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NATIONAL SENIOR CERTIFICATE

GRADE 12

MUSIC P1

FEBRUARY/MARCH 2017

MARKS: 120

TIME: 3 hours

CEN	TRE	NUMB	ER:						
EXA	MINA	TION I	NUME	BER:		I			

This question paper consists of 25 pages and 1 manuscript page.

INSTRUCTIONS AND INFORMATION

- 1. This question paper consists of FIVE sections, namely SECTIONS A, B, C, D and E.
- 2. SECTIONS A and B are COMPULSORY.
- 3. SECTION C: WESTERN ART MUSIC (WAM), SECTION D: JAZZ and SECTION E: INDIGENOUS AFRICAN MUSIC (IAM) are choice questions. Answer only ONE of these sections (SECTION C or D or E).
- 4. Write all music notations in SECTION A in pencil and all written text in blue or black ink on this question paper.
- 5. Answer SECTION B and SECTION C or D or E in blue or black ink in the ANSWER BOOK provided.
- 6. Number the questions correctly according to the numbering system used in this question paper.
- 7. The last page of this question paper is manuscript paper intended for rough work. Candidates may remove this page.
- 8. Candidates may NOT have access to any musical instrument for the duration of this examination.
- 9. Candidates must take note of the mark allocation for each question to provide enough information in their answers.
- 10. Write neatly and legibly.

MARKING GRID

SECTION	QUESTION	MARKS	MARKER	MODERATOR
A: THEORY OF MUSIC	1	20		
(COMPULSORY)	2	15		
	3	10		
	4	15		
	SUBTOTAL	60		
	AN	ID		
B: GENERAL MUSIC KNOWLEDGE (COMPULSORY)	5	20		
	SUBTOTAL	20		
	AN	1D		
C: WAM	6	10		
	7	5		
	8	5		
	9	5		
	10	15		
	SUBTOTAL	40		
	0	R		
D: JAZZ	11	10		
	12	5		
	13	5		
	14	5		
	15	15		
	SUBTOTAL	40		
	0	R		
E: IAM	16	10		
	17	5		
	18	5		
	19	5		
	20	15		
	SUBTOTAL	40		
	RAND TOTAL	120		
	TAND I OTAL	120		

SECTION A: THEORY OF MUSIC (COMPULSORY)

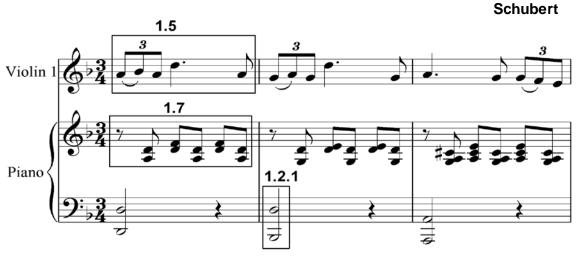
(90 minutes)

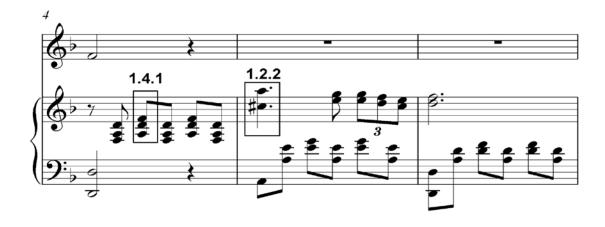
Answer QUESTION 1 AND QUESTION 2.1 OR 2.2 AND QUESTION 3.1 OR 3.2 AND QUESTION 4.1 OR 4.2.

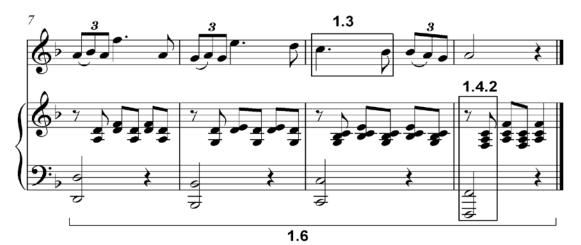
Answer the questions in the spaces provided on this question paper.

QUESTION 1 (25 minutes)

Study the extract below and answer the questions that follow.







	intervals at 1.2.1 and	1.2.2 accord	ling to type and	d distance.
1.2.1				
1.2.2				
Write and	name the inversion o	f the interval	at 1.3 .	
Nama tha	triada at 1 1 1 and 1	12 goografing	to two and n	ocition/inversion
	triads at 1.4.1 and 1. 4			
1.4.1				
1.4.2				
Rewrite ba	r 1 of the violin part f	or viola using	the same pito	ch.
	the bass part from bee a key signature.	ars 7–10 a p	erfect fourth hi	gher.
$\overline{\Delta}$				

1.8

Write th	e scales below as indicated. Use semibreves.	
1.8.1	Write F [#] melodic minor, ascending and descending, with key signature. Mark the semitones.	
		(3)
1.8.2	Write the Aeolian mode on E, descending in the alto clef. Do NOT use a key signature.	
		(2)
1.8.3	Write a chromatic scale on B ^b , ascending only.	
	9 :	(3) [20]

QUESTION 2 (25 minutes)

Answer EITHER QUESTION 2.1 OR QUESTION 2.2.

2.1 Complete the opening motif below to form a twelve-bar melody in ternary form for any single-line melodic instrument of your choice. Name the instrument for which you are writing. Indicate the tempo and add dynamic and articulation marks.

Instrument:	
Tempo:	







The melody will be marked according to the following criteria:

DESCRIPTION	MARK ALLOCATION	CANDIDATE'S Marks
Form and cadential points	3	
Correctness	2	
Note stems, beats per bar, accidentals, spacing, layout		
Quality	10	
Suitability, dynamics, articulation,		
tempo indication, musicality		
TOTAL	15	

[15]

2.2 Complete the opening motif below to form a twelve-bar melody in ternary form for any single-line melodic instrument of your choice. Name the instrument for which you are writing. Indicate the tempo and add dynamic and articulation marks.

Instrument:			
Tempo:			

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The melody will be marked according to the following criteria:

DESCRIPTION	MARK ALLOCATION	CANDIDATE'S Marks
Form and cadential points	3	
Correctness Note stems, beats per bar, accidentals, spacing, layout	2	
Quality Suitability, dynamics, articulation, tempo indication, musicality	10	
TOTAL	15	

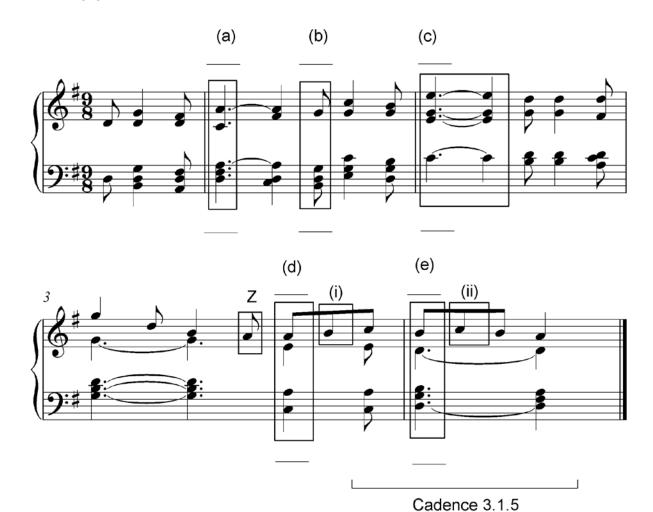
[15]

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QUESTION 3 (10 minutes)

Answer EITHER QUESTION 3.1 OR QUESTION 3.2.

3.1 Study the extract by Mendelssohn below and answer the questions that follow.

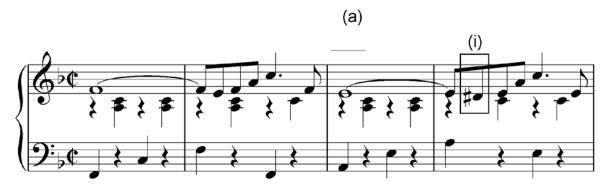


Name the key of this extract.
Identify chords (a)–(e) and figure them on the score. Use EITHER figuring below the score, for example V ⁶ , OR chord symbols above the score, for example C/E.
Name the types of non-chordal notes at (i) and (ii).
(i)
(ii)
Which ONE of the following do you associate with the note at Z ?
Make a cross (X) in the appropriate block.
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •

OR

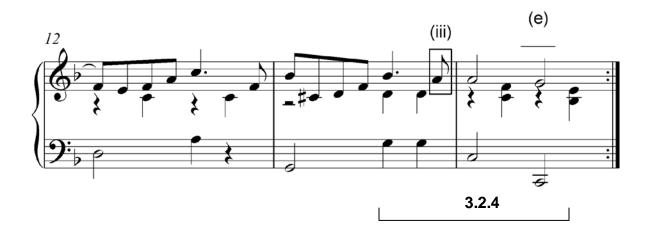
NSC

3.2 Study the extract from *Till* by Charles Danvers below and answer the questions that follow.









3.2.1	Name the key of this extract.	
		(1)
3.2.2	Identify the chords from (a) to (e) and figure them on the score. Use chord symbols above the score, for example B ^b /D.	(5)
3.2.3	Name the types of non-chordal notes at (i)-(iii).	
	(i)	
	(ii)	
	(iii)	(3)
3.2.4	Name the cadence at the end of this extract.	
		(1)
		[10]

NSC

(30 minutes) **QUESTION 4**

Answer EITHER QUESTION 4.1 OR QUESTION 4.2.

4.1 Complete the four-part vocal harmonisation below by adding the alto, tenor and bass parts.





The harmonisation will be marked according to the following criteria:

DESCRIPTION	MARK ALLOCATION	CANDIDATE'S Marks
Chord progression Choice of chords, correct use of cadence	14	
Correctness Notation, doubling, spacing, voice leading	16	
Quality Musicality, non-chordal notes, awareness of style, creativity	10	
	40 (÷ 8 x 3)	
TOTAL	15	

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OR

[15]

4.2 Complete the piece below by adding a suitable bass line and harmonic material in the open staves. Continue in the style suggested by the given material in bars 1–4.



The harmonisation will be marked according to the following criteria:

DESCRIPTION	MARK ALLOCATION	CANDIDATE'S MARKS
Chord progression Choice of chords, correct use of cadence	15	
Correctness Notation, doubling, spacing, voice leading	15	
Quality Musicality, non-chordal notes, awareness of style, creativity	10	
	40 (÷ 8 x 3)	
TOTAL	15	

[15]

TOTAL SECTION A: 60

SECTIONS B, C, D, E: GENERAL MUSIC KNOWLEDGE

(90 minutes)

Answer SECTION B AND SECTION C (Western Art Music) OR SECTION D (Jazz) OR SECTION E (Indigenous African Music).

Answer these questions in the ANSWER BOOK provided.

SECTION B: GENERAL (COMPULSORY)

QUESTION 5

Various options are provided as possible answers to the following questions. Write down the question number (5.1.1–5.1.10), choose the answer and make a cross (X) over the letter (A–D) of your choice in the ANSWER BOOK.

EXAMPLE:			
5.1.11 A	В	С	

- 5.1.1 Royalties paid to composers when their music is performed in public are called ...
 - A copyright.
 - B performance rights.
 - C needletime rights.
 - D mechanical rights.
- 5.1.2 Royalties paid to songwriters and performers for CD sales or digital downloads are called ...
 - A copyright.
 - B performance rights.
 - C needletime rights.
 - D mechanical rights.
- 5.1.3 SAMRO is the abbreviation for the ...
 - A South African Music Relevance Organisation.
 - B South African Music Rights Organisation.
 - C South African Music Recording Organisation.
 - D South African Music Restrictions Organisation.
- 5.1.4 A person who writes the words of a song is a/an ...
 - A arranger.
 - B editor.
 - C lyricist.
 - D performer.

5.1	1.5	A music	al wor	k is	copyri	ghted	
-----	-----	---------	--------	------	--------	-------	--

- Α immediately after it has been composed.
- В for 80 years after the work has been composed.
- С until the year of the composer's death.
- D only two weeks after it has been composed.

5.1.6	The	symbol	above	the	given	note



is called a/an ...

- Α lower mordent.
- В appoggiatura.
- С upper mordent.
- turn.
- 5.1.7 In a Dorian mode, semitones occur between the ...
 - 3^{rd} and 4^{th} notes and the 6^{th} and 7^{th} notes. 2^{nd} and 3^{rd} notes and the 7^{th} and 8^{th} notes. Α
 - В
 - 3^{rd} and 4^{th} notes and the 7^{th} and 8^{th} notes. С
 - 2nd and 3rd notes and the 6th and 7th notes.
- 5.1.8 Which ONE of the following means to become softer gradually?
 - Α Accelerando
 - В Morendo
 - C Crescendo
 - Rallentando
- 5.1.9 The musical term for
 is ...
 - Α lungo.
 - В portato.
 - C fermata.
 - staccato.
- 5.1.10 The blues scale can be constructed by
 - lowering the 3^{rd} , 5^{th} and 7^{th} degrees of the major scale. raising the 3^{rd} , 5^{th} and 7^{th} degrees of the major scale. Α
 - В
 - С
 - lowering the 3rd, 5th and 7th degrees of the minor scale. raising the 3rd, 5th and 7th degrees of the minor scale. (10 x 1) (10)

5.2		correct term for any FIVE of the following descriptions. Write down term next to the question number (5.2.1-5.2.8) in the ANSWER	
	5.2.1	A musical texture consisting of a single melodic line	
	5.2.2	A musical texture consisting of a melodic line with accompaniment	
	5.2.3	A musical texture consisting of several independent melodic lines	
	5.2.4	A rhythmic pattern which repeats while other music material changes around it	
	5.2.5	Ancient scales with Greek names that are used in various music styles	
	5.2.6	The quality or colour of a voice or an instrument	
	5.2.7	Vocal music without instrumental accompaniment	
	5.2.8	The technical name for the third degree of a scale	(5)
5.3	Write a p	aragraph in which you describe <i>binary form</i> .	(5)

TOTAL SECTION B: 20

Answer SECTION C (WAM)
OR SECTION D (JAZZ)
OR SECTION E (IAM).

SECTION C: WESTERN ART MUSIC (WAM)

QUESTION 6

6.1 Which characters are associated with the following voice types in *The Magic Flute* by Mozart?

6.1.1 Soprano

6.1.2 Tenor

6.1.3 Baritone

6.1.4 Bass

6.1.5 Coloratura

6.2 The Magic Flute is considered to be a Singspiel.

Write notes to substantiate this statement using examples from this opera.

[10]

(5)

QUESTION 7

Study the table below which represents sonata form and answer the questions that follow.

	EXPOSITION	DEVELOPMENT	RECAPITULATION
7.1	In which section would one expect to find an episode?		
7.2	What is the function of the bridge in the exposition of this form?		
7.3	Briefly describe what happens in the development section.		
7.4	How is the recapitulation different from the exposition?		

QUESTION 8

Write a paragraph on the final (fifth) movement of Beethoven's *Symphony No.* 6 in which you link the title of this movement to the programmatic content. [5]

QUESTION 9

Define the *Classical symphony* and expain how Beethoven's *Pastoral Symphony* differs from the Classical symphonic model.

[5]

QUESTION 10

Mendelssohn demonstrates both Classical and Romantic features in his *Hebrides Overture*.

Write an essay in which you discuss this statement.

You will be credited for the logical presentation of facts and the structure of your essay.

The essay will be marked according to the following criteria:

CRITERIA	MARK ALLOCATION
Classical features	6
Romantic features	6
Logical presentation and structure of the essay	3
TOTAL	15

[15]

TOTAL SECTION C: 40

OR

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SECTION D: JAZZ

QUESTION 11

- 11.1 Describe prominent music characteristics of kwela. (3)
- 11.2 Name the instruments used in a typical mbaganga band. (3)
- 11.3 Write down the title of a song associated with EACH of the following artists/groups:
 - 11.3.1 Dolly Rathebe
 - 11.3.2 Miriam Makeba
 - 11.3.3 Sakhile
 - 11.3.4 Philip Tabane [10]

QUESTION 12

Indicate whether the following statements concerning Cape jazz are TRUE or FALSE. Write down only 'true' or 'false' next to the question number (12.1-12.5) in the ANSWER BOOK.

- 12.1 It is inspired by blues and folk songs sung by descendants of the former slave communities living in the Western Cape.
- 12.2 It is influenced by the street carnival parade and instrumentation of the Mardi Gras.
- 12.3 It is a mixture of Xhosa and Zulu songs, as well as Latin-American styles.
- 12.4 It was originally mainly a piano jazz style.
- 12.5 Robbie Jansen is a famous saxophone player who is linked to the development of Cape jazz. [5]

QUESTION 13

Discuss TWO international influences and TWO local influences on Miriam Makeba's [5] music style. Comment on her unique vocal style.

QUESTION 14

Write a paragraph in which you discuss the importance of the Jazz Epistles in the [5] development of South African jazz.

QUESTION 15

Marabi is a true example of an early South African jazz style.

Write an essay in which you expand on this statement by refering to the origins, characteristics and music examples of marabi.

You will be credited for the logical presentation of facts and the structure of your essay.

The essay will be marked according to the following criteria:

CRITERIA	MARK ALLOCATION
Origins	5
Characteristics	5
Music examples	2
Logical presentation and structure of the essay	3
TOTAL	15

[15]

TOTAL SECTION D: 40

OR

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SECTION E: INDIGENOUS AFRICAN MUSIC (IAM)

QUESTION 16

- 16.1 Indicate whether the following statements are TRUE or FALSE. Write only 'true' or 'false' next to the question number (16.1.1-16.1.4) in the ANSWER BOOK. If the statement is FALSE, write down the correct information.
 - Isicathamiya was popularised internationally by Ladysmith Black 16.1.1 Mambazo's collaboration with Simon and Garfunkel.
 - 16.1.2 Julian Bahula played drums for Sello Galane.
 - 16.1.3 Mahotella Queens is a group that sings free kiba.
 - 16.1.4 The Manhattan Brothers was a kwela group.
- 16.2 Define *malombo*.

(2)

(4)

- 16.3 Define the following terms associated with maskandi:
 - 16.3.1 **l**kati
 - 16.3.2 Ukupika

(4) [10]

QUESTION 17

Write a paragraph in which you define and describe free kiba. Refer to the traditional drums used in this style of music.

[5]

QUESTION 18

Briefly discuss ONE of the following ceremonies. Refer to the function, ceremonial features and the role of dance, music and instruments.

 AmaZulu: Amahubo AmaSwati: Incwala AmaXhosa: Intoniane AmaNdebele: Luma Basotho: Lebollo • Bapedi: Byale

• Batswana: Bojale Vhavenda: Domba

• Batsonga: Mancomane [5]

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QUESTION 19

Discuss the features of praise poetry as used in African music.

[5]

QUESTION 20

lsicathamiya has become one of the most readily recognised South African music genres of the late 20^{th} and early 21^{st} centuries.

Write an essay in which you discuss this statement with specific reference to Ladysmith Black Mambazo.

You will be credited for the logical presentation of facts and the structure of your essay.

The essay will be marked according to the following criteria:

CRITERIA	MARK ALLOCATION
Origins	3
Style characteristics	5
Contribution of Ladysmith Black Mambazo	4
Logical presentation and structure of the essay	3
TOTAL	15

[15]

TOTAL SECTION E: 40
GRAND TOTAL: 120