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NATIONAL SENIOR CERTIFICATE

BOHLABELA DISTRICT

MATHEMATICAL LITERACY **GRADE 12** **FEBRUARY 2025 MARKING GUIDELINES**

MARKS: 70

Symbol	Explanation
M	Method
M/A	Method with accuracy
CA	Consistent accuracy
A	Accuracy
C	Conversion
S	Simplification
RT/RG/RD	Reading from table/graph/diagram
SF	Correct substitution in formula
O	Opinion/Explanation
P	Penalty, e.g. for no units, incorrect rounding off, etc.
R	Rounding off
AO	Answer only
NPR	No penalty for rounding
MCA	Method with constant accuracy

These marking guidelines consist of 7 pages

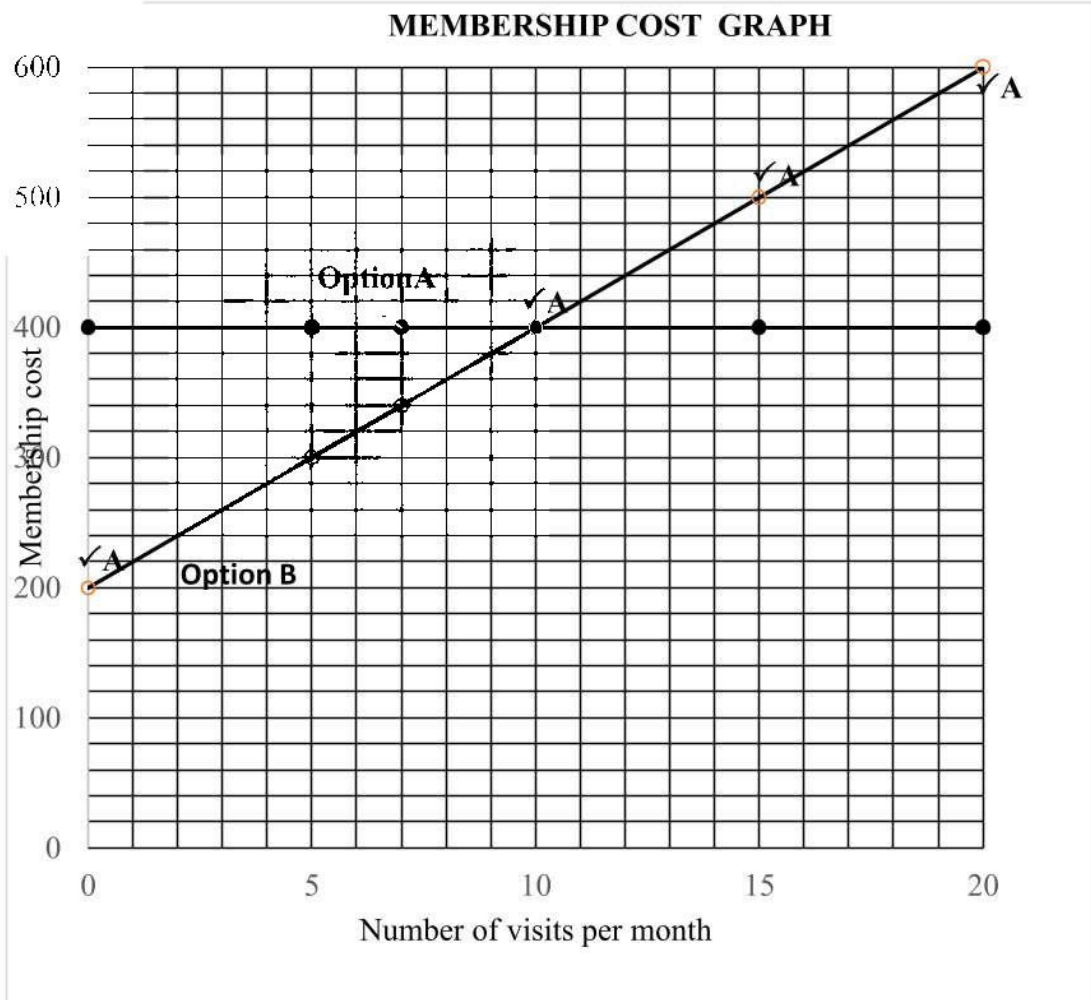


- If a candidate answers a question TWICE, only mark the FIRST attempt.
- If a candidate has crossed out (cancelled) an attempt to a question and NOT redone the solution, mark the crossed out (cancelled) version.
- If the candidate presents any extra solution when reading from a graph, table, then penalize for every extra incorrect item presented.

QUESTION 1[37] ANSWER ONLY FULL MARKS			
Ques	Solution	Explanation	Level
1.1.1	C ✓✓A	2A correct letter (2)	F L1 E
1.1.2	E ✓✓A	2A correct letter (2)	F L1 E
1.1.3	A ✓✓A	2A correct letter (2)	F L1 E
1.2.1 (a)	$\text{Cost} = \overset{\checkmark A}{R200} + \overset{\checkmark A}{R20} \times (\text{number of visits})^{\checkmark A}$ $\overset{\checkmark A}{\text{Cost}} = \overset{\checkmark A}{R200} + \overset{\checkmark A}{R20}n \quad \text{OR}$ Where n = number of visits ✓A	1A fixed cost (R200) 1A multiplying with R20 1A number of visits n (3)	F L2 M
1.2.1 (b)	$P = 400 \checkmark \checkmark A$ $Q = R340 \checkmark \checkmark A$	2A value of P 2A value of Q (4)	F L2 M
1.2.1 (C)	$\text{Number of visits}^{\checkmark \checkmark A} / n$	2A correct variable (2)	F L1 E



1.2.2

D
L2
M**CA from 1.2.1 (b)**

1A starting point (0; 200)

1A (10; 400)

1A end point (20;600)

1A joining ALL the plotted points

1A labelling the graph

(5)

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1.3.1	Sample size = 7 ✓✓A Population size = 45 ✓A OR ✓✓A 7 and 45 ✓A	2A counting correctly 1A correct population OR 2A sample in correct order 1A population in correct order (3)	L1 M
1.3.2	Bar graph ✓✓A	2A correct graph (2)	D L1 E
1.3.3	4 is much lower/ much smaller compared to the other values in the data ✓✓A	2A correct reason (2)	D L4 E
1.3.4	Continuous ✓✓A	2A correct answer (2)	D L1 E
1.3.5	4 ; 19 ; 21 ; 24 ; 25 ; 30 ; 38 ✓✓A	2A correct order (2)	D L1 E
1.3.6	$\frac{5}{7}$ ✓A ✓A = 0,7142857143 = 0,7 ✓A	1A numerator 1A denominator 1A correct decimal NPR (3)	P L2 E
1.3.7	✓RT 7 : 45 ✓A 1: 6428571429 1: 64 ✓A	1RT both values 1A correct order 1A simplification NPR (3)	D L1 E
		[37]	



QUESTION 2[21]			
Ques	Solution	Explanation	Level
2.1.1	Annual income ✓✓A	2A correct answer (2)	F L2 E
2.1.2	Annual salary = $R32\,750 \times 12$ ✓MA = $R393\,000$ ✓A	1MA multiplying by 12 1A simplification (2)	F L1 M
2.1.3	Tax bracket C ✓✓A OR R77 362 + 31% of taxable income above R370 500 ✓✓A	2A correct bracket (2)	F L2 E
2.1.4	Tax before rebate R77 362 + 31% of taxable income above R370 500 R77 362 + 31% ($R393\,000 - R370\,500$) ✓SF R77 362 + 31% ($R22\,500$) R77 362 + R6 975 ✓MCA R 84 337 ✓CA Annual tax = $R84\,337 - R17\,235$ ✓RT = $R67\,102$ ✓CA OR Annual tax payable ✓✓MA ✓SF ✓RT = $R77\,362 + 31\% (R393\,000 - R370\,500) - R17\,235$ = $R67\,102$ ✓CA	CA from 2.1.3 1SF correct substitution 1MCA adding values 1CA simplification 1RT rebate: R17 235 1CA simplification OR 1SF correct substitution 2MCA adding values 1RT rebate : R17 235 1CA simplification (5)	F L3 M



Ques	Solution	Explanation	level																																				
2.2.1	Cost before VAT: <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th></th><th></th><th></th><th>Cost</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Block 1</td><td>6kl</td><td>free ✓RT</td><td>free</td></tr> <tr> <td>Block 2</td><td>6kl</td><td>$6 \times 19,07$</td><td>R114,42 ✓MA</td></tr> <tr> <td>Block 3</td><td>16kl</td><td>$16 \times 24,65$</td><td>R394,40 ✓MCA</td></tr> <tr> <td>TOTAL</td><td>28kl</td><td></td><td>R508,82</td></tr> </tbody> </table> Cost before VAT = R508,82 ✓CA VAT inclusive = $R508,82 \times \frac{115}{100}$ ✓MCA = R 585,14 ✓CA OR Tariff with VAT : Block 2 = $R19,07 \times \frac{115}{100}$ ✓MA = R21,9305 ✓CA Block 3 = $R24,65 \times \frac{115}{100}$ = R28,3475 ✓MCA <table border="1"> <tbody> <tr> <td>Block 1</td><td>6kl</td><td>free ✓RT</td><td></td></tr> <tr> <td>Block 2</td><td>6kl</td><td>$\times 21,9305$</td><td>R131,58</td></tr> <tr> <td>Block 3</td><td>16kl</td><td>$\times 28,3475$</td><td>R453,56 ✓MCA</td></tr> <tr> <td>Tot</td><td>28kl</td><td></td><td>R585,14 ✓CA</td></tr> </tbody> </table>				Cost	Block 1	6kl	free ✓RT	free	Block 2	6kl	$6 \times 19,07$	R114,42 ✓MA	Block 3	16kl	$16 \times 24,65$	R394,40 ✓MCA	TOTAL	28kl		R508,82	Block 1	6kl	free ✓RT		Block 2	6kl	$\times 21,9305$	R131,58	Block 3	16kl	$\times 28,3475$	R453,56 ✓MCA	Tot	28kl		R585,14 ✓CA	1RT both tariffs 1MA multiplying correct values 1MCA multiplying correct values 1CA total cost 1MCA multiplying by $\frac{115}{100}$ 1CA simplification 1MA multiplying by $\frac{115}{100}$ 1CA simplification 1MCA multiplying by $\frac{115}{100}$ 1RT both tariffs 1MCA multiplying correct values 1CA multiplying correct values (6)	F L3 D
			Cost																																				
Block 1	6kl	free ✓RT	free																																				
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2.2.2	Use a Bucket Instead of a Hose when washing cars/ ✓✓A Use small basins to bath / Don't leave the tap running while brushing teeth or washing dishes. Install low-flow showerheads, faucets, and dual-flush toilets /Reduce Shower Time ✓✓A	2A opinion 2A opinion [Any two] (4)	F L4 E																																				
		[21]																																					



QUESTION 3 [12]			
Ques	Solution	Explanation	Level
3.1	Pie chart ✓✓A	2A correct graph (2)	D L1 E
3.2	Three hundred and thirty nine million three hundred and three thousand and thirty seven rands. ✓✓A	2A correct answer (2)	D L1 E
3.3	Maintenance and materials ✓RT = 100% - (50% + 15% + 7% + 2% + 12%) = 14% ✓CA	1RT ALL values 1MA adding and subtracting 1CA simplification (3)	D L1 E
3.4	Capital projects + Salaries = 50% + 15% ✓RT = 65% ✓MA ✓RT = R339 303 037 × $\frac{65}{100}$ ✓MA = R220 546 974,1 Her statement is valid ✓O OR ✓RT ✓RT $\frac{50}{100} \times R339\ 303\ 037 = R169\ 651\ 518,5$ ✓MA $\frac{15}{100} \times R339\ 303\ 037 = R508\ 95455,55$ R169 651 518,5 + R508 95455,55 ✓MA = 220 546 974,1 Her statement is valid ✓O	1RT both percentages 1MA adding correct percentages 1RT total amount 1MA multiplying by $\frac{65}{100}$ 1O conclusion OR 1RT both percentages 1RT total amount 1MA multiplying by % 1MA adding correct percentages 1O conclusion (5)	D L4 E
		[12]	

