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PREPARATORY EXAMINATION 2024

MARKING GUIDELINES

MATHEMATICAL LITERACY (PAPER 1) (10601)

11 pages

Codes	Explanation
M	Method
MA	Method with accuracy
CA	Consistent accuracy
A	Accuracy
C	Conversion
D	Define
J	Justification/reason/explain
S	Simplification
RT/RD/RG	Reading from a table/graph/diagram/map/plan
\mathbf{F}	Choosing the correct formula
SF	Substitution in a formula
0	Opinion
P	Penalty, e.g. for no units, incorrect rounding-off, etc.
R	Rounding-off
NP	No penalty for rounding-off OR omitting units

KEY TO TOPIC SYMBOLS:

F = Finance; **DH** = **Data Handling**; **P** = **Probability**



QUESTION 1 (AO – Answer only: full marks)

	Q	ANSWER	EXPLANATION	MARKS	LEVEL
1.1	1.1.1	Gross income is the income Sally receives from the Johannesburg Zoo before any deductions are made. ✓ A (Accept any sensible/logical answer)	1A income received 1A before deductions were made	(2)	F1
	1.1.2	Twenty-six thousand one hundred rand ✓✓A	2A for value in words	(2)	F1
	1.1.3	July ✓✓RT Accept: 7 th month	2 RT correct month	(2)	F1
	1.1.4	$A = R1 200 + R2 186,78 +$ $R1 390 \checkmark MA$ $= R4 776,78 \checkmark A$ $B = R26 100 - R4 776,78 \checkmark MCA$ $= R21 323,22 \checkmark CA$	1MA adding all the correct values. 1A correct answer 1 MCA subtract A 1CA answer	(4)	F1
		= RZ1 3Z3,ZZ V CA	1A for 32 years	(4)	T14
	1.1.5	32 years and 1 month	1A for 1 month	(2)	F1
	1.1.6	Pay as you earn ✓✓A	2 A correct answer	(2)	F1
1.2	1.2.1	Swedish Krona ✓✓A	2A answer	(2)	F1
	1.2.2	R1,82: 1 Krona R28 573: ? Krona $= \frac{R28 573}{R1,82} \checkmark MA$ $= Krona 15 699,45 \checkmark A$	1MA division 1A correct answer	(2)	F1



	Q	ANSWER	EXPLANATION	MARKS	LEVEL
1.3	1.3.1	G✓✓A	2A correct answer	(2)	DH1
	1.3.2	B✓✓A	2A correct answer	(2)	DH1
	1.3.3	D✓✓A	2A correct answer	(2)	DH1
	1.3.4	F✓✓A	2A correct answer	(2)	DH1
1.4	1.4.1	Bar graph ✓✓A	2A correct answer	(2)	DH1
	1.4.2	Level 7 ✓ ✓ A	2A correct answer	(2)	DH1
				[30]	

QUESTION 2

	Q	ANSWER	EXPLANATION	MARKS	LEVEL
2.1	2.1.1	Cost excluding VAT = $\frac{R432}{1,15}$ \checkmark MA = R375,65 \checkmark A OR Cost excluding VAT = R432 $\times \frac{100}{115}$ \checkmark MA	1MA dividing 1A answer 1MA multiply and divide 1A answer		F2
		= R375,65 ✓A		(2)	
	2.1.2 (a)	Total cost = Venue hire + (Number of Adults × R432) + (Number of Pensioners × 60% × R432) + (Number of children × 25% × R432) + (Number of children above 5 × R432) OR Total cost = Venue hire + (Number of Adults × R432) + (Number of pensioners × R259,20) + (Number of children × R108) Cost on a Thursday: Venue hire = R0 Pensioners = R515 × 2 × 60% ✓ MA = R618 ✓ A Children under 5 years (adults) = $4 \times R515 \times 25\%$ = R515 ✓ A Guests above 5 years = $[(42 \times 2) + 6] \times R515$ = R46 350 ✓ CA Total cost = R618 + R515 + R46 350 = R47 483 ✓ CA	1MA correct multiplication by 2 and 60% 1A answer pensioners 1A answer 1CA cost for guests above 5 years 1CA total cost Thursday		F3

		T	Т		1
		Cost on a Saturday:			
		Venue Hire = R15 650			
		Pensioners = $R432 \times 2 \times 60\%$			
		= R518,40 ✓CA	1CA cost pensioners		
		Children under 5 years = $4 \times R432 \times$	1 CA guests above 5		
			years		
		25%	-		
		= R432	1 MCA adding all		
		Guests above 5 years (adults)	values.		
		$= [(42 \times 2) + 6] \times R432$			
		= R38 880 ✓CA			
		Total cost = $R15650 + R51840 +$			
		R432 + R38 880 ✓ MCA			
		= R55 480,40 ✓CA	1CA total cost		
			TCA total cost		
		<u>Total savings:</u>			
		Savings = $R55 480,40 - R47 483$			
		= R7 997,40 ✓CA	1CA answer	(10)	
		10.77.,20		(-0)	
-	2.1.2	✓MCA ✓RT	CA 2.1.2(a)		
			7 7		
	(b)	Total refund = R47 483 \times 90%	1MCA total cost		
		= R42 734,70 ✓ CA	1RT multiplying with		F2
			90%		
			1CA answer	(3)	
	2.1.2	% savings =	CA 2.1.2(a)		
	(c)	R7 997,40 × 100 ✓SF	1SF substitution in		
			formula		F2
		R55 480,40			ΓZ
		= 14,41% ✓CA	1CA answer		
		= 10% ✓R	1R rounding down	(3)	
	2.1.3	The venues are not as busy during the	2O correct explanation		
		week because to people are working. The			
		demand is low thus the venue tries to get			
		more people to book by decreasing the			F4
		cost of renting the venue \checkmark O		(2)	
		(Accept any logical/sensible explanation)		(2)	
2.2	2.2.1	✓MA	1MA correct kilolitres		
		$60 \times R29,93 = R1795,80 \checkmark A$	and correct rate		
		$90 \times R52,44 = R4719,60$	1A answer 1 st category		
		$150 \times R89 = R13350 \checkmark CA$	1CA 3 rd category answer		
			1CA last category		F2
		$150 \times R114,44 = R17166$			$\Gamma^{\mathcal{L}}$
		$521 \times R179,47 = R93503,87 \checkmark CA$	answer		
		Total cost = R130 535,27 ✓CA	1CA total cost		
			10 conclusion		
		His statement is INVALID ✓O		(6)	
<u> </u>					l



Q	ANSWER	EXPLANATION	MARKS	LEVEL
2.2.2	To reduce water consumption, the more water you use, the more you will pay. ✓✓O			F4
	(Accept any logical/sensible answer)		(2)	
2.2.3	$P(Rate less than R30) = \frac{2}{5} \checkmark A \checkmark A$ $= 0.4 \checkmark CA$	1A numerator 1A denominator 1CA probability as a decimal AO	(3)	P1
			[31]	

QU	ESTIO	N 3			
	Q	ANSWER	EXPLANATION	MARKS	LEVEL
3.1	3.1.1	Gauteng ✓✓RT	2RT correct answer	(2)	DH1
	3.1.2	6 497 100 + 2 899 900 + 14 273 800 + 11 067 500 + 5 774 600 + 4 442 500 + 1 213 500 + 3 854 400 + 6 508 700 ✓RT✓MA = 56 522 000	1RT all values correct 1MA adding values Note: NO mark for answer	(2)	DH2
	3.1.3	$\frac{4442500\sqrt{RT}}{56522000} \times 100 \sqrt{M}$ = 7,9% \sqrt{CA}	1RT correct value 1M concept of percentages 1CA final answer	(3)	DH2
	3.1.4	Western and Eastern Cape ✓RT The difference is: 6 508 700 – 6 497 100 ✓M = 11 600 ✓CA	1RT for both provinces 1M subtracting 1CA difference		DH4
		Because the numbers are so large, it will be possible to have the same percentage. ✓ J	1J explanation	(4)	
3.2	3.2.1	Discrete data ✓✓A	2A correct answer	(2)	DH1
	3.2.2	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c }\hline 22 & 26 & 28 & 30 & 32 & 33 & 34 & 34 & 34 & 34 \\ \hline 35 & 37 & 38 & 42 & 43 & 45 & 46 & 48 & 49 & 52 \\ \hline 56 & 65 & 69 & 73 & 75 & 79 & 83 & 84 & 88 & 92 \\\hline & & & & \checkmark MA \\\hline \text{Median} = \frac{43+45}{2} \checkmark M \\\hline \text{Median} = 44 \checkmark CA \\\hline\end{array}$	MA arranging M concept of median CA final answer	(3)	DH2

	Q	ANSWER	EXPLANATION	MARKS	LEVEL
	3.2.3	$48,53 = \frac{24+46+\cdots+A}{30} \checkmark M$ $48,53 \times 30 = A + 1 430 \checkmark M$ $1 455,9 - 1 430 = A \checkmark M$ $A = 26 \checkmark CA$	M concept of mean M multiply by 30 M subtract 1 430 CA final answer NPR	(4)	DH 3
3.3	Range 0,82 > His st	$c = 2,04 - 0,82 \checkmark M$ $c = 1,22 \text{ m } \checkmark \text{CA}$ $\checkmark M$ $\times 2 = 1,64 \text{ m } \checkmark \text{CA}$ attement is INCORRECT. $\checkmark J$	M concept of range CA range value 1M multiply/divide by 2 CA final answer J justification		
	Range $= \frac{1,22}{2} = 0,61$	$e = 2,04 - 0,82 \checkmark M$ $e = 1,22 \text{ m} \checkmark \text{CA}$ $m \checkmark M$ $m \checkmark \text{CA}$ attement is INCORRECT. $\checkmark \text{J}$		(5)	DH3
				[25]	



Q	ANSWER	EXPLANATION	MARKS	LEVEL
4.1.1	Income = R32 542,80 × 12 = R390 513,60 \checkmark A \checkmark MA Pension = 7,5% × R32 542,80 × 12 = R29 288,52 \checkmark CA OR Pension = R390 513,60 × 7,5% = R29 288,52 \checkmark MCA	1A for annual gross income 1MA multiplication of both percentages 1CA pension fund contribution 1MCA subtraction 1CA final answer		F2
			(5)	
4.1.2	Medical Tax Credit = R728 + R728 + (R246 × 4) ✓RT ✓CA = R2 440 × 12 = R29 280 ✓CA	1RT for both values 1CA monthly value 1CA annual value		F2
			(3)	
4.1.3	√RT √SF Tax = R42 678 + 26%(R361 225,08 - R237 100) = R42 678 + R32 272,52 √S = R74 950,52 √CA $ √MA $ = R74 950 - R17 235 - R29 280 = R28 435,52 $ = R28 435,52 ÷ 12 √M $ = R2 369,63 √CA	CA from Q 4.1.1 and Q 4.1.2 1RT correct tax bracket 1SF substitution into formula 1S simplification 1CA tax before rebates 1MA subtracting both rebate and medical credit 1M dividing by 12 1CA final answer	(7)	F4
	4.1.1	4.1.1 Income = R32 542,80 × 12 = R390 513,60 ✓ A ✓MA Pension = 7,5% × R32 542,80 × 12 = R29 288,52 ✓ CA OR Pension = R390 513,60 × 7,5% = R29 288,52 ✓MCA Total = R390 513,60 − R29 288,52 = R361 225,08 ✓ CA 4.1.2 Medical Tax Credit = R728 + R728 + (R246 × 4) ✓ RT ✓CA = R2 440 × 12 = R29 280 ✓ CA 4.1.3 ✓RT ✓SF Tax = R42 678 + 26%(R361 225,08 − R237 100) = R42 678 + R32 272,52 ✓ S = R74 950,52 ✓ CA ✓MA = R74 950 − R17 235 − R29 280 = R28 435,52 = R28 435,52 ÷ 12 ✓ M	4.1.1 Income = R32 542,80 × 12 = R390 513,60 ✓A Pension = 7,5% × R32 542,80 × 12 = R29 288,52 ✓CA OR Pension = R390 513,60 × 7,5% = R29 288,52 ✓MCA Total = R390 513,60 − R29 288,52 = R361 225,08 ✓CA 4.1.2 Medical Tax Credit = R728 + R728 + (R246 × 4) ✓RT ✓CA = R2 440 × 12 = R29 280 ✓CA 4.1.3 Tax = R42 678 + 26%(R361 225,08 − R237 100) = R42 678 + R32 272,52 ✓S = R74 950,52 ✓CA ✓MA = R74 950 − R17 235 − R29 280 = R28 435,52 = R28 435,52 = R28 435,52 ÷ 12 ✓M IA for annual gross income IMA multiplication of both percentages ICA pension fund contribution IMCA subtraction ICA final answer IRT for both values ICA annual value ICA annual value ICA annual value ICA tax before rebates IMA multiplication of both percentages ICA pension fund contribution ICA final answer	4.1.1 Income = R32 542,80 × 12 = R390 513,60 ✓ A Pension = 7,5% × R32 542,80 × 12 = R29 288,52 ✓ CA OR Pension = R390 513,60 × 7,5% = R29 288,52 ✓ MCA Total = R390 513,60 − R29 288,52 = R361 225,08 ✓ CA 4.1.2 Medical Tax Credit = R728 + R728 + (R246 × 4) ✓ RT ✓ CA = R2 440 × 12 = R29 280 ✓ CA 4.1.3 ✓ RT ✓ SF Tax = R42 678 + 26%(R361 225,08 − R237 100) = R42 678 + R32 272,52 ✓ S = R74 950,52 ✓ CA ✓ MA = R74 950 − R17 235 − R29 280 = R28 435,52 = R28 435,52 + 12 ✓ M IA for annual gross income 1MA multiplication of both percentages 1CA pension fund contribution 1IMCA subtraction 1CA final answer (5) 1RT for both values 1CA annual value 1CA tax before rebates 1MA subtracting both rebate and medical credit 1M dividing by 12 1CA final answer



	Q	ANSWER	EXPLANATION	MARKS	LEVEL
	4.1.4	Annual income = R10 321 × 12 \checkmark MA = R123 852 \checkmark A Her income is below the tax threshold of R148 217, thus his statement is valid. \checkmark J			
		OR	1J conclusion		
		$=\frac{R148217}{12}\checkmark MA$			F2
		= R12 351,42 ✓A Her income is below the tax threshold of R148 217, thus his statement is valid. ✓J			
				(3)	
	4.1.5	✓RT ✓SF Fixed = R121 475 + 36%(673 000 – 512 800) = R121 475 + R57 672 ✓S = R179 147	1RT correct tax bracket 1SF substitution max value. 1S simplification	(3)	F2
4.2	4.2.1	56 kg ✓ ✓ A	2A correct answer (Accept 57 kg)	(2)	DH1
	4.2.2	50 represents the lower 25% of the data ✓✓ J OR	2J justification/ explanation		
		It is 25% of the data represented. OR			DH4
		It represents 25% of the data. OR			
		50 represents the lower quartile/first quartile		(2)	
	4.2.3	Male = 87 − 61 Male = 26 kg ✓ A	1A IQR of males Accept calculations with 88 and 62		
		Female = $68 - 50$ Female = $18 \text{ kg} \checkmark A$	1A IQR of females Accept calculations		DH4
		Difference	with 67 and 50		
		$26 \text{ kg} - 18 \text{ kg} = 8 \text{ kg} \checkmark \text{CA}$	1CA difference		
		His statement is incorrect. ✓J	1J justification/ conclusion	(4)	
4.3	4.3.1	Deposit = 15,8% × R319 999 ✓MA = R50 559,84 ✓A	1MA multiplying % 1A Answer	(2)	F2



	ANSWER	EXPLANATION	MARKS	LEVEL
		1A answer number of years. 1MA simple interest formula 1CA for addition to principal loan amount		
	Instalment = R450 636,98 ÷ 60 ✓ MCA = R7 510,62 ✓ CA	1MCA dividing by 60 1CA answer		
	OR			F3
	✓RT ✓RT R7 579,62 – R69,00 ✓ M = R7 510,62 ✓ ✓ CA			
	OR ✓RT ✓RT			
	Instalment = R450 636,98 \div 60 \checkmark M = R7 510,62 \checkmark \checkmark CA		(5)	
4.3.3	VAT exclusive = R69 ÷ 1,14 ✓MA	1MA dividing by 1,14		
	= R60,53 ✓A	1A answer		
	OR			
	VAT exclusive = R69 $\times \frac{100}{114} \checkmark MA$			
	= R60,53 ✓ A OR			F2
	$= R69 \times \frac{14}{114} \checkmark MA$ = R8,47			
	$∴ R60,53 - R8,47 = R60,53 \checkmark A$		(2)	
121		13.54	. ,	
	Closing balance = R443 126,36 − R69 ✓ MA ✓ RT = R443 057,36	1MA subtracting service fee. 1RT both values		
	OR ✓RT			F1
	= R443 057,36 + R7 579,62 ✓MA = R450 636,98	1MA adding total amount due to total balance carried forward		
	ANAM	1RT both values	(2) [40]	

QUE	ESTION	5			
		ANSWER	EXPLANATION	MARKS	LEVEL
5.1	5.1.1	Timeframe = 2 years × 2 half = 4 halyes	1A number of		
3.1	3.1.1	Timeframe = 2 years × 2 half = 4 halves \checkmark A 1st half = R13 000 × $\frac{17,59\%}{2}$ \checkmark MA	calculations. 1MA concept of		
		$= R1 143,35 + R13 000$ $= R14 143,35 \checkmark A$	compound interest 1A answer first half.		
		2nd half = R14 143,35 $\times \frac{17,59\%}{2}$			
		$= R1 243,91 + R14 143,35$ $= R15 387,26 \checkmark CA$ 2. 11. 16. P45 207 26. $^{17,59\%}$	1CA answer 2 nd half.		F3
		3rd half = R15 387,26 $\times \frac{17,59\%}{2}$ = R1 353,31 + R15 387,26 = R16 740,57 \checkmark CA	1CA answer 3 rd half.		
		4th half = R16 740,57 $\times \frac{17,59\%}{2}$	1CA answer 4 th half. Accept answers with		
		= R1 $472,33 + R16740,57$ = R18 212, 90 \checkmark CA	8,795% calculations	(6)	
		N20 222,70 O.1		(6)	
	5.1.2	Interest = R18 212,90 − R13 000 ✓ MCA = R5 212,90 ✓ CA	CA 5.1.1 1MCA subtracting principal value		F1
			1CA answer	(2)	
5.2	5.2.1	Total = $190 \text{ ton} + 170 \text{ ton} + 120 \text{ ton} + 100 \text{ ton} + 80 \text{ ton} + 60 \text{ ton} + 380 \text{ ton} + 100 t$			
		130 ton + 100 ton + 90 ton + 140 ton + 90 ton + 90 ton + 60 ton + 320 ton + 70 ton + 300 ton + 750 ton \checkmark MA Total = 3 240 tonnes \checkmark A = 3 200 ton	1MA adding all correct values 1A answer		DH1
		= 3 200 ton		(2)	
	5.2.2	$\% = \frac{100T \checkmark RT}{3200T} \times 100 \checkmark M$ = 3,125% = 3 \checkmark CA OR	RT both correct values M concept of percentage CA rounded answer		DH2
		$\% = \frac{100T \checkmark RT}{3240T} \times 100 \checkmark M$ = 3,086% = 3 \(\forall CA\)		(3)	DHZ
		-3.01			
	5.2.3	South Africa 90 tonnes ✓RT Australia 320 tonnes ✓RT If you look at the information on the annexure,	1RT South Africa 1RT Australia 1J justification		
		South Africa's production is much smaller than Australia. If you compare the production of the countries, South Africa's production will be able to fit almost 5 times into Australia. Australia has			DH4
		more resources available than South Africa. ✓ J	EXAM	(3)	

		ANSWER	EXPLANATION	MARKS	LEVEL
5.3	5.3.1	40 years ✓✓ A	2A correct answer	(2)	DH1
	5.3.2	Impossible OR 0 ✓✓ A	2A correct answer	(2)	P1
	5.3.3	The count in course on wat 1 40 ./ A and then	1 A : = ================================		
	3.3.3	The graph increases until 40 ✓ A and then decreases from 40 to 60. ✓ A From 10 to 20, most boys are active, and they exercise often. From 20 to 40, men are active, but not as fit as they were between 10 and 20. From 40 to 60, men are not as active as they should be, thus they do not work as hard as they did from 20 to 40. ✓ ✓ J	1A increase 1A decrease 2J justification	(4)	DH4
				[24]	
				[150]	

