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NATIONAL SENIOR CERTIFICATE

GRADE 12

SEPTEMBER 2024

MATHEMATICAL LITERACY P1 MARKING GUIDELINE

MARKS: 150

Symbol	Explanation
M	Method
MA	Method with accuracy
CA	Consistent accuracy
A	Accuracy
C	Conversion
S	Simplification
RT	Reading from a table/graph/document/diagram
SF	Correct substitution in a formula
O	Opinion/Explanation
P	Penalty, e.g. for no units, incorrect rounding off, etc.
R	Rounding off
NPR	No penalty for correct rounding minimum two decimal places
AO	Answer only
MCA	Method with constant accuracy

This marking guideline consist of 11 pages.



MARKING GUIDELINES

NOTE:

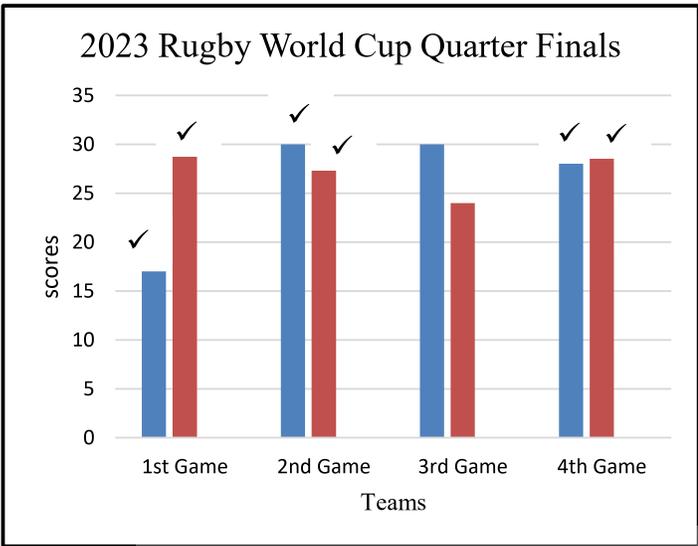
- If a candidate answers a question TWICE, only mark the FIRST attempt.
- If a candidate has crossed out (cancelled) an attempt to a question and NOT redone the solution, mark the crossed out (cancelled version).
- Consistent accuracy (CA) applies in ALL aspects of the marking guidelines; however it stops at the second calculation error.
- If the candidate presents any extra solution when reading from a graph, table, layout plan and map, then penalise for every extra incorrect item presented.

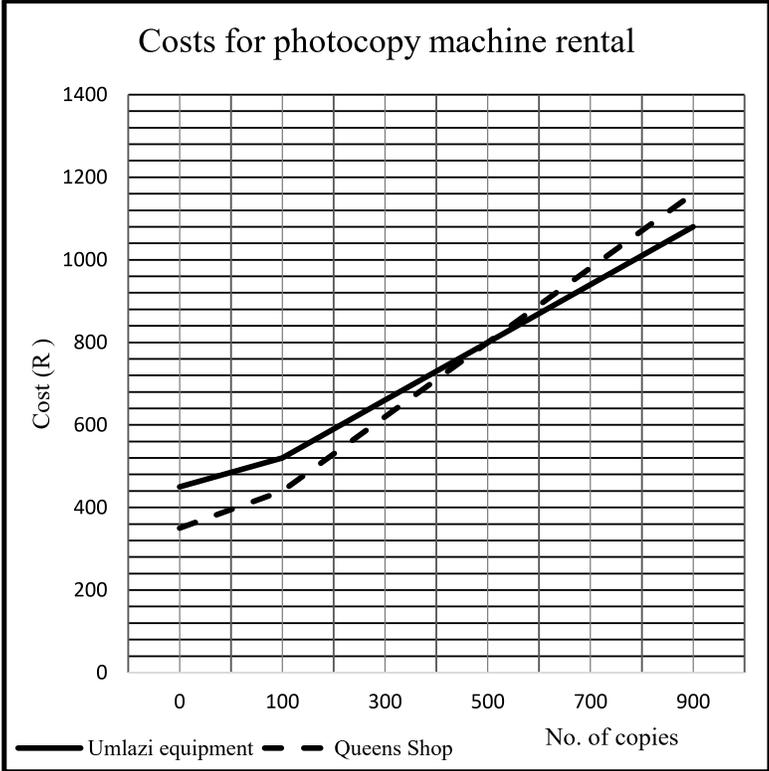
QUESTION 1 [30 MARKS]			
Ques.	Solution	Explanation	T&L
1.1.1	$A = R20\,187,00 + R612,20 \quad \checkmark \text{ SF}$ $= R20\,799,20$ $= R20\,799\,200 \quad \checkmark \text{ A}$	1SF correct substitution 1A simplification (2)	F L1
1.1.2	Opening balance is the amount of money in an account at the beginning of the statement period. $\checkmark \checkmark \text{ A}$ OR Opening balance is the balance brought forward in the account at the beginning of the statement period. $\checkmark \checkmark \text{ A}$	2A definition (2)	F L1
1.1.3	$\checkmark \text{ RT} \qquad \qquad \qquad \checkmark \text{ MA}$ $= (R4\,102,70 + R500,00 + R1000,00 + R1000,00)$ thousand $= R6\,602,70 \text{ thousand}$ OR $\checkmark \text{ RT} \qquad \qquad \qquad \checkmark \text{ MA}$ $= R\,4\,102\,700,00 + R500\,000,00 + R1000\,000,00 +$ $R1\,000\,000,00$ $= R6\,602\,700$	1RT correct values 1MA adding correct values OR 1RT correct values 1MA adding correct values (2)	F L1
1.1.4	$\checkmark \text{ MA}$ $B = R19\,028,00 - (R1000,00 + R9\,000,00 + R288,00 +$ $R350,00 + R2890,00) \text{ thousand}$ $= R5\,500 \text{ thousand} \quad \checkmark \text{ CA}$ OR $\checkmark \text{ MA}$ $B = R19\,028\,000,00 - (R100\,000 + R9\,000\,000 +$ $288\,000 + 350\,000 + R2\,890\,000)$ $B = R5\,500\,000 \quad \checkmark \text{ CA}$	1MA subtracting from total 1CA value of B OR 1MA subtracting from total 1CA value of B (2)	F L1
1.1.5	Total expenditure R19 028,00 thousand/R19 028 000,00 Nineteen million and twenty eight thousand rands $\checkmark \checkmark \text{ A}$	2A correct value in words NPU (2)	F L
1.1.6	Difference = $R3\,000,00 - R288,00 \quad \checkmark \text{ RT} \quad \checkmark \text{ M}$ $= R2\,712,00 \quad \checkmark \text{ A}$	1 RT correct values 1M subtracting 1A simplification (3)	F L1

1.2.1	$\text{Cost} = \frac{R249,00}{60} \checkmark \text{MA}$ $= R4,15 \checkmark \text{CA}$	1MA dividing by 60 1 CA simplification (2)	F L1
1.2.2	$\text{Profit} = R5,00 - R4,15 \checkmark \text{MA}$ $= R0,85 \checkmark \text{CA}$	1MA calculating profit 1CA simplification (2)	F L1
1.2.3	$\text{Number of pens sold} = 4 \times 60 \checkmark \text{RT}$ $= 240 \text{ pens} \checkmark \text{A}$	1A correct number 1A simplification (2)	F L1
1.2.4	$\% \text{ profit} = \frac{\text{Profit}}{\text{Cost price}} \times 100$ $= \frac{R0,85}{R4,15} \times 100 \checkmark \text{M}$ $= 20,48\% \checkmark \text{CA}$	1M percentage calculation 1CA simplification (2)	F L1
1.2.5	Impossible OR $0 \checkmark \checkmark \text{A}$	2A correct probability (2)	P L1
1.3.1	Friday $\checkmark \checkmark \text{A}$	2A correct day (2)	F L1
1.3.2	$\% \text{ discount} = \frac{\checkmark \text{RT}}{R 499,00} \times 100 \checkmark \text{MA}$ $= \frac{R499,00 - R336,75}{R 499,00} \times 100 \checkmark \text{MA}$ $= 32,52\% \checkmark \text{CA}$	1RT both values 1MA percentage calculation 1CA simplification (3)	F L1
1.3.3	$\text{Price before VAT} = R499,00 \div \frac{115}{100} \text{ OR } 1,15 \checkmark \text{A}$ $= R433,91 \checkmark \text{CA}$ <p style="text-align: center;">OR</p> $\text{VAT} = R499,00 \times \frac{15}{115} \checkmark \text{MA}$ $= R65,09$ $= R499,00 - R65,09$ $= R433,91 \checkmark \text{CA}$ <p style="text-align: center;">OR</p> $\text{VAT} = R499,00 \times \frac{100}{115} \checkmark \text{A}$ $= R433,91 \checkmark \text{CA}$	1A $\div 1,15$ 1CA simplification 1CA simplification 1MA correct value $\times \frac{15}{115}$ 1CA simplification 1A $\frac{100}{115}$ 1CA simplification (2)	F L2
		[30]	

QUESTION 2 [35 MARKS]			
Ques.	Solution	Explanation	T&L
2.1.1	R30 533 ✓✓A	2A correct salary (2)	F L1
2.1.2	Monthly tax credit = R4 164 ÷ 12 ✓A = R347,00 ✓A	1A dividing by 12 A1 simplification (2)	F L2
2.1.3	✓RT Contribution = R86 238 x $\frac{36,5}{100}$ ✓MA = R31 476,87 ✓A = R31 476,87 ÷ 5 ✓MA = R 6 295,37 ✓CA	1RT correct value 1MA multiplying by 36,5% 1A answer 1MA dividing by 5 1CA simplification (5)	F L2
2.2.1	Exchange rate is the value of one currency relative to the value of another currency. ✓✓	2A definition (2)	F L2
2.2.2	Weaker ✓✓	2A Weaker (2)	F L2
2.2.3	R1 = 0,05 US dollar = $\frac{300 \text{ US dollar}}{0,05}$ ✓ = R6000,00 ✓ Joy's sister is correct. ✓	1MA dividing by 0,05 1A simplification 1A conclusion (2)	F L2
2.3.1	Amount received = R334 159 x $\frac{1}{3}$ ✓ = R111 386,33 ✓	1A correct value 1A multiplying $\frac{1}{3}$ 1A simplification (3)	F L2

2.3.2	<p>Amount interest 1^{st} six months = $111\,386,33 \times \frac{4,5}{100} \checkmark \text{MA}$ $= R5\,012,38 + R111\,386,33$ $= R116\,398,71485 \checkmark \text{A}$</p> <p>$2^{\text{nd}}$ six months = $R116\,398,71485 \times \frac{4,5}{100}$ $= R5\,237,9421 + R116\,398,71485$ $= R121\,636,6570 \checkmark \text{CA}$</p> <p>$3^{\text{rd}}$ six months = $R121\,636,6570 \times \frac{4,5}{100}$ $= R5\,473,649 + R121\,636,6570$ $= R127\,110,3065 \checkmark \text{CA}$</p> <p>$4^{\text{th}}$ six months = $R127\,110,3065 \times \frac{4,5}{100}$ $= R5\,719,9637 + R127\,110,3065$ $= R132\,830,2702$ $= R132\,830,27 \checkmark$</p> <p>Interest earned = $R132\,830,27 - R111\,386,33 \checkmark \text{M}$ $= R21\,443,94 \checkmark \text{CA}$</p> <p>Statement is incorrect. $\checkmark \text{O}$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">OR</p> <p>Amount interest</p> <p>1^{st} six months = $R111\,386,33 \times 1,045 \checkmark \text{MA}$ $= R116\,398,71 \checkmark \text{A}$</p> <p>$2^{\text{nd}}$ six months = $R116\,398,71 \times 1,045$ $= R121\,636,66 \checkmark \text{CA}$</p> <p>$3^{\text{rd}}$ six months = $R121\,636,66 \times 1,045$ $= R127\,110,31 \checkmark \text{CA}$</p> <p>$4^{\text{th}}$ six months = $R127\,110,31 \times 1,045$ $= R132\,830,27 \checkmark \text{CA}$</p> <p>Interest earned = $R132\,830,27 - R111\,386,33$ $= R21\,443,94 \checkmark$</p> <p>Statement is incorrect.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">OR</p> <p>Amount interest</p> <p>$\checkmark \text{MA} \quad \checkmark \text{MA} \quad \checkmark \text{MA} \quad \checkmark \text{MA}$ $= R111\,386,33 \times 1,045 \times 1,045 \times 1,045 \times 1,045$ $= R132\,830,27 \checkmark \text{CA}$ $= R132\,830 - R111\,386,33 \checkmark \text{MA}$ $= R21\,443,94 \checkmark \text{CA}$</p> <p>Statement is incorrect. $\checkmark \text{O}$</p>	<p>CA from QUESTION 2.3.1</p> <p>MA calculating 4,5%</p> <p>1A interest 1st six months</p> <p>1CA amount 2nd six months</p> <p>1CA amount 3rd six months</p> <p>1CA final answer 1M subtracting values 1CA simplification 1O conclusion</p> <p>1MA calculating 4,5% 1A amount 1st six months</p> <p>1CA 2nd six months</p> <p>1CA 3rd six months</p> <p>1CA final answer</p> <p>1CA difference 1O conclusion</p> <p>4MA multiplying by 1,045 1CA simplification 1MA difference 1CA simplification 1O conclusion</p>	<p>F L4</p> <p>(8)</p>
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QUESTION 3 [27 MARKS]			
Ques.	Solution	Explanation	T&L
3.1.1	$A = 82,3\% - 85,7\% \checkmark$ MA $= -3,4\% \checkmark$ CA	1MA subtracting correct values 1CA simplification (2)	D L1
3.1.2	Mathematical Literacy $\checkmark\checkmark$ RT	2RT correct subject (2)	D L1
3.1.3	Range = max. value – min. value $= 8,5\% - (-3,4\%) \checkmark$ RT \checkmark M $= 8,5\% + 3,4\% \checkmark$ MA $= 11,9\% \checkmark$ A	1RT correct values 1 M subtract min from max 1MA adding correct values 1A simplification (4)	D L1
3.1.4	Mean \checkmark RT $78,2\% = \frac{(76,9 + 80,5 + 81,8 + B + 86,2 + 87,7 + 75,6 + 82,3 + 63,5 + 76,2)}{10} \checkmark$ M $78,2\% = \frac{710,2\% + B}{10}$ $B = 782\% - 710,2\% \checkmark$ M $B = 71,3\% \checkmark$ CA	1RT correct values 1M concept of mean 1M changing the subject 1CA simplification (4)	D L2
3.1.5	P (subject with % decrease) = $\frac{2}{10} \checkmark$ RT $\frac{2}{10} \checkmark$ RT $= 0,2 \checkmark$ CA	1RT numerator 1A denominator 1CA simplification (3)	P L2
3.2.1	RSA $\checkmark\checkmark$ A	2A correct team (2)	D L2
3.2.2	New Zealand $\checkmark\checkmark$ A	2A correct team (2)	D L2
3.2.3		$\checkmark\checkmark\checkmark\checkmark\checkmark\checkmark$ one mark for each bar (6)	D L2
3.2.4	No mode $\checkmark\checkmark$ A	2A correct mode	D L1

QUESTION 4 [33 MARKS]																										
Ques.	Solution		Explanation	T&L																						
4.1.1	Cost will vary according to the number of copies made. ✓✓D		2D definition (2)	F	L1																					
4.1.2	Umlazi Office = R450,00 + (R0,70 x no of colour print) ✓✓A Queens Shop = R350,00 + (R0,90 x no of colour print) ✓✓A		2A correct formula 2A correct formula (4)	F	L4																					
4.1.3	ANSWER SHEET 2 <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse; text-align: center;"> <tr> <td>No colour copies</td> <td>0</td> <td>100</td> <td>300</td> <td>500</td> <td>700</td> <td>900</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Cost for Umlazi</td> <td>450</td> <td>520</td> <td>660</td> <td>800</td> <td>940</td> <td>1080</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Cost for Queens</td> <td>350</td> <td>440</td> <td>620</td> <td>800</td> <td>980</td> <td>1160</td> </tr> </table> 		No colour copies	0	100	300	500	700	900	Cost for Umlazi	450	520	660	800	940	1080	Cost for Queens	350	440	620	800	980	1160	✓ ✓✓ for each two correct values ✓ starting point for Umlazi ✓ starting point for Queens ✓ break-even point ✓✓ plotting all the points ✓ joining the points	F	L4
No colour copies	0	100	300	500	700	900																				
Cost for Umlazi	450	520	660	800	940	1080																				
Cost for Queens	350	440	620	800	980	1160																				
4.1.4	500 copies ✓✓A		2A correct number of copies (2)	F	L1																					
4.1.5	Umlazi Office equipment ✓✓A		2A correct company (2)	F	L1																					
4.2.1	Continuous data. ✓A Data is obtained by measuring. ✓✓A		1A correct answer 2A explanation (3)	D	L2																					
4.2.2	13 years ✓✓A		2A correct age (2)	D	L1																					

4.2.3	<p style="text-align: center;">✓ O</p> <p>For high jump you measure the height the athletes jumps and for long jump and shot put you measure the distance an athlete throws. ✓✓O</p>	<p>1O High jump 2O shot put and long jump (3)</p>	<p>D L2</p>
4.2.4	<p>3,80 m 4,10 m; 4,10 m; 4,40 m; 4,50 m;4,60 m; 4,80 m;5,20 m ✓A</p> <p>Median = $\frac{4,40 \text{ m} + 4,50 \text{ m}}{2}$ ✓MA $= \frac{8,9 \text{ m}}{2}$ $= 4,5\text{m}$ ✓CA</p> <p>Range = max value – min value $= 5,20 \text{ m} - 3,80 \text{ m}$ ✓A $= 1,4\text{m}$ ✓CA</p> <p>The statement is correct. The range is small so the results are closer to the median. ✓J</p>	<p>1A order, ascending or descending 1MA concept of a mean</p> <p>1CA simplification</p> <p>1A difference 1CA simplification 1Justification</p> <p style="text-align: right;">(6)</p>	<p>D L2</p>

QUESTION 5 [25 MARKS]			
Ques.	Solution	Explanation	T&L
5.1.1	Consumption = 32 kℓ RT ✓MA ✓RT $6 \text{ kℓ} \times \text{R}18,12 \text{ kℓ} = \text{R}108,72$ ----- $32 \text{ kℓ} - 6 \text{ kℓ} = 26 \text{ kℓ}$ $9 \text{ kℓ} \times \text{R}29,26 \text{ kℓ} = \text{R}263,34$ ----- $26 \text{ kℓ} - 9 \text{ kℓ} = 17 \text{ kℓ}$ $15 \text{ kℓ} \times \text{R}36,58 = \text{R}548,70$ ----- $17 \text{ kℓ} - 15 \text{ kℓ} = 2 \text{ kℓ}$ $2 \text{ kℓ} \times \text{R}45,52 = \underline{\text{R}91,04}$ $= \text{R}1\,011,80$ ✓CA $= \text{R}1\,011,80 + \text{R}59,96$ $= \text{R}1\,071,76$ ✓A ✓A Grand total = $\text{R}1\,071,76 \times 1,15$ ✓A $= \text{R}1\,232,52$ ✓CA OR ✓A Grand total = $\text{R}1\,071,76 \times \frac{15}{100}$ $= \text{R}160,76 + \text{R}1\,071,76$ ✓A $= \text{R}1\,232,52$ ✓CA	1RT correct consumption 1MA all (4) correct kℓ 1RT 4 tariffs 1CA finding total charge 1A simplification 1A correct amount 1A x by 1,15 1CA simplification 1A correct amount 1 A adding VAT 1CA simplification (8)	F L3
5.1.2	Median = $\frac{\text{R}29,26 + \text{R}36,58}{2}$ ✓RT ✓A $= \text{R}32,92$ ✓CA	1RT correct values 1A concept of a mean 1CA simplification (3)	D L2
5.2	0 to 6kℓ bracket: ✓RT $= \frac{\text{R}18,12 - \text{R}16,18}{\text{R}16,18} \times 100$ ✓MA $= 11,99\%$ ✓A 7 kℓ to 15 kℓ bracket: ✓RT $= \frac{\text{R}29,86 - \text{R}26,68}{\text{R}26,68} \times 100$ ✓MA $= 12\%$ ✓CA 7 kℓ to 15 kℓ bracket had a high percentage increase. ✓O	1RT correct values 1MA multiplying correct values with 100 1A simplification 1RT correct values 1MA multiplying by 100 1CA simplification 1O opinion (7)	F L2

5.3	<p>2,6 ; 74,7; 244,0 ; 255,4 ; 265,3 ; 271,9 ; 387,3 ; 480,6 ✓MA</p> $Q_2 = \frac{255,4 + 265,3}{2} \checkmark A$ $= 260,5 \text{ billion } \checkmark CA$ $Q_1 = \frac{74,7 + 244,0}{2}$ $= 159,35 \text{ billion } \checkmark CA$ $Q_3 = \frac{271,9 + 387,3}{2}$ $= 329,6 \text{ billion } \checkmark CA$ $IQR = Q_3 - Q_1$ $= 329,6 \text{ billion} - 159,35 \text{ billion } \checkmark M$ $= 170,25 \text{ billion } \checkmark CA$	<p>1MA order, ascending or descending 1A concept of median Or other learners will indicate the mean on the arranged data. 1CA Q₂</p> <p>1CA Q₁</p> <p>1CA Q₃</p> <p>1M subtracting quartile</p> <p>1CA IQR value (No penalty for omitting billion.)</p>	D L4
			(7)
			[25]
			TOTAL: 150