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KWAZULU-NATAL PROVINCE

EDUCATION
REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

**NATIONAL
SENIOR CERTIFICATE**

GRADE 12

GEOGRAPHY P2

MARKING GUIDELINES

PREPARATORY EXAMINATION

SEPTEMBER 2024

MARKS: 150

N.B. This marking guidelines consist of 11 pages.

SECTION A**QUESTION 1**

1.1

1.1.1 Y (Range)✓

1.1.2 Z (low order)✓

1.1.3 Z (urban hierarchy)✓

1.1.4 Y (central place)✓

1.1.5 Y (cities)✓

1.1.6 Y (threshold population)✓

1.1.7 Z (sphere of influence)✓

(7 x 1)(7)

1.2

1.2.1 D (situation)✓

1.2.2 D (near; scarce)✓

1.2.3 C (linear)✓

1.2.4 C (topography)✓

1.2.5 A (i) and (ii)✓

1.2.6 B (ii) and (iv)✓

1.2.7 C (i) and (iii)✓

1.2.8 B (primary and unifunctional)✓

(8 x 1)(8)

1.3

1.3.1 Poor housing✓

Poor harvest✓

Drought ✓

[ANY TWO]

(2 x 1)(2)

1.3.2 Jobs✓

Money/wealth✓

[ANY ONE]

(1 x 1)(1)

- 1.3.3 Lack of education/schooling ✓ result in difficulty in competing in the job market ✓
 Lack of experience ✓ to compete for jobs ✓
 Do not have the skills ✓ for the certain types of jobs offered ✓
 They do not have the necessary documentation ✓ required to
 be registered as an employee ✓
 Limited employment opportunities ✓ due to industries shutting down ✓
 (accept examples)
 Rural migrants do not have money ✓ for transportation to look for jobs ✓
[ANY TWO] (2 x 2) (4)
NB: A learner must give a factor and a qualifier

- 1.3.4 Decentralize industries to rural areas ✓ ✓
 Development of infrastructure ✓ ✓
 Increase subsidies for services ✓ ✓
 More tax relief for potential investors ✓ ✓
 Increase incentives to start up that generate employment opportunities ✓ ✓
 Provision of basic services (accept examples) ✓ ✓
 Increase employment of local people in rural projects ✓ ✓
 Access to loans for farmers ✓ ✓
 Encourage small-scale commercial farming ✓ ✓
 Increase use of drought resistant crops to be able to have production ✓ ✓
 More facilities for agricultural extensions and research ✓ ✓
 Increase agricultural planning ✓ ✓
 Implement land reform programmes ✓ ✓
 Provide training to improve skills ✓ ✓
 Provide necessary tools and technology ✓ ✓
 Promote eco-tourism ✓ ✓
 Encourage local crafts / cultural activities (accept examples) ✓ ✓
 Encourage local markets (accept examples) ✓ ✓
 Provide special incentives for non-farming activities ✓ ✓
 Boosting exports can create jobs ✓ ✓
 Coordination of waste recycling (wastepreneurs) ✓ ✓
 Encourage women employment in job creation ✓ ✓
 Encourage development of new industries ✓ ✓
[ANY TWO] (2 x 2) (4)

- 1.3.5 Young adults/economically active move / there are more
 old people left behind ✓ ✓
 Decrease in the available labour pool. ✓ ✓
 Skilled people leave / brain drain ✓ ✓
 Reduces food production ✓ ✓
 Reduces income from exports ✓ ✓
 Basic services close (accept examples)
 There is a reduction in the value of property ✓ ✓
 Fewer economic activities (accept examples) ✓ ✓
 Decrease in employment opportunities ✓ ✓
 Reduce buying power (lower salaries) / less customers ✓ ✓
 Resources are under-utilized (accept examples) ✓ ✓
 Lack of investment ✓ ✓
 Farms will be abandoned ✓ ✓
[ANY TWO] (2 x 2) (4)

1.4

1.4.1 CBD ✓ (1 x 1) (1)

1.4.2 High land values ✓✓

High rentals ✓✓

Traffic congestion (inaccessible) discourages people from coming to the CBD ✓✓

High levels of crime/social ills that make the CBD unsafe ✓✓

Lack of parking facilities creates inconveniences ✓✓

High pollution levels due to industrial activities and vehicles ✓✓

Unkept and unhygienic streets ✓✓

Lack of space for expansion ✓✓

Invasion by informal traders ✓✓

High competition amongst businesses ✓✓

[ANY TWO] (2 x 2) (4)

1.4.3 It is the future expansion area for the CBD, thus landlords do not maintain the buildings ✓✓ (1 x 2) (2)

1.4.4 A variety of shops under one roof ✓ makes shopping convenient ✓
The close proximity (to customers / markets / employees) ✓ saves time/costs ✓

It has aesthetic appeal (accept examples) ✓ making it a pleasant shopping experience ✓

Available parking space ✓ makes shopping more convenient (accept examples) ✓

Effective security/surveillance ✓ makes it safer for customers (accept examples) ✓

More affordable rentals / cheaper land ✓ results in greater profit ✓

More easily accessible (to customers / employees) ✓ due to less traffic congestion ✓

Few shops offering the same service ✓ results in less competition ✓

[ANY TWO] (2 x 2) (4)*NB: A learner must give a factor and a qualifier*1.4.5 Close to employment opportunities ✓ saves traveling costs / time ✓
Land is cheaper ✓ because of pollution from industries ✓ (2 x 2) (4)*NB: A learner must give a factor and a qualifier*

1.5

- 1.5.1 An informal settlement is an illegally built settlement without proper infrastructure or services and amenities (like running water, sanitation and electricity) ✓✓
[CONCEPT] (1 x 2)(2)
- 1.5.2 Employment opportunities are plentiful ✓ (1 x 1) (1)
- 1.5.3 Lack of access to piped water ✓✓
Lack of sanitation ✓✓
Lack of solid waste management ✓✓
Exposure to toxic fumes ✓✓
Lack of electricity ✓✓
[ANY ONE] (1 x 2)(2)
- 1.5.4 Natural vegetation is cleared to build shacks ✓✓
Soil erosion is accelerated by the removal of natural vegetation ✓✓
Smoke from open fires released into the atmosphere reduces the quality of air ✓✓
Dumping of litter in the environment contributes to the spread of diseases ✓✓
[ANY ONE] (1 x 2)(2)
- 1.5.5 They did not provide low-cost housing ✓ because of the shortage of available land / budget constraints ✓
Infrastructure (accept examples) cannot be built ✓ because there is no space to construct the roads ✓
No basic services / amenities (accept examples) ✓ were supplied due to budget shortfalls ✓
Did not create enough job opportunities ✓ because of a lack of investment ✓
Inadequate policing to combat crime ✓ due to poor planning ✓
Did not allocate finance for improving conditions of people living in informal settlements ✓ due to budget constraints ✓
Alleged corruption ✓ which leads to a possible misappropriation of finances ✓
Unqualified people managing these projects (which are delayed) ✓ as a result of nepotism / cronyism ✓
Limited programmes for upskilling of communities ✓ due to budget constraints ✓
People are forced to remain in informal settlements ✓ due to land tenure issues ✓
[ANY FOUR] (4 x 2)(8)
NB: A learner must give a factor and a qualifier

QUESTION 2

2.1

2.1.1 C (tertiary)✓

2.1.2 C (erratic rainfall)✓

2.1.3 A (gross domestic product)✓

2.1.4 C (Market orientated)✓

2.1.5 D (ii) and (iv)✓

2.1.6 C (Dense population)✓

2.1.7 B (i) and (iv)✓

(7 x 1)(7)

2.2

2.2.1 Y (trade)✓

2.2.2 Z (import)✓

2.2.3 Y (balance of trade)✓

2.2.4 Y (local trade)✓

2.2.5 Z (trade agreement)✓

2.2.6 Y (negative balance of trade)✓

2.2.7 Y (formal sector)✓

2.2.8 Y (SDI)✓

(8 x 1)(8)

2.3

- 2.3.1 Mpumalanga✓ (1 x 1) (1)
- 2.3.2 3 320✓✓ (94 297 - 90 977) (1 x 2) (2)
- 2.3.3 Generates foreign exchange through exports✓✓
Burning of fossil fuels like coal contributes to energy generation✓✓
Generates employment, provide jobs for many people✓✓
[ANY ONE] (1 x 2) (2)
- 2.3.4 HIV/Aids has resulted in many skilled and unskilled workers being lost to the mines✓✓
HIV/Aids decreases production as workers frequently stay away or are too sick to work✓✓
Strike action for better wages and benefits (accept examples) have made mines unprofitable and forced to shut down✓✓
Faction fighting among miners of different nationalities causes absenteeism and production to stop✓✓
[ANY TWO] (2 x 2) (4)
- 2.3.5 Calls to decrease the world's dependence on coal as an energy source✓✓
Lower use would reduce greenhouse gas emissions✓✓
less demand would lower the environmental risk of coal mining✓✓
[ANY ONE] (1 x 2) (2)
- 2.3.6 Embracing renewable sources of energy✓ would result in mass job losses in the coal mining industry✓
This would affect employment in other sectors (secondary/tertiary) of the economy✓ thereby affecting the GDP✓
Disinvestment in coal mines by foreign owners✓ would reduce the income generated by taxes✓
South Africa would lose income earned by foreign exchange✓ as production in mines decreases✓
Costly infrastructure purposely built for processing (power stations) and exporting (Richards Bay terminal) ✓ would be rendered obsolete✓
[ANY TWO] (2 x 2) (4)
NB: A learner must give a factor and a qualifier

2.4

- 2.4.1 Improving education✓
 Social welfare✓
 Housing✓
 Sanitation✓
 Economic development ✓
 Other services ✓ (1 x 1) (1)
[ANY ONE]
- 2.4.2 Extensive flat land for industrial development✓✓
 Natural harbour (bay) and deep water port enabled low construction costs✓✓
[ANY ONE] (1 x 2) (2)
- 2.4.3 Locals may not have the necessary skills/qualifications to qualify for these jobs✓✓
 Skilled workers from other areas would be eligible for these employment opportunities✓✓
 May result in nepotism, bribery and corruption to secure jobs✓✓
 Foreign investment is susceptible to changes in world markets that may cause shutting down of these companies✓✓
 Job losses may result from smaller businesses closing because of competition with these big businesses✓✓ (2 x 2) (4)
[ANY TWO]
- 2.4.4 Contribute to infrastructural development (roads, railway lines etc.) linking the region✓✓
 Oil and gas industry has the potential to expand to the West Coast SDI✓✓
 Wind farms in the area has contributed to the amount of renewable energy available in the region✓✓
 Reduced unemployment by increasing the number of jobs available for the entire region✓✓
 Contributed to the upskilling of the labour pool that are available now for jobs in the region✓✓
 Attracted skilled labour from other parts of the country and world to the region ✓✓
 It has attracted international investment who may look to expand business opportunities in the entire region✓✓
 Increased exports from the region that adds to the Gross Geographical Product (GGP) ✓✓ (4 x 2) (8)
[ANY FOUR]

- 2.5
- 2.5.1 80 %✓ (1 x 1) (1)
- 2.5.2 Supplementing household incomes by selling small everyday household items✓✓ (1 x 2) (2)
- 2.5.3 Provide convenience goods to local people at affordable prices✓✓
Offer credit to customers✓✓ (2 x 2) (4)
- 2.5.4 They've created an online store just for traders and spaza-store owners✓✓
It gives them the ability to quickly order, pay and then collect bulk purchases from their nearest Boxer store✓✓
Sell goods to spaza-shop owners at discounted (cheaper) prices ✓✓(2 x 2) (4)
- 2.5.5 **Challenges**
Lack of training ✓✓
Lack of trading permits ✓✓
Harassment by city officials ✓✓
Access to bank loans ✓✓
No insurance cover ✓✓
No storage facilities ✓✓
Unhygienic facilities ✓✓
- Strategies**
Assist small businesses to play an active role in providing training✓✓
Issue trading permits to regulate the business✓✓
Encourage partnership between private sector and the informal trader✓✓
Prevention of harassment by city officials/ law enforcement officials ✓ ✓
Provide easier access to bank loans✓✓
Secure insurance covers✓✓
Provide storage facilities✓✓
Contribute to the income of the city by paying taxes✓✓
Ensure clean/hygienic facilities✓✓ (2 x 2) (4)
- [MUST INCLUDE AT LEAST ONE CHALLENGE AND ONE STRATEGY.
THE STRATEGY MUST SUIT THE CHALLENGE IDENTIFIED]**
- [60]

TOTAL SECTION A: 120

SECTION B**QUESTION 3****3.1 MAP SKILLS AND CALCULATIONS**

3.1.1 D (33°59'36"S and 25°37'25"E)✓ (1 x 1)(1)
This question has been removed due to technical error

3.1.2 D (North west (NW))✓ (1 x 1)(1)

3.1.3 Area = length x breath
= (4.2 cm x 500) x (3.8 cm x 500)
= 2100✓ m x 1900 ✓m
= 3990 000 m²✓ (3 x 1)(3)

3.1.4 **Gradient** = $\frac{\text{Vertical Interval (VI)}}{\text{Horizontal Equivalence (HE)}}$
VI = 59 – 57
= 2 m✓
HE = 15.8✓ cm x 100 (Range 15.7 cm – 15.9 cm)
= 1580 m✓

$G = \frac{2}{1580} \checkmark$
 $= \frac{1}{790}$
= 1:790✓ (Range 1: 785 – 1: 795) (5 x 1)(5)

3.2

3.2.1 I – Grid iron✓
G – Planned irregular✓

3.2.2 Too many intersections/stop and start. ✓✓ (1 x 2)(2)

3.2.3 Flat land enabled easy construction of roads with little engineering✓✓ (1 x 2)(2)

3.2.4 (a) Urban sprawl✓ (1 x 1)(1)

(b) Abundant wildlife leads to tourism of the area✓✓
The green areas allow for purification of air✓✓
The green areas improve the aesthetics of the area✓✓
Prevents uncontrolled urban expansion (urban sprawl) ✓✓ (1 x 2)(2)
[ANY ONE]

3.2.5 (a) B (Rural urban fringe) ✓

(b) Close proximity to medical care add value to properties✓✓
Competition for residential space increase property values. ✓✓
[ANY ONE] (1 x 2)(2)

3.3

- 3.3.1 pixels ✓ (1 x 1)(1)
- 3.3.2 A ✓ (image A) (1 x 1)(1)
- 3.3.3 Image A has a higher degree of clarity ✓✓
Image A is of better quality ✓✓
Image A has many smaller pixels ✓✓
[ANY ONE] (1 x 2)(2)
- 3.3.4 When different kinds of information are placed one on top of the other to see the overall picture. ✓✓
[Concept] (1 x 2)(2)
- 3.3.5 The topography of the area was flat as indicated by the contour lines being far apart, hence cheaper to construct the airport. ✓✓ (1 x 2)(2)

TOTAL SECTION B: [29]**GRAND TOTAL: 149*****This question paper is out of 149 marks.******The learner's mark will be divided by 149 multiplied by 150.***