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## **NATIONAL SENIOR CERTIFICATE**

**GRADE 12** 

LIFE SCIENCES P1

**SEPTEMBER 2025** 

**MARKING GUIDELINES** 

**MARKS: 150** 

This marking guideline consists of 11 pages.



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#### PRINCIPLES RELATED TO MARKING LIFE SCIENCES

#### 1. If more information than marks allocated is given

Stop marking when maximum marks is reached and put a wavy line and 'max' in the right-hand margin.

- 2. If, for example, three reasons are required and five are given Marks for the first three irrespective of whether all or some are correct/incorrect.
- If whole process is given when only a part of it is required 3. Read all and credit the relevant part.
- 4. If comparisons are asked for but descriptions are given Accept if the differences/similarities are clear.
- 5. If tabulation is required but paragraphs are given Candidates will lose marks for not tabulating.
- 6. If diagrams are given with annotations when descriptions are required Candidates will lose marks.
- 7. If flow charts are given instead of descriptions Candidates will lose marks.

#### 8. If sequence is muddled and links do not make sense

Where sequence and links are correct, credit. Where sequence and links are incorrect, do not credit. If sequence and links become correct again, resume credit.

#### 9. Non-recognised abbreviations

Accept if first defined in answer. If not defined, do not credit the unrecognised abbreviation but credit the rest of the answer if correct.

#### 10. Wrong numbering

If answer fits into the correct sequence of questions but the wrong number is given, it is acceptable.

#### 11. If language used changes the intended meaning

Do not accept.

#### 12. Spelling errors

If recognisable, accept the answer, provided it does not mean something else in Life Sciences or if it is out of context.

#### 13. If common names are given in terminology

Accept if it appears on marking guidelines.

If only the letter is asked for but only the name is given (and vice versa) SA EXAM PAPERS

Do not credit.

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#### 15. If units are not given in measurements

Marking guidelines will allocate marks for units separately, except where it is given in the question.

# 16. Be sensitive to the sense of an answer, which may be stated in a different way.

#### 17. Caption

All illustrations (diagrams, sketches, graphs, tables, etc.) must have a cation.

#### 18. Code-switching of official languages (terms and concepts)

A single word or two that appear(s) in any official language other than the learners' assessment language used to the greatest extent in his/her answers should be credited if it is correct. A marker that is proficient in the relevant official language should be consulted. This is applicable to all official languages.

#### 19. Changes to the memorandum

No changes must be made to the marking guideline without consulting the cluster leader who in turn will consult with the curriculum implementer.

M.M. Nakhathia



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## **SECTION A**

## **QUESTION 1**

1.1	1.1.1 1.1.2 1.1.3 1.1.4 1.1.5 1.1.6 1.1.7 1.1.8 1.1.9 1.1.10	C \(  \) B \(  \) D \(  \) B \(  \) A \(  \) D \(  \) A \(  \) D \(  \) A \(  \)	(20)
1.2	1.2.1 1.2.2 1.2.3 1.2.4 1.2.5 1.2.6 1.2.7 1.2.8 1.2.9 1.2.10	Testosterone  Ovarian cycle  Epididymis  Vasodilation  Tropism  Prolactin  Medulla oblongata  Thyroxin  Autonomic  nervous system  Hormones  (10 x 1)	(10)
1.3	1.3.1 1.3.2 1.3.3 1.3.4	None $\checkmark \checkmark$ B only $\checkmark \checkmark$ None $\checkmark \checkmark$ Both A and B $\checkmark \checkmark$ (4 x 2)	(8)
1.4	1.4.1	External✓	(1)
	1.4.2	Ovipary√/ oviparous	(1)
	1.4.3	<ul> <li>A large number of gametes from the male and female fish released√</li> <li>the male and female fish are close to each other√/ the male fish release the sperms closer to the eggs/ the gametes of both male and female are close to each other</li> </ul> Any	(2)
	1.4.4	- The eggs are laid in water√	(-)
		- Which prevents them from drying out ✓ / dehydration	(2) <b>(6)</b>



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- 1.5 1.5.1 (a) Vas deferens √/Sperm duct (1)
  - 1.5.2 Secrete a fluid✓
    - Which further increase the mobility of the male gametes/ sperm cells ✓ (2)
  - 1.5.3 Spermatogenesis ✓ (1)
  - 1.5.4 The laptop radiates / releases heat ✓
    - Which will increase the temperature of the scrotum√
    - Resulting in an increase in the temperature of the testes✓
    - Sperm production will be negatively affected✓
    - Therefore, resulting in less sperms or unhealthy sperms being produced√

Any (2) **TOTAL SECTION A:** 50

M.M. Nakuaktica





#### SECTION B QUESTION 2

2.1 2.1.1 
$$F\checkmark$$
 – vagina $\checkmark$  (2)

2.1.3 - Encloses and protects ✓ the developing embryo /foetus
- Contracts ✓ during labour for childbirth (2)

2.1.4 - Luteinising hormone ✓ / LH (1)

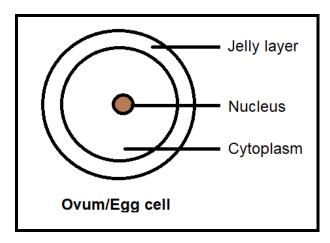
2.1.5 - Part **D** /endometrium breaks down ✓ / disintegrate

- Such that the Blood together with the unfertilised egg√

- leaves the body of the woman through the vagina ✓ any (2)

2.1.6 - Part **A**/ fallopian tubes will be blocked ✓ prevents the sperms from reaching the ovum ✓. (2)

2.1.7



Description	Mark allocation	
Caption ( <b>C</b> )	✓	
Drawing ( <b>D</b> )	✓	
Any label( <b>L</b> )	✓	

(3) **(13)** 

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2.2	2.2.1	Oestrogen√		(1)
	2.2.2	Day 14 ✓		(1)
	2.2.3	<ul> <li>if fertilisation occurs</li> <li>the corpus luteum does not disinted</li> <li>it continues to secrete progestero</li> <li>The high progesterone levels √ in the will inhibit the pituitary gland √ from the ensuring that no new follicles are</li> </ul>	ne√/hormone <b>C</b> the blood n secreting hormone <b>A</b> / FSH√	(5) <b>(7)</b>
2.3	2.3.1	Placenta√		(1)
	2.3.2	energy produced	transported back to the placenta√	(2)
	2.3.3	Vein	Artery	
		High oxygen content√	Low oxygen content√	
		High Nutrient content√	Low Nutrient content ✓	
		Low CO₂ content√	High CO₂-content√	
		Low Nitrogenous waste√	High Nitrogenous waste√	
		(Mark first TWO only)	Any (2x2) + 1 for table	(5) <b>(8)</b>
2.4	2.4.1	The maintance of a constant inter	nal√ water balance√	(2)
	2.4.2	Kidney√		(1)
	2.4.3	(a) ADH√/ antidiuretic hormone		(1)
		(b) Pituitary gland√/ hypophysis		(1)
	2.4.4	<ul> <li>The tumor on gland A/ pituital pituitary gland√</li> <li>Therefore, less ADH√/ Hormor</li> <li>Less ADH will decrease the pe</li> <li>Less water will be reabsorbed√</li> <li>While most of the water will be</li> </ul>	rmeability of the renal tubes✓ ∕ back into the blood✓	(5) <b>(10</b> )
				ι.υ



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2.5 2.5.1 Blood glucose level√ (1)
------------------------------------

- 2.5.2 Weight of the patient√
  - Age of patient√
  - Period of fasting√
  - Amount of glucose solution given to patient√
  - Time of measurement for all patients
  - Instrument used for measuring glucose level√

Any (1)

- 2.5.3 After 2 hours, their glucose levels were less than 200 mg/ 100ml√√ (2)
- 2.5.4 the pancreas will secrete glucagon√
  - glucagon will stimulate the liver√ to covert the stored glycogen back into glucose√
  - causing the glucose level to increase back to 90mg/ 100ml√/ back to normal.

Any (2)

- 2.6 Receptor cells√
  - in the carotid artery√ in the neck are stimulated
  - to send impulses to the medulla oblongata √ in the brain
  - medulla oblongata stimulates breathing muscles√/intercostal muscles and diaphragm
  - and heart√
  - breathing muscles contract more actively√
  - this increases the rate and depth of breathing√
  - the heart beats faster√
  - more carbon dioxide is taken to the lungs and exhaled√
  - the carbon dioxide in the blood returns back to normal

Any (6)

(6)

[50]

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## **QUESTION 3**

3.1	3.1.1	<ul> <li>To remove the effect of gravity√</li> <li>on the direction of growth of young roots (radicles)√</li> </ul>	(2)
	3.1.2	Radicles in diagram <b>B</b> will grow√and bend towards gravity√	(2)
	3.1.3	The force of gravity has an effect on the direction of growth of young roots (radicles)✓✓	(2) <b>(6)</b>
3.2		A reflex action is the response to the stimulus ✓ whereas A reflex arc is the path taken by an impulse during a reflex action ✓	(2)
	3.2.2	(a) It causes abnormalities in the nerves that supply your feet, legs, hands, and arms✓	(1)
		(b) Weakness on foot and lower leg muscles✓	(1)
	3.2.3	Motor✓	(1)
	3.2.4	Myelin sheath✓	(1)
	-	<ul> <li>Axon is no longer insulated ✓</li> <li>This causes the speed of transmission of nerve impulses to decrease ✓</li> <li>which can lead to a delayed response ✓ and</li> <li>therefore, loss of muscle control ✓</li> </ul>	(4)
3.3	3.3.1	<ul> <li>(a) - Regulates the amount of light entering the eye ✓         <ul> <li>Controlling the size of the pupil ✓</li> </ul> </li> <li>(b) - Contains nutrients for the inner eye ✓         <ul> <li>Maintains eyeball shape ✓</li> <li>Transparent to allow for transmission of light to retina ✓</li> <li>Mark first TWO only</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	(2) (2)
	3.3.2	The cornea is transparent to allow light to enter the eye ✓ and it is curved to allow for refraction of light ✓	(2)
	3.3.3	<ul> <li>Ciliary muscles contract√</li> <li>Suspensory ligaments slacken√</li> <li>Tension on the lens decreases√</li> <li>Lens becomes more convex√/ bulged</li> <li>Refractive power of lens will increase√/ light rays are refracted more</li> </ul> Any	(4) (10)



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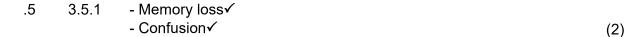
3.4	3.4.1	Cochlea✓	(1)
	3.4.2	Part <b>D</b> /round window prevents pressure build-up of waves ✓ /absorbs pressure wave set up by tympanic membrane in the inner ear/eases sound waves out of inner ear	(1)
	3.4.3	Part <b>A</b> /Tympanic membrane has a larger surface area✓ than the part <b>B</b> /oval window✓	(2)
	3.4.4	<ul> <li>No vibrations will occur√</li> <li>and no pressure wave will be created in the inner ear√</li> <li>Organ of Corti/hair cells will not be stimulated√</li> <li>Therefore, impulses will not be sent to the cerebrum√</li> </ul> Any	(2)
	3.4.5	<ul> <li>Ossicles will not vibrate freely√</li> <li>to transmit vibrations to the inner ear√/causing partial deafness</li> </ul>	
		OR	
		<ul> <li>Cannot equalise pressure ✓ on the either side of tympanic</li> <li>membrane leading to pain ✓ / middle ear infection/ a burst auditory canal/ vibrations not being transmitted/ partial deafness</li> </ul>	(2)
	3.4.6	- Change in speed ✓ and direction of head - Stimulates the cristae (receptors) ✓ - Stimulus is converted to an impulses ✓ - Impulse is transmitted to the cerebellum ✓ - Via the auditory nerve ✓ - The cerebellum ✓ sends impulses to voluntary / skeletal - muscles ✓ to maintain balance  Any	(4)
		, any	(12)

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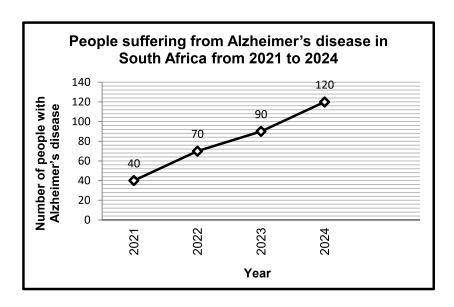
3.5.2 - Not all people suffering from Alzheimer's disease are recorded ✓

- Poor health facilities✓ Any (1)

$$3.5.3 \qquad \frac{120 - 40}{40} ] \checkmark \times 100 \checkmark$$

= 200 %√ (3)

3.5.3



Criteria for marking graph:

Criteria	Mark allocation
Line graph is drawn ( <b>T</b> )	1
Caption of the graph includes both	1
variables ( <b>C</b> )	
Correct labels on X-axis and Y-axis (L)	1
Correct scale for X and Y-axis (Equal	1
spacing between intervals for each axis	
(S)	
Plotting: ( <b>P</b> )	
1-3 co-ordinates plotted correctly	1
All 4 co-ordinates plotted correctly	2

(6) **(12)** 

[50]

TOTAL SECTION B: 100
GRAND TOTAL: 150

