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basic education

Department: Basic Education **REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA**

NATIONAL SENIOR CERTIFICATE

GRADE 12



MARKS: 150

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SECTION A

QUESTION 1

1.1	1.1.1 1.1.2 1.1.3 1.1.4 1.1.5 1.1.6 1.1.7 1.1.8 1.1.9	$B \checkmark \checkmark$ $C \checkmark \checkmark$ $B \checkmark \checkmark$ $D \checkmark \checkmark$ $B \checkmark \checkmark$ $C \checkmark \checkmark$ $A \checkmark \checkmark$ $C \checkmark \checkmark$		
	1.1.10	C √√	(10 x 2)	(20)
1.2	1.2.1 1.2.2 1.2.3 1.2.4 1.2.5	B only $\checkmark \checkmark$ A only $\checkmark \checkmark$ A only $\checkmark \checkmark$ A only $\checkmark \checkmark$ Both A and B $\checkmark \checkmark$	(5 x 2)	(10)
1.3	1.3.1 1.3.2 1.3.3 1.3.4 1.3.5	Iodine ✓✓ Net energy ✓✓ Feedlot ✓✓ Corpus luteum ✓✓ Mastitis ✓✓	(5 x 2)	(10)
1.4	1.4.1 1.4.2 1.4.3 1.4.4 1.4.5	Fats ✓ Free range ✓ Burdizzo ✓ Antibodies ✓ Scrotum ✓	(5 x 1)	(5)
			TOTAL SECTION A:	45

(3)

(1)

(1)

(1)

(1)

(1)

(1)

(2)

SECTION B

QUE	STION 2	2: ANIMAL NUTRITION
2.1 The digestive systems of farm animals		
	2.1.1	Identify the labelled parts A - Oesophagus/gullet ✓ B - reticulum ✓ I - duodenum/small intestine/ileum ✓
	2.1.2	The function of part F Moistening/softening/soaking of food material/ storage ✓
	2.1.3	Comparing the functions of part C and F Secretion of enzymes/digestive juices ✓
	2.1.4	Age level/maturity Fully grown/adult animal ✓
	2.1.5	Identification and description the structure for the mechanical digestion of maize • Ventriculus /muscular stomach/gizzard/H ✓ Description • Has a muscular stomach ✓ • Which contains small stones ✓ • To grind the food ✓
2.2	Absorp	otion of end products
	2.2.1	Absorption process Active absorption ✓
	2.2.2	 Working process of carrier molecules Carrier molecule attaches itself to the ion of the mineral element ✓ Carrier molecule uses energy to transport substances across the membrane ✓ Ensures the movement of substances against the concentration gradient ✓ (Any 2)
2.3	Minera	I and vitamin deficiencies

2.3.1	Vitamin A/retinol 🗸	(1)
2.3.2	Vitamin E ✓	(1)
2.3.3	Iron/Fe ✓	(1)

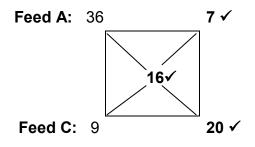
2.4 Suitability of feeds for different feeding conditions

2.4.1	Yellow maize meal ✓	(1)
2.4.2	Salt 🗸	(1)
2.4.3	Urea ✓	(1)

- 2.4.4 Fish meal \checkmark (1)
- 2.4.5 Lucerne ✓ (1)

2.5 Balancing of rations

2.5.1 Pearson square method



Mix 7 parts of feed A with 20 parts of feed C or $7:20 \checkmark$ (4)

2.5.2 The cost of Mixtures: Feed AC and Feed BD

	(a)	Feed A and Feed C: 7 parts A to 20 parts C 7 x R2,90 + 20 x R1,10 ✓ R20,30+ R22,00 =R42,30 ✓	(2)
	(b)	Feed B and Feed D: 4 parts B to 26 parts D 4 x R3,50+ 26 x R1,40✓ R14,00+ R36,40= R50,40✓	(2)
2.5.3	∙ N Reas	apest mixture and reason Mixture of Feed A and Feed C/Ration AC ✓ son The costs is R42,30 ✓	(1)

• Whereas the mixture of Feed B and Feed D is R50,40 ✓ (Any 1) (1)

2.6 NR/Nutritive ratio

2.6.1 NR = 1 :
$$\frac{62\% - 25\%}{25\%} \checkmark$$

NR = 1 : 1,48 or 1 : 1,5 \checkmark (3)

2.6.2	Type of nutritive ratio Narrow/protein rich✓	(1)

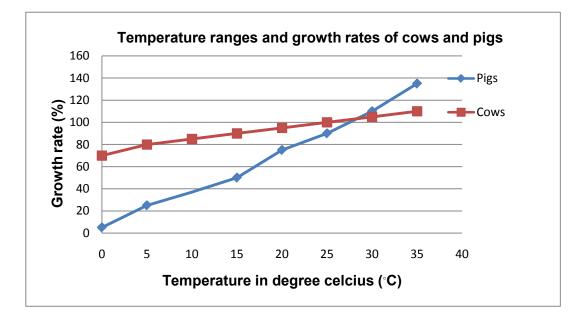
2.6.3 Suitability of Lucerne

- Not suitable for fattening ✓
- Lucerne hay has a narrow NR, meaning does not have enough carbohydrate/energy needed for fattening ✓

QUESTION 3: ANIMAL PRODUCTION

3.1 Temperature ranges

3.1.1 Graph on Temperature ranges and growth rates of cows and pigs



Checklist/rubric for marking the graph:

Criteria	Yes:1 Mark	No: 0 Mark
1 Line graph	1 ✓	
2 X-axis correctly labelled	1 ✓	
3 Y-axis correctly labelled	1 ✓	
4 Plotting growth rate for pigs	1 ✓	
5 Plotting growth rate for cows	1 ✓	
6 Correct heading	1 ✓	

(6)

(2) **[35]**

6 NSC – Memorandum

	3.1.2	 TWO methods to protect pigs against extreme cold weather Shed for sheltering ✓ Bedding in a pen ✓ Provide insulation material ✓ Insert heaters in a pen ✓ (Any 2) 	(2)
	3.1.3	 Reasons why cows grow better at low temperature The presence of papilla in the rumen ✓ Act as heating rods ✓ To keep the temperature constant ✓ Cows have less radiation relative to their size ✓ (Any 3) 	(3)
3.2	Sizwe	e chicken enterprise	
	3.2.1	A reason for broilers not growing They were fed leftovers, poor in proteins which are needed for growth ✓	(1)
	3.2.2	 Correcting the identified problem The farmer should provide supplements ✓ Feed protein rich concentrates ✓ Add growth stimulants ✓ (Any 2) 	(2)
	3.2.3	 Farming system Extensive ✓ Reason Farmer considers starting a feedlot to increase production ✓ More influenced by environmental factors✓ The farmer is farming extensively with cattle✓ (Any 2) 	(1)
	3.2.4	 TWO environmental factors Very cold winters ✓ Hot summers ✓ 	(2)
	3.2.5	 THREE management aspects to increase production in a feedlot Feeding programme√ Better control of parasites and diseases √ Animals better protected from extreme environmental conditions for improved production √ 	(3)

	3.3.1	 TWO items that contribute to the cost Electricity/heat lamp ✓ Water✓ Feed ✓ 	(Any 2)	(2)
	3.3.2	Necessities in the farrowing pen (a) To drain urine and faeces for hygienic purposes ✓ (b) Reduce waste of water ✓		(1) (1)
	3.3.3	 Justification of heat lamps To ensure even temperature throughout the farrowing area Create ideal temperature for optimal production/regulate bo temperature of these homoeothermic farm animals ✓ 		(1)
3.4	Produ	uction systems		
	3.4.1	 Relationship between output and input Positive relationship ✓ The more inputs the more outputs ✓ 		(2)
	3.4.2	 Large production enterprises Have larger capital investment ✓ More effective/efficient ✓ Better marketing opportunities ✓ 	(Any 2)	(2)
3.5	Impro	oper handing before slaughtering of farm animals		
	3.5.1	 Description of physical effects of poor handling Lower grading of the carcass due to poor handling of anim Poor handling causes delayed rigor mortis in slaughtered a Bruises on animals cause poor meat quality ✓ Injuries may lead to animal deaths ✓ 		(2)
	3.5.2	 Economic implications of poor handling Production losses √ 	(- , - ,	(-)
		 Financial losses ✓ Loss of markets ✓ 	(Any 2)	(2) [35]

QUESTION 4: ANIMAL REPRODUCTION, PROTECTION AND CONTROL

4.1 Reproductive organs of the cow

	4.1.1	A – uterine horn ✓	
		C – fallopian tube/oviduct ✓ E – cervix ✓ F – vagina ✓	(4)
	4.1.2	Linking of parts (a) $F \checkmark$ (b) $C \checkmark$ (c) $I \checkmark$ (d) $J \checkmark$	(4)
	4.1.3	 Role of caruncles Contain nodules ✓ That provide for implantation of embryo ✓ 	(2)
4.2	Seque	ence of hormonal changes	
	4.2.1	Identify the labels A - oestrogen ✓ B - progesterone ✓	(2)
	4.2.2	 Process and role of C Ovulation ✓ Role Release of ovum ✓ 	(1)
	4.2.3	 Visible signs of oestrus Cow lows often ✓ It is restless ✓ Arches its back from time to time ✓ Swelling and reddening of vulva ✓ Secretion of slimy mucus through the vulva ✓ Mounts other cows ✓ Allows mating ✓ Scratch marks on the back✓ Saliva/mud/soil/food particles on the back ✓ (Any 4) 	(4)
	4.2.4	 Functions of the hormones (a) FSH - Stimulates the development/enlargement of the follicle ✓ (b) LH - Stimulates the bursting of the follicle ✓ 	(1) (1)

4.3	Infecti	ious reproductive diseases		
	4.3.1	Pathogens A and B A - Protozoa ✓ B - Virus ✓		(2)
	4.3.2	 TWO diseases transmitted by bulls Trichomonias ✓ Vibriosis ✓ 		(2)
	4.3.3	Common system of all the mentioned diseases Abortion ✓		(1)
	4.3.4	Prevention of brucellosis in heifers Vaccination ✓		(1)
	4.3.5	Caution with handling unknown diseases Diseases may be transmitted to people ✓		(1)
	4.3.6	Reason for fatality of brucellosis No cure ✓		(1)
4.4	Infest	ation of parasites		
	4.4.1	External parasite Blowfly ✓		(1)
	4.4.2	 Environmental conditions favouring the parasite Wet conditions ✓ Soiling below tails ✓ Open wounds Availability of grass ✓ 	(Any 2)	(2)
	4.4.3	 Economic implication Loss of production/ wool/ ✓ Loss of animals ✓ Loss of income ✓ 	(Any 2)	(2)
	4.4.4	 Methods to control the attack Shearing crotches ✓ Treatment of wounds ✓ Docking of tails ✓ 	(Any 2)	(2) [35]
			TOTAL SECTION B: GRAND TOTAL:	105 150