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PREPARATORY EXAMINATION 2022

MARKING GUIDELINES

MATHEMATICAL LITERACY (PAPER 2) (10602)

11 pages

Codes	Explanation
М	Method
MA	Method with Accuracy
CA	Consistent Accuracy
А	Accuracy
С	Conversion
D	Define
J	Justification/Reason/Explain
S	Simplification
RT/RD/RG	Reading from a table OR a graph OR a diagram OR a map OR a plan
F	Choosing the correct formula
SF	Substitution in a formula
0	Opinion
Р	Penalty, e.g. for no units, incorrect rounding-off, etc.
R	Rounding-off
NP	No penalty for rounding-off OR omitting units

KEY TO TOPIC SYMBOLS:

M = Measurement; MP = Maps, Plans and other representations; P = Probability

QUES	STION 1			
Q	Answer	Explanation	Marks	Topic Level
1.1.1	Egypt ✓✓ RD	2A correct answer	(2)	MP L1
1.1.2	Asia and Africa $\checkmark \checkmark$ RD	1A correct answer Asia 1A correct answer Africa	(2)	MP L1
1.1.3	Red Sea ✓✓ RD	2A correct answer	(2)	MP L1
1.1.4	193 km ✓✓ A	2A correct answer	(2)	MP L1
1.1.5	Ships can move in both directions in the canal and they can pass slower ships. $\checkmark \checkmark J$ OR The Suez Canal offers a shorter route for $\checkmark \checkmark J$ major ships carrying cargo around the world.	2J correct answer	(2)	MP L2
1.1.6	Spices, consumer goods, fresh fish. ✓✓A (Accept any TWO reasonable items.)	1A 1 st correct answer 1A 2 nd correct answer	(2)	MP L2
1.1.7	To allow ships to pass each other. \sqrt{J} (Any feasible answer.)	2J explanation	(2)	MP L1
1.1.8	10 years $\checkmark \checkmark A$ OR 11 years $\checkmark \checkmark A$	2A correct answer	(2)	MP L1
1.2.1	North $\checkmark \checkmark A$ OR North-West $\checkmark \checkmark A$	2A correct answer	(2)	MP L1
1.2.2	Suez VVA	2A correct answer	(2)	MP L1
1.2.3	$\frac{1300ft}{1ft} \times 0,3048m \checkmark \text{MA}$	1MA multiplying correct values		M L2
	= 396,24 m ✓ A	1A converted answer NPR	(2)	

Q	Answer	Explanation	Marks	Topic Level
1.3.1	Total time = 15 minutes \div 60 \checkmark MA	1MA dividing by 60		М
	$= 0,25$ hours \checkmark CA	1CA correct time AO		L2
	$=\frac{1}{4}$ hours		(2)	
1.3.2	Weight = $200 \text{ g} \div 1\ 000 \checkmark \text{MA}$ = $0.2 \text{ kg} \checkmark \text{A}$	1MA dividing by 1 000 1A correct weight in kg NPU		M L1
		AO	(2)	
1.3.3	castor sugar : brandy 60 ml : 30 ml ✓A 2 : 1 ✓CA	1A both correct values and correct ratio order 1CA simplification AO	(2)	M L1
1.3.4	No. of grams = $\frac{2}{3} \times 50$ g \checkmark M = 33,33 g \checkmark CA	1M multiplying 50 g by $\frac{2}{3}$		M L1
		1CA number of grams NPR	(2)	
1.3.5	Finishing time =11:55 + 15 minutes + 2 hours = 14:10 \checkmark CA	1M adding time 1CA time		M L2
	OR = 2:10 p.m. \checkmark CA		(2)	
			[32]	

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QUE	STION 2			
Q	Answer	Explanation	Marks	Topic Level
2.1.1	$156 + 56 = 212$ people $\checkmark A$	1A correct answer		
	$P(crew) = \frac{56}{212} \times 100\% \checkmark MA$	1MA correct fraction multiply by 100%		Р
	= 26,4% ✓CA	1CA correct answer NPR	(3)	TL2
2.1.2	Total passengers on the ship = $48 + 12 + 56 + 23$ = $139 \checkmark A$	1A correct total of passengers		
	P(Russian male OR South African female) = P(Rm) + P(SAf)	1A correct probability values		
	$= \frac{8}{139} \stackrel{\checkmark}{} \frac{A}{139} + \frac{13}{139} \checkmark MA$	1MA addition		
	$=\frac{21}{139} \checkmark CA$	1CA simplification	(4)	P TL3
2.2.1	Jamestown $\sqrt[]{A}$	2A correct answer	(2)	MP TL1
2.2.2	A VVA	2A correct answer		
		Accept South of Longwood		MP TL1
2.2.3	Bar/Line scale $\checkmark \checkmark A$	2A correct answer	(2)	MP TL1
2.2.4	Scale = 3,2 cm : 5 miles			
	Measured distance = $2,8 \text{ cm} \checkmark M$ (accept 2,6 cm to 3,1 cm)	1M distance between towns		
	$\frac{2,8 \ cm}{3,2 \ cm} \times 5 \ miles \ \checkmark MA$	1MA correct fraction multiply by 5		
	= 4,375 miles			
	$\frac{4,375 \text{ miles}}{1 \text{ mile}} \times 1,60934 \text{ km } \checkmark \text{C}$	1C conversion		MP TL3
	= 7,04 km ✓ CA	1CA correct answer	(4)	
2.2.5	More facilities. Greater population. $\checkmark \checkmark J$ (Accept any other reasonable answer.)	2J explanation	(2)	MP TL2

Q	Answer	Explanation	Marks	Topic Level
2.2.6	11 cm	2RT correct answer		MP
	(Accept from 10 cm to 13 cm.)		(2)	TL1
		CA from 2.2.3 (scale)		М
2.2.7	$\frac{11 \ cm}{3.2 \ cm} \times 5 \ miles \checkmark MA$	and 2.2.6		TL3
	5,2 cm	1MA correct fraction and		
	= 17,1875 miles	multiply by 5		
	17,1875 × 1,60934 km ✓ C = 27,66 km	1C conversion from miles to km		
	Area = length × breadth = $10 \text{ km} \times 27,66 \text{ km} \checkmark \text{MA}$	1MA correct calculation in the area formula		
	$= 276, 6 \ km^2 \checkmark CA$	1CA correct answer NPR	(4)	
2.2.8	Population density = $\frac{4 534 people}{276.6 km^2} \checkmark \checkmark MA$	CA from 2.2.6 2MA dividing correct		M TL2
	276,6 km ²	numerator by correct		IL2
	= 16,39 people per $km^2 \checkmark CA$	denominator		
		1CA answer		
		NPR	(3)	
2.2.9	Fast food outlet, clothing, dairy and dairy products, seafood businesses (seafood restaurants/seafood export) $\checkmark \checkmark J$	2J answer		MP TL2
	(Accept any other reasonable business idea.)		(2)	
			[30]	

	QUESTION 3					
Q	Answer	Explanation	Marks	Topic Level		
3.1	Circumference is the total distance around the	2A correct definition of		М		
	outside of a shape. $\checkmark \checkmark A$	circumference	(2)	TL1		
3.2	40 ft x 0,3048 m ✓ M	1M multiplying with		М		
		correct conversion value		TL1		
	$= 12,192 \text{ m} \checkmark \text{A}$	1A answer	(2)			
3.3	Dimensions of section B			М		
				TL4		
	$L = 40 \text{ ft} \times 0.3048 \text{ m} = 12.192 \text{ m}$					
	$W = 25 \text{ ft} \times 0.3048 m = 7.62 \text{ m} \checkmark \text{C}$	2C conversion to m				
	H = 6 ft $\times 0.3048 m = 1.8288 m \checkmark C$					
	Volume of section B					
	$= 12,192 \text{ m} \times 7,62 \text{ m} \text{ x} 1,8288 \text{ m} \checkmark \text{SF}$	1SF substituting correct				
		values				
	$= 169,90 \text{ m}^3 \checkmark \text{A}$	1A value of 169,90 m^3				
	$V = 169,90 \text{ m}^3 \times 1\ 000$					
	$= 169\ 900\ \ell \div 2 \checkmark M$	1M dividing by 2				
	= 84 950 ℓ ✓ CA	1CA answer				
	Total volume = 84 951 ℓ + 84 950 $\ell \checkmark M$	1M addition				
	= 169 901 ℓ					
	Her claim is correct ✓ O	10 conclusion				
			(8)			
3.4	B√√A	2A correct answer		M TL1		
		Accept				
		$A = \pi \times 2,5^2 \times height$				
			(2)			

Q	Answer	Explanation	Marks	Topic Level
3.5	$ \begin{array}{l} 65\ 000\ \ell \div 1000 \\ = 65\ m^{3} \checkmark C \end{array} $	1C correct conversion		M TL2
	$V = 3,142 \text{ x } 2,5 \text{ x } 2,5 \text{ x } h \checkmark \text{SF}$	1SF correct values		
	$65 \text{ m}^3 = 19,6375 \text{ x h}$			
	$h = \frac{65 m^3}{19,6375} \checkmark M$	1M dividing values		
	Height = 3,309994 m ✓ CA	1CA height		
	Height = Depth = $3,31 \text{ m} \checkmark \text{R}$	1R correct rounding	(5)	
3.6	020% (5.000 %	CA from 3.1.3		M TL 4
	92% x 65 000 ℓ = 59 800 $\ell \checkmark A$ = 59,8 m ³	1A correct value		TL4
	50.9	1MA conversion		
	$\frac{59.8 \text{ m}^3}{1.5 \text{ m}^3}$ \checkmark MA			
	39,866 minutes = 40 minutes \checkmark M	1M time		
	$7:30 + 40 \text{ minutes}$ $= 8:10 \text{ a.m. } \checkmark \text{ S}$	1S final time		
	Her claim is not correct. \checkmark O	10 conclusion	(5)	
3.7	The design or the shape of the swimming pool could have influenced her to choose pool A. $\checkmark \checkmark O$	20 reason		M TL4
	(Accept any other reasonable answer.)		(2)	
3.8	Temperature change from			M
	19 °C to 25 °C			TL3
	$19 \times 1.8 + 32 \checkmark C$	1C conversion		
	$= 66.2 \circ F \checkmark A$	1A answer		
	$25 \times 1.8 + 32$ = 77 °F \checkmark CA	1CA answer		
	Temperature change			
	77 °F – 66,2 °F ✓ M	1M subtraction		
	= 10,8 °F ✓ CA	1CA correct temperature	(5)	
		•	[31]	

QUESTION 4					
Q	Answer	Explanation	Marks	Topic Level	
4.1.1	3 doors $\checkmark \checkmark RG$	2RG reading from plan	(2)	MP TL2	
			(2)	1L2	
4.1.2	Measurement = 90 mm \checkmark A	1A measured distance		MP	
	90 mm × 100 ✓ MA	1MA using given scale		TL2	
	$= 9\ 000\ \mathrm{mm}\ \checkmark\ \mathrm{CA}$	1CA simplification			
	$= \frac{9\ 000}{1\ 000} \checkmark MA$ $= 9\ m \checkmark CA$	1MA dividing by 1 000 1CA simplification Accept 84 mm – 92 mm	(5)		
4.1.3	Area = $322,36 \text{ ft}^2$ 100 cm ² = 0,107639 ft ²			M TL3	
	$\frac{322,36}{0,107639}$ x 100 cm ² \checkmark C	1C conversion			
	$= 299 \ 482,53 \ \mathrm{cm^2} \checkmark \mathrm{CA}$	1CA simplification			
	$=\frac{299\ 482,53}{100^2}\checkmark\mathrm{MA}$	1MA dividing by			
	$= 29,94825296 \text{ m}^2$	(100)²/10 000			
	$\approx 29,95 \text{ m}^2 \checkmark \text{CA}$	1CA simplification	(4)		
4.1.4	Yes \checkmark A There are no walls between the dining area,	1A yes		MP TL4	
	kitchen and living area. \checkmark O	10 explanation	(2)	11.4	
4.2.1	1 foot = 30,48 cm	10		М	
	$4 \times 30,48 \text{ cm} \checkmark \text{C}$	1C conversion 1CA simplification		TL3	
	$= 121.92 \text{ cm}^{\checkmark} \text{CA}$				
	$r = \frac{121,92 \text{ cm}}{2} \checkmark M$	1M dividing by 2			
	$= 60,96 \text{ cm} \checkmark \text{CA}$	1CA simplification	(4)		

Q	Answer	Explanation	Marks	Topic Level
4.2.2	$H = 12 \times 2,54 \text{ cm}$	CA from Question 4.2.1		М
	$= 30,48 \text{ cm} \checkmark \text{C}$	1C conversion		TL3
	$Volume = 3,142 \times (60,96)^2 \times 30,48 \text{ cm} \checkmark \text{SF}$	1SF substitution of correct values		
	✓ S	1S simplification		
	Volume = $3,142 \times 3716,1216 \text{ cm}^2 \times$			
	30,48 cm	1CA simplification		
	$= 355\ 886, 13\ \mathrm{cm}^3 \checkmark \mathrm{CA}$	NPR	(4)	
4.2.3	$A \checkmark \checkmark A$	1 A compation group		M TL2
4.2.3		1A correct answer		MILZ
	Accept Circumference of circle = $\pi \times$ diameter		(2)	
			(2)	
4.2.4	Circumference of circle = $\pi \times$ diameter \checkmark CA	1CA from Ouestion 4.2.2		М
		and 4.2.3		TL2
	$= 3,142 \times (60,96 \text{ cm} \times 2) \checkmark \text{SF}$	1SF substitution into formula		
	= 383,072640			
	$= 383,073 \checkmark R$	1R correct answer	(3)	
4.2.5	3×5 gallon			Μ
	$= 15 \text{ gallon } \checkmark \text{MA}$	$1MA \times 3$		TL4
	15 × 3,7854 ℓ ✓ C			
	$ 15 \times 5,7854 \ell \vee C = 56,781 \ell$	1C conversion		
	- 50,781 0			
	$20\ell \times 2.75$			
	$= 56 \ell \checkmark A$	1A number of litres		
	56,781 l - 56 l			
	= 0,781 ℓ ✓ CA	1CA simplification		
	OR	OR		
	OK CK	UK		
	5 × 3,7854 ℓ			
	= 18,927 ℓ ✓ C	1C conversion		
	18,927 ℓ × 3 ✓ MA	$1MA \times 3$		
	= 56,781 ℓ			
	$20\ell \times 2,75$			
	$= 56 \ell \checkmark A$	1A number of litres		
	56,781 l - 56 l			
	$= 0.781 \ell \checkmark CA$	1CA simplification		
	No, He is not correct.			
	There will be a shortage of 0,781 ℓ if he only			
	uses two and three-quarter 20 ℓ buckets. \checkmark J	1J reason	(5)	
			[31]	

QUE	STION 5			
Q	Solution	Explanation	Marks	Topic Level
5.1.1	Body Mass Index $\checkmark \checkmark$ A	2A correct answer	(2)	M TL1
5.1.2	$BMI = 27 \text{ kg/m}^2 \checkmark \text{ RD}$	2RD Reading from the graph	(2)	M TL2
5.1.3	$27 \text{ kg/m}^2 = \frac{\text{Weight}}{(1.8 \text{ m})^2} \checkmark \text{A}$ $Weight = 27.8 \times 3.24 \checkmark \text{M}$	1SF substituting BMI 1A correct height		M TL3
	$= 87,48 \ kg \checkmark CA$	1M multiplying BMI with height 1CA weight	(4)	
5.1.4	$BMI = \frac{48 kg}{(1,3 m)^2} \qquad \checkmark \text{ SF}$	1SF correct substitution		M TL2
	$BMI = 28,4 \ kg/m^2 \checkmark \text{ S}$	1S simplification	(2)	
5.2.1	778 km $-$ 460 km = 318 km \checkmark CA OR \checkmark MA	1MA subtracting correct km's 1CA total km's AO		MP TL2
	$544 \text{ km} - 226 \text{ km} \checkmark \text{MA}$ $= 318 \text{ km} \checkmark \text{CA}$		(2)	
5.2.2	$P(letter T) = \frac{2}{9} \stackrel{\checkmark}{\checkmark} \frac{A}{A}$	1A numerator 1A denominator	(2)	PL2
5.2.3	45 min + 15 min + 15 min \checkmark A = 75 minutes = 1 hour 15 min stops 9 hours 15 min - 1 hour 15 min = 8 hours travelling time \checkmark CA	1A calculate stops 1CA travelling time		MP L4
	Average speed = $\frac{999 \text{ km}}{8 \text{ h}} \checkmark \text{SF}$	1SF kilometres and time		
	= $124,875 \approx 125 \text{ km/h} \checkmark \text{R}$ $125 \text{ km/h} - 120 \text{ km/h} = 5 \text{ km/h} \checkmark \text{CA}$	1R average speed		
	He did not keep to the maximum speed limit./He drove at 5 km/h above the speed	1CA difference in speed 1J conclusion		
	limit. ✓ J		(6)	

Q	Solution	Explanation	Marks	Topic Level
5.2.4	(a) 5,9 ℓ : 100 km	CA km's in 5.2.3		MP L4
	$\frac{45 \text{ litres}}{5,9 \text{ litres}} \checkmark \text{MA}$	1MA divide by 5,9 ℓ		L4
	= 7,627188644 ✓ CA	1CA answer		
	= 7,627188644 × 100 km ✓ M = 762 km ✓ CA	1M multiply by 100 km 1CA no. of km's		
	999 km - 762 km = 237 km \checkmark CA Yes, he had to refuel. \checkmark O	1CA difference 1O conclusion		
	OR	OR		
	$\frac{999 \text{ km}}{100 \text{ km}} \checkmark \text{M}$	1M divide by 100 km		
	= 9,99 ✓ CA	1CA answer		
	9,99 × 5,9 ℓ ✓ MA = 58,941 ℓ ✓ CA	1MA multiply by 5,9 ℓ 1CA litres used on trip		
	58,941 ℓ – 45 ℓ = 13,941 ℓ \checkmark CA Yes, he had to refuel. \checkmark O	1CA difference 1O conclusion		
	OR	OR		
	999 km × $\frac{5,9 l}{100 \text{ km}}$ \checkmark MA	1MA multiply by 5,9 ℓ and divide by 100		
	= 5 894,1 ℓ ✓ CA	1CA answer		
	$\frac{5894,1\text{litres}}{100} \checkmark M$	1M divide by 100 km		
	= 58,941 ℓ ✓ CA	1CA litres used on trip		
	58,941 ℓ – 45 ℓ = 13,941 ℓ ✓ CA	1CA difference		
	Yes, he had to refuel. ✓ O	10 conclusion	(6) [26]	
		TOTAL:	150	