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**PREPARATORY EXAMINATION
VOORBEREIDENDE EKSAMEN**

GRADE/GRAAD 12

**MATHEMATICS P1
WISKUNDE VI**

SEPTEMBER 2025

MARKS/PUNTE: 150

**MARKING GUIDELINES
NASIENRIGLYNE**

These marking guidelines consist of 17 pages.

Hierdie nasienriglyne bestaan uit 17 bladsye.

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NOTE:

- If a candidate answered a question TWICE, mark only the FIRST attempt.
- If a candidate has crossed out an attempt to answer a question and did not redo it, mark the crossed-out version.
- Consistent accuracy applies in ALL aspects of the marking guideline.
- Assuming answers/values to solve a problem is UNACCEPTABLE.

NOTA:

- *As 'n kandidaat 'n vraag TWEE KEER beantwoord, sien slegs die EERSTE poging na.*
- *As 'n kandidaat 'n antwoord van 'n vraag doodtrek en nie oordoen nie, sien die doodgetrekte poging na.*
- *Volgehoue akkuraatheid word in ALLE aspekte van die nasienriglyne toegepas.*
- *Om antwoorde/waardes aan te neem om 'n probleem op te los, is ONAANVAARBAAR.*



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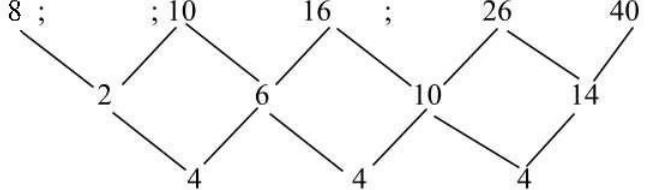
QUESTION/VRAAG 1

1.1.1	$x(x + 3) = 28$ $x^2 + 3x - 28 = 0$ $(x + 7)(x - 4) = 0$ $x = -7 \text{ or } x = 4$	✓ Standard form ✓ Factors ✓ Answers (3)
1.1.2	$2x^2 + 7x - 1 = 0$ $x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$ $= \frac{-7 \pm \sqrt{(7)^2 - 4(2)(-1)}}{2(2)}$ $x = 0,14 \text{ or } x = -3,64$	✓ substitution into correct formula ✓ $x = -3,64$ ✓ $x = 0,14$ (3)
1.1.3	$(x + 4)(5 - x) \geq 0$ c/v: -4 and $en 5$ $-4 \leq x \leq 5$	✓ Critical values ✓✓ answers (combo marks) (3)
1.1.4	$2\sqrt{x + 4} - 3 = x + 1$ $2\sqrt{x + 4} = x + 4$ $4(x + 4) = (x + 4)^2$ $x^2 + 8x + 16 - 4x - 16 = 0$ $x^2 + 4x = 0$ $x(x + 4) = 0$ $x = 0 \text{ or } of x = -4$	✓ isolating surd ✓ squaring both sides ✓ standard form ✓ factors ✓ answers (5)

1.2	$\begin{aligned}y - x &= -7 \\x^2 + 3xy &= -27 \\y &= x - 7 \\x^2 + 3x(x - 7) &= -27 \\x^2 + 3x^2 - 21x + 27 &= 0 \\4x^2 - 21x + 27 &= 0 \\(x - 3)(4x - 9) &= 0 \\x = 3 \text{ or } x &= \frac{9}{4} \\y &= x - 7 \\y &= 3 - 7 \\y &= -4 \\y &= \frac{9}{4} - 7 \\y &= -\frac{19}{4}\end{aligned}$	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ $y = x - 7$ ✓ substitution ✓ standard form ✓ factors ✓ both x values ✓ both y values 	(6)
1.3	$\begin{aligned}&\sqrt[n]{\frac{2^n \cdot 5^n + 2^n \cdot 2^2}{5^n \cdot 5^n + 4 \cdot 5^n}} \\&= \sqrt[n]{\frac{2^n (5^n + 4)}{5^n (5^n + 4)}} \\&= \sqrt[n]{\frac{2^n}{5^n}} \\&= \sqrt[n]{\left(\frac{2}{5}\right)^n} \\&= \frac{2}{5}\end{aligned}$	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Expansion ✓ factors ✓ Simplification ✓ Answer 	(4)
			[24]



QUESTION/VRAAG 2

2.1	 <p>10; 16</p>	$\checkmark \checkmark$ 10; 16 (2)
2.2	$2a = 4$ $a = 2$ $3a + b = 2$ $3(2) + b = 2$ $b = -4$ $a + b + c = 8$ $2 + (-4) + c = 8$ $c = 10$	\checkmark $2a = 4$ \checkmark $3(2) + b = 2$ \checkmark $2 + (-4) + c = 8$ (3)
2.3	$2n^2 - 4n + 10 = 3050$ $n^2 - 2n - 1520 = 0$ $(n - 40)(n + 38) = 0$ $n = 40 \text{ or/of } n \neq -38$	\checkmark Equating \checkmark Factors \checkmark $n = 40$ (3)
		[8]

QUESTION/VRAAG 3

3.1.1	$r = 2$	✓ Answer (1)
3.1.2	No, r is not between -1 and 1/ <i>Nee, r is nie tussen -1 en 1 nie</i>	✓ No ✓ reason (2)
3.1.3	$T_n = ar^{n-1}$ $2304 = \frac{9}{2}(2)^{n-1}$ $2^{n-1} = 2^9$ $n = 10$	✓ substitution ✓ simplification ✓ answer (3)
3.1.4	$S_n = \frac{a(r^n - 1)}{r - 1}$ $= \frac{9}{2}(2^{10} - 1)$ $= 4603,5$	✓ substitution ✓ answer (2)
3.2.1	$T_2 = 21$ $T_3 = 24$	✓21 ✓24 (2)
3.2.2	$99 - 18 + (n-1)3$ $3n = 84$ $n = 28$ $S_{28} = \frac{28}{2}(18 + 99)$ $= 1638$	✓ $T_n = 3n - 15$ ✓ $T_n = 99$ ✓ Value of n ✓ Substitution into the sum formula ✓ Answer (5)



3.2.3 $18 + 24 + 30 + \dots + 96$ $96 = 18 + (n - 1)6$ $6n = 84$ $n = 14$ $S_{14} = \frac{14}{2}(18 + 96)$ $= 798$ $\therefore S_n = 1638 - 798$ $= 840$ <p>OR/OF</p> $21 + 27 + 33 + \dots + 99$ $99 = 21 + (n - 1)(6)$ $6n = 84$ $n = 14$ $\therefore S_n = \frac{n}{2}(a + l)$ $\therefore S_{14} = \frac{14}{2}(21 + 99)$ $\therefore S_{14} = 840$	✓ Series ✓ equating ✓ value of n ✓ Substitution into the sum formula ✓ Answer ✓ Series ✓ equating ✓ value of n ✓ Substitution into the sum formula ✓ Answer
	(5) [20]

QUESTION/VRAAG 4

4.1	$p = 2$ $q = -1$	✓ $p = 2$ ✓ $q = -1$ (2)
4.2	$g(x) = \frac{a}{x+p} + q$ $0 = \frac{a}{-6+2} - 1$ $1 = \frac{a}{-4}$ $a = -4$ $g(x) = \frac{-4}{x+2} - 1$	✓ Substitution of $(-6; 0)$ ✓ Value of a ✓ Answer (3)
4.3	$y = -x + c$ $-1 = -(-2) + c$ $\therefore c = -3$ $\therefore y = -x - 3$ $\therefore x = -y - 3$ $\therefore y = -x - 3$	✓ substitution ✓ Equation ✓ Swap x and y ✓ Equation (4)
4.4	$y = -4$	✓ Answer (1)
4.5	$f(x) = b^x - 4$ $5 = b^2 - 4$ $b^2 = 9$ $b = 3$ $\therefore f(x) = 3^x - 4$	✓ substitution ✓ value of b ✓ equation (3)
4.6	$h(x) = f(x) + 4$ $= 3^x - 4 + 4$ $\therefore h(x) = 3^x$	✓ substitution ✓ answer (2)



4.7	$h(x) = y = 3^x$ $x = 3^y$ $h^{-1}(x) = y = \log_3 x$	✓ swopp x and y ✓ answer (2)
4.8	$x > -2$	✓✓ Answer (2)
		[19]



QUESTION/VRAAG 5

5.1	y -intercept of f : $(0; -3)$ / y -afsnit van f : $(0; -3)$ y -intercept of g : $(0;3)$ / y -afsnit van g : $(0;3)$	✓ y intercept of f : $(0; -3)$ ✓ y intercept of g : $(0;3)$ (2)
5.2	$x^2 - 2x - 3 = 0$ $(x-3)(x+1) = 0$ $x = 3 \text{ or } x = -1$ $x = -\frac{b}{2a}$ $= -\frac{-2}{2(1)}$ $x = 1$ $y = 1^2 - 2(1) - 3$ $y = -4$ $TP(1; -4)$ $g(x) = x - 3$ $y = -3$ $x = 3$	✓ $f(x) = 0$ ✓ both x values ✓ TP(1; -4) ✓ Shape f ✓ Shape g (5)
5.3	$0 < -3 - k < 1$ $\therefore -4 < k < -3$	✓ $0 < -3 - 4 < 1$ ✓ ✓ $-4 < k < -3$ (3)
5.4	$2(2x-2) \geq 0$ $4x-4 \geq 0$ $4x \geq 4$ $x \geq 1$	✓✓ $f'(x), f''(x) \geq 0$ ✓ Answer (3)
		[13]

Answer only: Full marks/
Slegs Antwoord: Volpunte

QUESTION/VRAAG 6

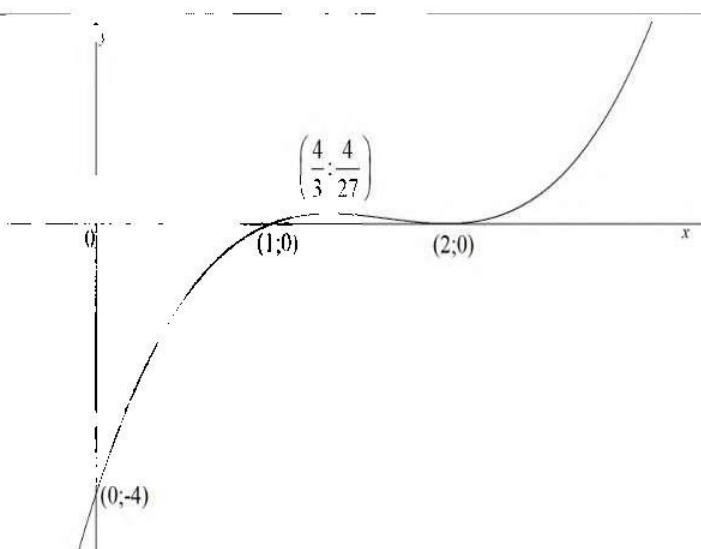
6.1	$A = P(1 + in)$ $100000 = 50000(1 + 0.085n)$ $2 = 1 + 0.085n$ $\therefore n = 11.7647\dots$ $n = 11 \text{ years}/10 \text{ months}$	✓ correct substitution in correct formula ✓ Value of n ✓ Answer (3)
6.2.1	$A = P(1+i)^n$ $A = 250000 \left(1 + \frac{0.15}{12}\right)^2$ $A = R256\ 289.06$	✓ correct substitution in correct formula ✓ Answer (2)
6.2.2	$P_v = \frac{x \left[1 - (1+i)^{-n} \right]}{i}$ $256289.06 = \frac{x \left[1 - \left(1 + \frac{0.15}{12}\right)^{-46} \right]}{\frac{0.15}{12}}$ $x = \frac{256289.06 \times \frac{0.15}{12}}{\left[1 - \left(1 + \frac{0.15}{12}\right)^{-46} \right]}$ $x = R7359.79$	✓ $n = 46$ ✓ correct substitution in correct formula ✓ Equating to 256289.06 ✓ Answer (4)
6.3	$x \left(1 + \frac{0.12}{12}\right)^{84} + 2x \left(1 + \frac{0.12}{12}\right)^{48} = R276558.75$ $x \left[\left(1 + \frac{0.12}{12}\right)^{84} + 2 \left(1 + \frac{0.12}{12}\right)^{48} \right] = R276558.75$ $x = \frac{276558.75}{\left(1 + \frac{0.12}{12}\right)^{84} + 2 \left(1 + \frac{0.12}{12}\right)^{48}}$ $x = R50\ 000.00$ <p style="text-align: center;">OR/OF</p>	✓ 84 ✓ 48 ✓ $x \left(1 + \frac{0.12}{12}\right)^{84}$ ✓ $2x \left(1 + \frac{0.12}{12}\right)^{48}$ ✓ Equate to R276 558.75 ✓ Answer OR/OF

$x \left(1 + \frac{0.12}{12}\right)^{36} = 1.430768784x$ $\therefore 3.430768784x \left(1 + \frac{0.12}{12}\right)^{48} = 5.5311749x$ $\therefore 5.5311749x = 276\ 558.75$ $\therefore x = R50\ 000$	✓ $x \left(1 + \frac{0.12}{12}\right)^{36}$ ✓ $1.430768784x$ ✓ $3.430768784x \left(1 + \frac{0.12}{12}\right)^{48}$ ✓ $5.5311749x$ ✓ R276 558.75 ✓ $x = R50\ 000$
	(6) [15]

QUESTION/VRAAG 7

7.1	$f(x) = -\frac{1}{x}$ $f'(x) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{-1}{x+h} - \left(-\frac{1}{x}\right)}{h}$ $= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{-x + x + h}{x(x+h)} \times \frac{1}{h}$ $= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{x(x+h)}$ $= \frac{1}{x^2}$	✓ $f(x + h)$ ✓ Substitution into the correct formula ✓ LCD: add fractions ✓ Simplification ✓ answer (5)
7.2.1	$D_x[(4x+3)(2x-5)]$ $D_x[8x^2 - 14x - 15]$ $= 16x - 14$	✓ expansion ✓ 16x ✓ -14 (3)
7.2.2	$\frac{dy}{dx} \text{ if } y = \frac{\sqrt[4]{x^{-5}} + 2x^{-3} - x}{x^{-3}}$ $y = \frac{x^{\frac{-5}{4}}}{x^{-3}} + \frac{2x^{-3}}{x^{-3}} - \frac{x}{x^{-3}}$ $y = x^{\frac{7}{4}} + 2 - x^4$ $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{7}{4}x^{\frac{3}{4}} - 4x^3$	✓ Expansion ✓ $x^{\frac{7}{4}}$ ✓ 2 ✓ $-x^4$ ✓ $\frac{7}{4}x^{\frac{3}{4}}$ ✓ $-4x^3$ (6)
7.3	$f(x) = 2x^3 - 2x^2 + 4x - 1$ $f'(x) = 6x^2 - 4x + 4$ $f''(x) = 12x - 4 = 0$ $12x = 4$ $x = \frac{1}{3}$ $x > \frac{1}{3}$	✓ $f'(x)$ ✓ $f''(x) = 0$ ✓ x value ✓ Answer (4)
		[18]

QUESTION/VRAAG 8

8.1	$f(x) = (x-1)(x^2 - 4x + 4)$ $= x^3 - 5x^2 + 8x - 4$ $f'(x) = 3x^2 - 10x + 8 = 0$ $(3x-4)(x-2) = 0$ $x = \frac{4}{3} \text{ or } x = 2$ $(2; 0)$ $f\left(\frac{4}{3}\right) = \left(\frac{4}{3}\right)^3 - 5\left(\frac{4}{3}\right)^2 + 8\left(\frac{4}{3}\right) - 4$ $= \frac{4}{27}$ $\left(\frac{4}{3}; \frac{4}{27}\right)$	✓ ✓ $f'(x) = 3x^2 - 10x + 8$ ✓ $f'(x) = 0$ ✓ Both x values ✓ $(2; 0)$ ✓ $\left(\frac{4}{3}; \frac{4}{27}\right)$	(5)
8.2		✓ TPs ✓ x -intercepts ✓ $(0; -4)$ ✓ Shape	(4)
8.3.1	$x < \frac{4}{3} \text{ or } x > 2$	✓ $x < \frac{4}{3}$ ✓ $x > 2$	(2)
8.3.2	$x < 0$ $\frac{4}{3} < x < 2$	✓ $x < 0$ ✓ $\frac{4}{3} < x < 2$	(2)
			[13]

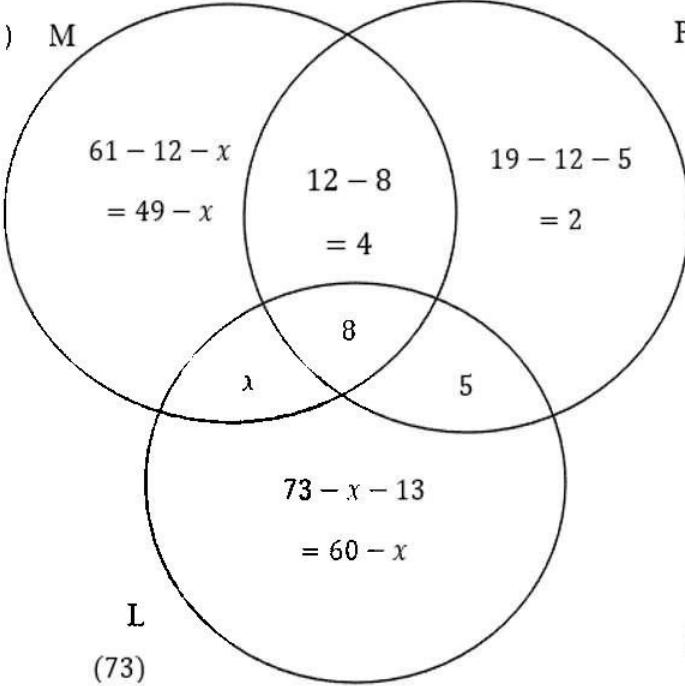


QUESTION/VRAAG 9

<p>9.</p> $SA = 2\pi r + 2\pi rh$ $\therefore A = 2\pi r + 2\pi rh$ $V = \pi r^2 h$ $2000\pi = \pi r^2 h$ $\therefore 2000 = r^2 h$ $\therefore h = \frac{2000}{r^2}$ $\therefore A(r) = 2\pi r^2 + 2\pi r \left(\frac{2000}{r^2} \right)$ $\therefore A(r) = 2\pi r^2 + \frac{4000\pi}{r}$ $A(r) = 2\pi r^2 + 4000\pi r^{-1}$ $A'(r) = 4\pi r - 4000\pi r^{-2}$ $4\pi r - \frac{4000\pi}{r^2} = 0$ $4\pi r^3 - 4000\pi = 0$ $\therefore r^3 - 1000 = 0$ $\therefore r^3 = 1000$ $\therefore r = 10\text{cm}$ $\therefore h = \frac{2000}{r^2}$ $= \frac{2000}{10^2}$ $= 20\text{cm}$	<p>✓ Substitution of V</p> $\checkmark h = \frac{2000}{r^2}$ <p>✓ Substitution of h in Area formula</p> <p>✓ $A'(r) = 4\pi r - 4000\pi r^{-2}$</p> <p>✓ $A'(x) = 0$</p> <p>✓ $r = 10\text{cm}$</p> <p>✓ $h = 20\text{cm}$</p>
	(7)

[7]

QUESTION/VRAAG 10

<p>10.1.1</p> <p>(61) M</p> $61 - 12 - x = 49 - x$ <p>P (19)</p> $19 - 12 - 5 = 2$ <p>L (73)</p> $73 - x - 13 = 60 - x$ λ 5 8 $12 - 8 = 4$		<p>14</p> <p>✓ M ✓ P ✓ L ✓ Outside (4)</p>
<p>10.1.2</p> $61 + 60 - x + 5 + 2 + 14 = 100$ $\therefore x = 42$		<p>✓ Setting up the equation ✓ Answer (2)</p>
<p>10.1.3</p> <p>The number of learners preferring one subject/Die getal leerders wat aan een vak voorkeur gee:</p> $= (49 - x) + (60 - x) + 2$ $= 7 + 18 + 2$ $= 27$ $P(1 \text{ subject}) = \frac{27}{100}$		<p>✓ 27 ✓ $\frac{27}{100}$ (2)</p>

10.2	$n(E) = \frac{12!}{3! \times 2! \times 2!} = 19958400$ $n(S) = \frac{13!}{2! \times 3! \times 2! \times 2!} = 129729600$ $P(E) = \frac{n(E)}{n(S)}$ $= \frac{19958400}{129729600}$ $= \frac{2}{13}$	✓ $n(E)$ ✓ $n(S)$ ✓ Formula ✓ Substitution ✓ Answer	(5)
			[13]

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