement board	
Application of scale	1
More than 3 wrong no marks.	l
TOTAL:	7

(7)

(2)

10 SC/NSC - Marking Guidelines

4.3		Hipped roof	Gable roof	
	MATERIAL	More timber is used because of the complex design of the roof ✓ More roof covering is used More cutting and waste	Less timber is used because of simple design Less roof covering is used Less cutting and waste	
	CONSTRUCTION	Slope down on all sides ✓ The construction is complex Roof is stronger Roof takes longer to construct	Slope down on only two sides ✓ Simple design Roof not as strong because less timber is used Constructed faster	
	ANY ONE OF THE	ABOVE FOR EACH CRITER	RION IN EACH COLUMN	(4)
4.4	Gang nails ✓Bolt and nuts ✓Nails ✓			(3)
4.5	 Aluminium frame Cover strip/T-me Hinges Barrel bolt ANY TWO OF THE 	·		(2)
4.6	610 mm x 610 mm	610 mm ✓		
4.7	4.7.1 Portable	electrical planer ✓		(1)
	DustResp	ty goggles ✔ ✔ biratory mask O OF THE ABOVE		(2)
	KeepStoreRetra	e in a dry safe place. ✓ o in a wooden box or plastic be the plane on its side to prevent the blade into the machine O OF THE ABOVE	ent damage to the blade.	(2)
		e timber for: e knots ✔ I ✔		

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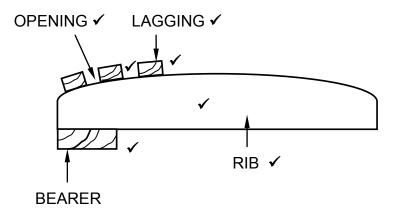
Nails/Screws/Any metal objects in the timber

ANY TWO OF THE ABOVE

4.8	 Avoid making adjustments while the blade is turning. ✓ Keep your hands and fingers away from rotating blade Ensure all clamps and locking devices are locked. ✓ Check the wood for loose knots/nails/screws. Ensure that the machine stands in a well-balanced pose Ensure the blade is properly fastened. Do not leave the machine until the blade has stop turnice. Approach the timber slowly. ANY THREE OF THE ABOVE OR ANY ACCEPTABLE Allowed 	. ✔ sition. ing.
	 Check the wood for any metal objects before cutting commence. ✓ Make sure the teeth of the blade are sharp. ✓ Ensure that the blade is properly fastened. Do not force material to the blade. ANY TWO OF THE ABOVE 	(2)
4.9	 Remove all dust ✓ Apply first layer of sanding sealer. ✓ Allow drying time for first layer. ✓ Sand lightly ✓ Remove dust from the door. ✓ Apply second layer of sanding sealer. ANY FIVE OF THE ABOVE 	(5)
4.10	 Graded timber has a stamp that indicates the grade as well as mill at which it was graded. ✓ Graded timber has a colour coded end grain. ANY ONE OF THE ABOVE 	the saw (1) [40]

QUESTION 5: CENTRING, FORMWORK, SHORING AND GRAPHICS AS MEANS OF COMMUNICATION (SPECIFIC)

5.1

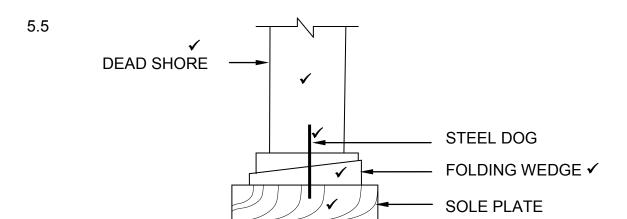


Proportion ✓

ASSESSMENT CRITERIA	MARK
Bearer	1
Rib	1
Laggings	1
Space between laggings	1
Any THREE labels	3
Proportion	1
TOTAL:	8

(8)

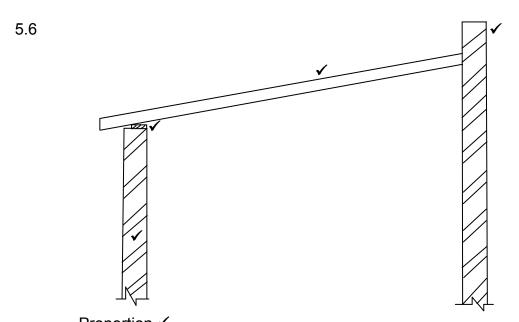
5.2	5.2.1	Braces/struts ✓	(1)
	5.2.2	Fish plate ✓	(1)
	5.2.3	Clamps ✓	(1)
	5.2.4	Folding wedges ✓	(1)
	5.2.5	Soleplate ✓	(1)
5.3	HardleFibre	I sheeting ✓ board/Ply wood	(2)
5.4	A – Clamp B – Yoke C – Threa		(3)



Proportion ✓

ASSESSMENT CRITERIA	MARK
Dead shore	1
Steel dog	1
Folding wedge	1
Soleplate	1
Any TWO labels	2
Proportion	1
TOTAL:	7

(7)



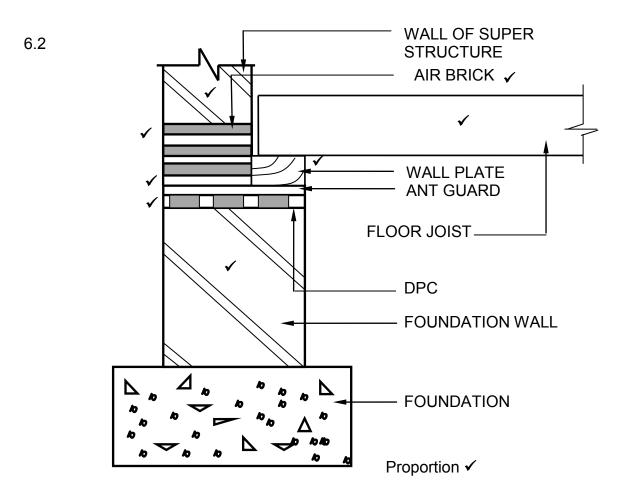
Proportion ✓

ASSESSMENT CRITERIA	MARK
Parapet wall	1
Wall	1
Wall plate	1
Rafter	1
Proportion	1
TOTAL:	5

(5) **[30]**

QUESTION 6: SUSPENDED FLOORS, STAIRCASES, IRONMONGERY, DOORS AND JOINING (SPECIFIC)

6.1 6.1.1
$$C \checkmark$$
 (1)



ASSESSMENT CRITERIA	MARK
Foundation wall: 330 mm	1
Wall of superstructure	1
DPC	1
Ant guard	1
Air brick	1
Wall plate	1
Floor joist	1
Proportion	1
Any ONE label	1
TOTAL:	9

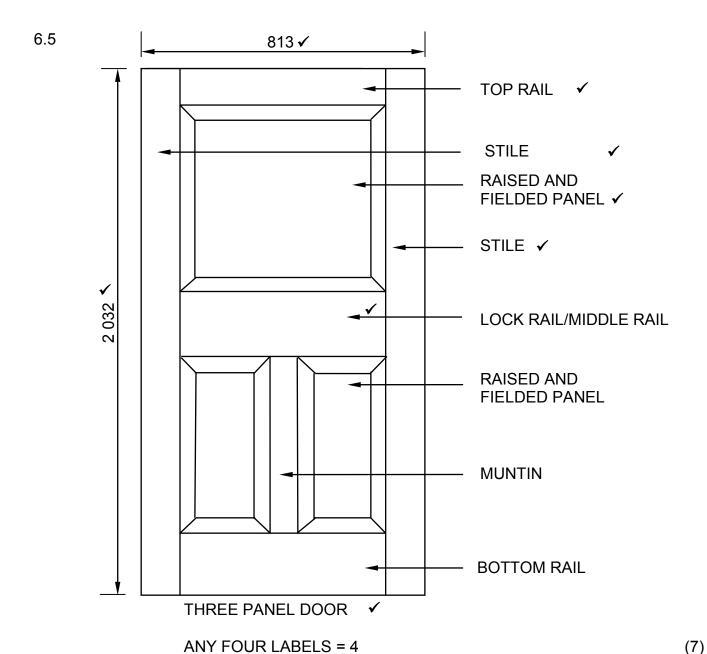
(9)

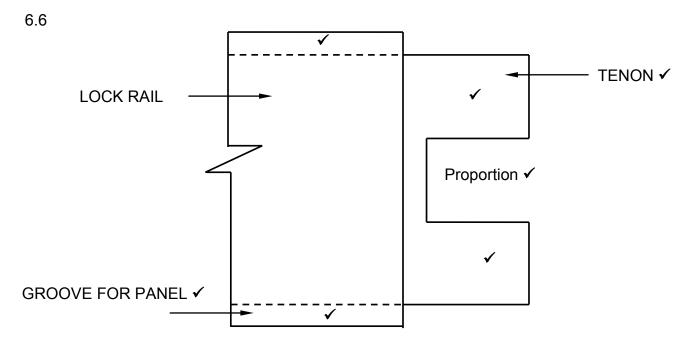
(3)

Half-landing stairs are known as U-shaped ✓ stairs. A half – landing staircase has two parallel flights of stairs ✓ that are connected by a landing that make a 180° ✓ turn when one staircase ascends or descends.



- Mortise locks are mortised ✓ into one of the stiles of the door and are used for entrance doors, internal doors and any large doors. ✓
 - Night latch is mounted ✓ onto the internal surface of the stile of a door and is used to secure entrance doors. ✓





ASSESSMENT CRITERIA	MARK	CANDIDATE'S MARK
Hidden detail of grooves	2	
Double tenon	2	
TWO labels	2	
Proportion of tenons	1	
TOTAL:	7	

6.7 A – Joist hanger/Truss hanger/Beam hanger ✓ (1)

6.8 6.8.1 Clout nails/Dry wall screws ✓ (1)

6.8.2 Copper nails/Nails/Screws ✓ (1)

6.8.3 Roof nails ✓ Pozi drive screws

ANY ONE OF THE ABOVE (1)

6.9 • Putty ✓

Glazing beads

ANY ONE OF THE ABOVE (1)
[40]

TOTAL: 200

(7)