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# basic education

Department: **Basic Education REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA** 

### **SENIOR CERTIFICATE EXAMINATIONS/** NATIONAL SENIOR CERTIFICATE EXAMINATIONS

### **CONSUMER STUDIES**

**MAY/JUNE 2025** 

**MARKING GUIDELINES** 

**MARKS: 200** 

These marking guidelines consist of 19 pages.





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### **SECTION A: SHORT QUESTIONS**

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QUEU	11011			
1.1	1.1.1	C√	Remembering, easy (Focus, p.156; Successful, p.173)	(1)
	1.1.2	D√	Remembering, easy (Focus, p.163; Successful, p.180)	(1)
	1.1.3	B√	Understanding, moderate (Focus, p.162; Successful, p.179)	(1)
	1.1.4	C√	Remembering, easy (Focus, p.171; Successful, p.191)	(1)
	1.1.5	D√	Understanding, moderate (Focus, p.157; Successful, p.174)	(1)
	1.1.6	D√	Remembering, easy (Focus, p.93; Successful, p.113)	(1)
	1.1.7	B√	Understanding, moderate (Focus, p.104; Successful, p.126)	(1)
	1.1.8	C√	Understanding, easy (Focus, p.76; Successful, p.90)	(1)
	1.1.9	C√	Understanding, moderate (Focus, p.89; Successful, p.103)	(1)
	1.1.10	A✓	Applying, moderate (Focus, p.73; Successful, p.82)	(1)
	1.1.11	D√	Applying, moderate (Focus, p.49; Successful, p.51)	(1)
	1.1.12	В✓	Understanding, easy (Grade 11)	(1)
	1.1.13	C√	Applying, easy (Focus, p.64; Successful, p.72)	(1)
	1.1.14	A√	Understanding, moderate (Focus, p.136; Successful, p.154)	(1)
	1.1.15	C√	Understanding, easy (Focus, p.122; Successful, p.140)	(1)
	1.1.16	D√	Remembering, moderate (Focus, p.25; Successful, p.25)	(1)
	1.1.17	B√	Understanding, moderate (Focus, p.18; Successful, p.22)	(1)
	1.1.18	C√	Understanding, easy (Focus, p.19; Successful, p.23)	(1)
	1.1.19	D√	Understanding, moderate (Focus, p.21; Successful, p.24)	(1)
	1.1.20	B✓	Understanding, moderate (Focus, p.27; Successful, p.26)	(1)



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1.2	1.2.1	Cooling off (period) ✓		(1)
	1.2.2	Contract√		(1)
	1.2.3	Guarantee√		(1)
Rememb	1.2.4 ering, easy	Grey goods/ parallel imports√ / (Focus, p.155, 157-158; Successful, p.169, 173, 175-1	76)	(1)
1.3 Rememb	A√ C√ E√ H√ ering, mod	lerate (Focus, p.103; Successful, p.123-124)	(Any order)	(4)
1.4 Remembe	1.4.3 1.4.4	C√ F√ A√ B√ lerate (Focus, p.117, 122; Successful, p.137, 139 -140)		(4)
1.5 <i>Understa</i>	B√ C√ E√ nding, mod	derate (Focus, p.54-55; Successful, p.62)	(Any order)	(3)
1.6	1.6.1 1.6.2 1.6.3 1.6.4 1.6.5	D√ G√ F√ A√ B√		(5)
Understa	nding, mod	derate (Focus, p.29-34; Successful, p.28-33)		

**TOTAL SECTION A:** 

40



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### **SECTION B: LONG QUESTIONS**

#### **QUESTION 2: THE CONSUMER**

2.1 Name the tool/ instrument used to measure changes in the cost of goods and services over a specific period of time.

Consumer Price index/ CPI√ (1)

Remembering, easy (Focus, p.167; Successful, p.185)

2.2 Give TWO examples of EACH of the following taxes paid by consumers.

#### 2.2.1 Direct tax

- Income tax√¹
- Pay as you earn (PAYE)√²
- Provisional tax√<sup>3</sup>
- Property/ rates and taxes ✓<sup>4</sup>
- Capital gains tax√<sup>5</sup>
- Donations tax√6

(Any 2) (2)

Remembering, easy (Focus, p.164; Successful, p.181)

**NOTE:** A description of the type of tax must be allocated a mark.

### 2.2.2 Indirect tax

- VAT✓¹
- Excise duty/ Sin tax√²
- Fuel levy√<sup>3</sup>
- Licenses (Motor vehicle/ fishing/ hunting/ TV)√<sup>4</sup>
- Air passenger tax√<sup>5</sup>
- Environmental levy√<sup>6</sup>
- Estate duty√<sup>7</sup>
- Dividends tax√8
- Import duty√<sup>9</sup>

• Sugar  $tax\sqrt{10}$  (Any 2) (2)

Remembering, easy (Focus, p.164; Successful, p.181)

### 2.3 Explain what the inflation rate is.

It is the percentage  $\checkmark$  1 at which the price of goods and services increases over a specific period of time.  $\checkmark$  2

OR

It is the annual percentage \(^3\) change in the consumer price index. \(^4\)

Remembering, easy (Focus, p.168; Successful, p.185)





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### 2.4 List THREE ways to save water when washing dishes by hand and/ or using a dishwasher.

- Use the appropriate water level. ✓¹
- Wash full loads of dishes.√²
- Use a water efficient dishwasher. ✓<sup>3</sup>
- Use shorter cycles/ half load cycle ✓<sup>4</sup> when appropriate.
- Avoid the pre-washing.√<sup>5</sup>
- Do not wash dishes under running water.√6
- Wash the cleanest dishes first. ✓ <sup>7</sup>
- Scrape extra food off the dishes before washing them. ✓<sup>8</sup>
- Select eco-cycle ✓ 9 to save water.

(Any 3) (3)

Remembering, easy (Focus, p.147, 181; Successful, p.158, 199)

### 2.5 Name TWO services that municipalities supply to communities for recreation.

- Libraries√¹
- Municipal parks√²
- Municipal swimming pools/ sports facilities√3
- Community centres√<sup>4</sup>

(Any 2) (2)

Understanding, easy (Focus, p.184; Successful, p.202)

### 2.6 State FOUR characteristics of an illegal pyramid scheme.

- There is no product that is being sold.√¹
- Emphasis is on the promotion of the scheme.  $\sqrt{2}$
- They offer unusually high returns on investments.√3
- Members are paid by recruiting other members. √<sup>4</sup>
- Only members at the top/ initiators who joined in the beginning gets paid.√5
- Many people who join at the end will lose their money.√<sup>6</sup> (Any 4)

Remembering, moderate (Focus, p.162; Successful, p.179)

### 2.7 Differentiate between a work from home scam and a lottery scam.

#### Work from home scam

- A work from home scam targets people seeking extra income
  √¹ and trick
  them to pay to receive information.√²
- In some cases, a purchase needs to be made√³ before work can begin.√⁴
- A deposit of a registration fee can be requested.  $\checkmark$ <sup>5</sup> (Any 2)

### Lottery scam

In a lottery scam a person receives an SMS/ email/ WhatsApp√¹ stating that they have won a prize/ money/ lottery/ jackpot√² and a payment is needed to make a claim/ banking details are requested.√³ (Any 2)

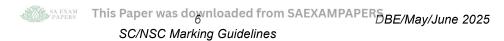
Understanding, moderate (Focus, p. 159, 161; Successful p. 177) ERS

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(4)



### 2.8 Discuss the advantages of cooking with gas.

- Gas is cheaper/ more affordable √1 than electricity therefore energy/ cooking costs will be less/ reduced.√2
- Using gas lightens the load on the national grid.
  √³
- Gas appliances/ stoves are almost maintenance free
   <sup>√</sup>
   <sup>4</sup> and therefore do
   not have to be serviced regularly.
   <sup>√</sup>
- Gas provides instant heat,√6 which saves gas and reduces cooking time/ faster.√7
- Many gas appliances are cheaper than electrical appliances√8 so less money will be spent on new gas stoves.√9
- Gas is the cleanest fossil fuel. √10 It is environmentally friendly/ produces low carbon emissions/ it causes less air pollution/ has a low carbon footprint. √11
- Cooking can take place when there is load shedding.√¹² (Any 4) (4) Understanding, moderate (Focus, p.176; Successful, p.194-195)

### 2.9 Discuss the benefits of using solar power when heating water.

- The sun√¹ is used to heat water therefore no/ little electricity is used.√²
- Energy from the sun is renewable  $\checkmark$  3 so it will never run out and it's readily available  $\checkmark$  4 which reduces the need for electricity.
- There is hot water available even during load shedding.√5
- The sun is free√6 to heat water whereas electricity costs money, therefore consumers will buy less electricity/ save money.√7
- More environmentally friendly than using electricity/ does not cause air pollution.√8 (Any 4)

Applying, easy (Focus, p.170; Successful, p.191)

# 2.10 Write a paragraph to discuss the advantages and disadvantages of a decrease in the repo rate for consumers who pay interest on loans and for consumers who receive interest on savings.

Consumers with loans/ debt will pay less interest on their debts/ loans $\checkmark$ 1 therefore saving money. $\checkmark$ 2 They will have more disposable income to buy goods and services. $\checkmark$ 3 Consumers with savings will receive less interest. $\checkmark$ 4 They may have less disposable income/ money to spend. $\checkmark$ 5 (Any 4) (4)

Applying, moderate (Focus, p.166; Successful, p.184)





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#### 2.11 Discuss the positive impact that building plastic infused roads will have on municipal service delivery and the community.

- Municipalities are responsible for the removal of refuse. ✓¹ Therefore less plastic waste will need to be removed. ✓2
- Less plastic waste will end up in rivers/ landfill sites/ streets,√3 reducing plastic waste to process/ clean up.√4
- Municipalities will have less damaged roads/ not have to fix the same roads over and over again/ potholes to fix/ repairs of roads/ roads will last longer/ more durable√5 thus saving money for other municipal services.√6
- There will be less plastic lying around/ the environment will be clean√7 because the municipality distribute recycling bins \( \sqrt{8} \) and the plastics will be used to build the roads.
- Roads will be safer \( \sigma^9 \) to use if there are fewer potholes.
- Communities will be more conscious of recycling 10 which will keep the community clean.√11
- Communities will make money 12 by collecting used plastic packaging and selling them in recycling centres.
- The project may lead to job creation for community members.  $\sqrt{13}$  (Any 8) (8) Analysing, difficult (Focus, p.182; Successful, p.203-204)

[40]



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#### **QUESTION 3: FOOD AND NUTRITION**

### 3.1 Explain the term *hyperglycaemia*.

 It is a condition in which glucose levels in the blood√¹ becomes abnormally high.√²

OR

It is a condition where sugar builds up in the blood√³ instead of being converted to energy.√⁴
 (Any 2)

Remembering, easy (Focus, p.71; Successful, p.80)

### 3.2 Explain the function of the hormone insulin.

 It stimulates the enzymes in the muscle and fat tissue√¹ to remove sugar from the blood√² to break down glucose to energy.√³

**OR** 

It transports glucose√⁴ from the blood stream into the cells√⁵ of the body for energy.√⁶
 (Any 2)

Remembering, easy (Focus, p.71; Successful, p.77)

### 3.3 Discuss why John is likely to suffer from hypoglycaemia.

- Hypoglycaemia is caused when people skip meals or do not eat enough√¹ which will cause blood glucose level to drop drastically.√²
- If he exercises hard for a long time without food√³ this will cause low blood glucose levels.
- Eating of high GI foods will cause a sharp increase √4 in blood glucose levels which will trigger the release of insulin√5 to stimulate the removal of glucose from the bloodstream.√6
- The sudden removal of glucose from the bloodstream will cause a drastic drop in blood glucose levels.√7 (Any 3)

Understanding, moderate (Focus, p.71; Successful, p.79)

**NOTE**: Information that is stated in the scenario cannot be awarded a mark.

### 3.4 Discuss how food irradiation improves food safety.

- Food is treated with very short light or radio waves.√¹
- Irradiated herbs and spices will not contaminate√² the food to which they are added.
- Kills/ reduces/ destroys micro-organisms√3 that can cause food spoilage√4
  making food safer to eat.
- Reduces the pathogenic bacteria/ harmful organisms√<sup>5</sup> in food, preventing food borne diseases.√<sup>6</sup>
- Destroys insects on tropical fruits/ in cereals√7 that is imported/ exported.
- Irradiated processed meats require fewer preservatives which will reduce the risk of developing cancer.√8 (Any 4)

Understanding, moderate (Focus, p.105; Successful, p.123-128) ERS

(3)

(4)



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### 3.5 Explain how water shortages may contribute to food-borne diseases.

- There may be insufficient/ contaminated water√¹ for infected people√² to wash hands after using the toilet/ changing nappies√³ and before preparing food.√⁴
- No/ less water available to wash fruits/ vegetables that are contaminated.√5
- No/ less water available to wash dirty cooking utensils thoroughly after use.√6
- People may drink/ cook/ eat food prepared with contaminated water.√7
- Contaminated water may be used to clean food preparation surfaces.√8
- Slaughtered animals may have drank contaminated water√9 and the meat may contribute to food borne disease. (Any 6)

Understanding, moderate (Focus, p.86-89; Successful, p.103,106,108)

### 3.6 Describe how the following factors contribute to food insecurity in South Africa.

### 3.6.1 Increase in food prices

- Most consumers may not be able to afford healthy nutritious food on a daily basis.√¹
- They cannot afford to buy enough/ sufficient food to live a healthy life.√²
- Consumers may buy food that is beyond the use by date.√<sup>3</sup>
   These foods may be affordable√<sup>4</sup> but unsafe for consumption.√<sup>5</sup>
- Consumers will spend money on food that is not nutritious/ energy dense√6 because they may be able to buy more/ a lot of these foods.√7 (Any 3)

Applying, moderate (Consumer Issue)

### 3.6.2 **Increase in electricity prices**

- The increase in electricity prices will cause food prices to rise. ✓¹
- Consumers cannot afford to buy electricity to prepare food.√2
- Electricity is expensive and consumers spend a lot of money on electricity and have less money√3 to spend on food.√4

(Any 3) (3)

(6)

(3)

Applying, difficult (Consumer Issue)





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### 3.7 Give Mary dietary advice to prevent developing osteoporosis later in life.

- Mary must not skip meals/ breakfast√¹ because this will assist with enough kilojoule intake.√²
- Mary needs to take calcium supplements√3 to increase bone density/ slow down bone loss√4 later in life.
- She also needs to eat canned fish with bones/ legumes/ dark green leafy vegetables/ nuts (almonds/ brazilian)√5 because they are also rich in calcium.√6
- She must consume foods high in phosphorus  $\sqrt{7}$  and vitamin  $D\sqrt{8}$  which helps with the absorption of calcium.  $\sqrt{9}$
- She needs to take fluoride √10 which needs to be absorbed √11 into the bone to make the bones stronger. √12
- She must not consume too much protein rich foods. ✓ <sup>13</sup> Although protein is required for collagen synthesis, acid is released into the bloodstream when protein ✓ <sup>14</sup> is digested and draws calcium ✓ <sup>15</sup> from the bones to neutralise the acid. ✓ <sup>16</sup> Too much protein will weaken the bones in the long run. ✓ <sup>17</sup>
- She must consume food rich in vitamin C/ ascorbic acid $\checkmark$  18 as it assists with collagen synthesis. $\checkmark$  19
- She must limit her coffee/ tea/ alcohol intake√<sup>20</sup> because it can cause bone loss.√<sup>21</sup> (Any 6)

Applying, moderate (Focus, p.76; Successful, p.90)

### 3.8 3.8.1 Identify the ingredients, which perform the following functions from the list of ingredients:

(a) Stabilises the ingredients

Corn starch/ wheat flour.√ (1)

(b) Improves the nutritional value

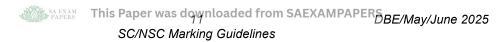
Riboflavin/ wheat flour may be enriched with Vitamin B.✓ (1)

(c) Enhances the flavour

Monosodium glutamate (MSG)/ garlic powder/ citric acid/ brown sugar/ herbs/ potassium salt.√ (1)

Understanding, easy (Focus, p.93-94; Successful, p.113-114)





### 3.8.2 **2** minute noodles is not suitable for a person who has diabetes.

### Justify the statement above.

- Noodles are high in salt√¹ (724 mg/ 100g) that will increase blood pressure√² and may contribute to heart disease/ stroke.√³Diabetics have a high risk√⁴ of developing heart disease.
- Noodles are low in fibre (2.4g/ 100g)/ have insufficient fibre.√<sup>5</sup>
  Fibre decreases√<sup>6</sup> the blood glucose levels and prevent
  fluctuations in blood glucose levels.√<sup>7</sup>
- They have a high glycaemic index√8 which can cause a rapid increase√9 in blood glucose levels.
- They have a high fat content √10 (15.0g/ 100g), which increases the risk for heart disease/ stroke. √11
- The noodles may contribute towards obesity√12 which is detrimental to diabetics as they are high in kilojoules/ carbohydrates/ fat.√13 (Any 8) (8)

Analysing, difficult (Focus, p.72-73; Successful, p.82-83) **NOTE:** High fat content can only be awarded a mark once.

[40]





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#### **QUESTION 4: CLOTHING**

- 4.1 Name the stage in the fashion cycle where a fashion:
  - 4.1.1 Is accepted

Introduction/ Launch/ Beginning/ Rise√stage (1)

4.1.2 Has reached its popularity

Peak stage√ (1)

4.1.3 **Disappears** 

Obsolete/ Obsolescence√ (1)

Remembering, easy (Focus, p.49-50; Successful, p.50)

- 4.2 Name TWO economic factors that influence fashion changes.
  - Income/ wealth/ poverty√¹
  - Affordability√<sup>2</sup>
  - Inflation√<sup>3</sup>
  - Recession/ depression√<sup>4</sup> (Any 2) (2)

Remembering, easy (Focus, p.49; Successful, p.53)

- 4.3 Explain FOUR advantages of having classic mix-and-match clothing items in a wardrobe for the world of work.
  - Many outfits can be created√¹ from the basic items by mixing different tops and bottoms.
  - Items can be dressed up or dressed down for a professional/ formal and casual/ informal occasion.√²
  - It could be cheaper/ affordable because fewer clothing items will be bought.√3
  - Items in neutral/ basic colours can be paired with different accessories/ shoes/ belts/ handbags.
  - Classic items are timeless, therefore will not go out of fashion quickly/ will last for many seasons.√5 (Any 4)

Understanding, easy (Focus, p.54-55; Successful, p.63-65)





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### 4.4 Eco-fashion can help to sustain the natural environment.

### Motivate the statement above.

- Eco-friendly fabrics have a low carbon footprint√¹ because they cause less air pollution√² which causes less harm to the natural environment.
- They use less water which is already a scarce resource.√<sup>3</sup>
- Less energy/ electricity is used which reduces the need of fossil fuels. ✓<sup>4</sup>
- They are produced from crops that do not require any pesticides/ herbicides/ fewer chemicals/ dyes.√5
- They may be produced organically  $\sqrt{6}$  and may be biodegradable  $\sqrt{7}$  thus reducing waste.  $\sqrt{8}$
- They are made from renewable resources√9 which can be replenished/ cannot be depleted.√10 (Any 5) (5)

Understanding, moderate (Focus, p.61; Successful, p.67)

### 4.5 Evaluate the suitability of the outfit above for the professional world of work.

- The outfit is mostly suitable √1 for the professional world of work. (1)
- The style/ colour will suit most body types.√²
- The simple clean lines make the dress classic√³ and it could be worn for many seasons.√⁴
- The outfit is formal/ smart.√5
- A different blouse/ shoes can be worn for casual occasions.√6
- It can be worn with/ without a blouse.√<sup>7</sup>
- It is not revealing/ not too tight.√8
- It is not short/ it is below the knees.√9
- It is suitable for different seasons/ can be worn with a jacket/ jersey. √10
- It can be worn with different shoes/ accessories. √11
- The neutral colour of the shoes is suitable for the outfit. √12
- The mid heel of the shoes makes it comfortable to wear at work. √13
- The diamond detail on the shoes may be too glamorous for work. √14

(Any 5) (6)

Evaluating, moderate (Focus, p.55-57; Successful, p.61-63)

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#### **QUESTION 5: HOUSING AND INTERIOR**

- 5.1 State TWO financial responsibilities of a tenant.
  - Deposit.√¹
  - Monthly rent.√²
  - Water/ electricity/ waste removal,  $\sqrt{3}$  depending on the lease agreement.
  - Any damages caused by the tenant.√<sup>4</sup>
  - Household contents insurance.√<sup>5</sup> (Any 2)

Remembering, easy (Focus, p.117,128; Successful, p.137)

- 5.2 List THREE financial responsibilities of the owner of a full-title property.
  - Monthly bond repayments/ mortgage. √¹
  - Maintenance/ repairs.√²
  - Rates and taxes.√³
  - Water/ electricity/ waste removal.
  - Security√<sup>5</sup>
  - Homeowner's comprehensive insurance.√6
  - Bond/ mortgage protection insurance.√<sup>7</sup>
  - Household contents insurance√8
  - Gardening. $\sqrt{9}$  (Any 3)

Remembering, easy (Focus, p.121,127,128; Successful, p.139,140,145)

- 5.3 Household appliances can be bought through an instalment sales transaction. State the following:
  - 5.3.1 **TWO** advantages of using an instalment sales transaction
    - An appliance can be bought even if you do not have cash.√¹
    - An appliance can be taken home and used immediately.√2
    - The appliance can be paid off over a long period of time.  $\sqrt{3}$
    - It helps consumers build their credit record/ score. √4 (Any 2)
  - 5.3.2 TWO disadvantages of using an instalment sales transaction
    - A deposit must be paid.√¹
    - The payment is more than the cash price.√²
    - There are charges involved like bank charges/ interest/ administration charges.√³
    - Appliances can be repossessed by the seller if there is non-payment.

      √<sup>4</sup>
    - Non-payment can negatively affect the credit record/ score of consumers/ can lead to blacklisting.√5
    - If the appliance is broken/ stolen the consumer must still pay for it.√6 (Any 2)

Understanding, moderate (Focus, p.148; Successful, p.162)



(2)



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### 5.4 Discuss sectional-title ownership regarding safety and security.

- Complexes often come with security features (e.g. gates, security guards, surveillance cameras) providing a secure living environment.✓¹
- It provides greater security than to live in a free-standing property. ✓<sup>2</sup>
- The gate at the entrance has controlled access to control who enters the complex.√³
- Most complexes have safety boundary walls
   √4 which provide safety and limit access to the complex.
- It offers flexibility to 'lock up and go' and the unit will remain safe because of the security available.√5
- Neighbours are close and could see or hear if there are intruders.

  √6

 $(Any 4) \qquad (4)$ 

Applying, moderate (Focus, p.123; Successful, p.141)

### 5.5 **Explain how the EcoBOOST washing machine assists with the following:**

### 5.5.1 Saving human energy and time

- It has an increased spin speed which saves time.√¹
- It has a smart feature which will save consumers time.√²
   as it can be switched on and off remotely/ from a distance.√³
- It is suitable for large loads which will allow consumers to wash fewer loads.√4 (Any 3)

### 5.5.2 Contributing positively to the natural environment

- The increased spin speed makes it faster to operate thus uses less electricity/ non-human energy.√¹
- Washing large loads uses less electricity/ non-human energy.
- It uses less water per load/ uses water optimally thus reducing water consumption.  $\sqrt{3}$
- It uses less/ conserves electricity by reducing water temperature.√<sup>4</sup>
- It also has a load sensor so that it can use the correct amount of water and electricity.√5
- Using less electricity will reduce the carbon footprint/ limit air pollution/ conserve fossil fuel.√6 (Any 4)

Analysing, moderate (Focus, p.143-144; Successful, p.158)

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### **QUESTION 6: ENTREPRENEURSHIP**

### 6.1 Explain EACH of the following terms:

### 6.1.1 **Quality control**

It is the process of inspecting  $\checkmark$  1 products to make sure they meet the required standards  $\checkmark$  2 that have been set.  $\checkmark$  3

#### OR

It is a measure of excellence.  $\checkmark^4$  It is the procedure of making sure that the quality of the product is maintained.  $\checkmark^5$  It includes inspection.  $\checkmark^6$  (Any 2)

Remembering, easy (Focus, p.16; Successful, p.22)

### 6.1.2 **Product specification**

It is a written description of an item.  $\checkmark$  1 It includes everything about the product or service.  $\checkmark$  2 It ensures that the product is always the same/ of a consistent quality.  $\checkmark$  3 (Any 2)

Remembering, easy (Focus, p.16; Successful, p.15,21)

### 6.1.3 Financial feasibility study

An analysis/ evaluation $\checkmark$ 1 of a proposed project/ idea/ business to determine if it is possible/ likely to be successful $\checkmark$ 2 after taking into consideration its total costs and probable revenue. $\checkmark$ 3 A study to discover the strengths $\checkmark$ 4 and weaknesses $\checkmark$ 5 of a business. (Any 2)

Remembering, easy (Focus, p.35; Successful, p.35)



(2)

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# 6.2 Name and discuss TWO pricing strategies that a business can choose to price their products and services.

- In premium pricing√¹ the product is priced above the average market price.√² The higher price will indicate to customers that the product is of a high quality.√³
- In value for money pricing√<sup>4</sup> a standard product compares well with similar products in its category√<sup>5</sup> and the price will not be much higher or lower than that of the competitors.√<sup>6</sup>
- In undercut pricing√<sup>7</sup> the aim is to be the cheapest in the market.√<sup>8</sup>
  Businesses must have a very high turnover to generate a satisfactory income.√<sup>9</sup>
- In market skimming√¹⁰ a high price is set for a new high end/ exclusive product.√¹¹ When competitors enter the market, prices must be dropped.√¹²
- In cost-based pricing√13 the entrepreneur calculates the selling price of a product by adding up all the costs involved in its production and adding a mark-up,√14 different products have different mark-ups.√15
- In demand-based pricing√<sup>16</sup> it is the entrepreneur who establishes the
  price that the target market is prepared to pay for the product√<sup>17</sup> by
  making sure that the costs are kept as low as possible and profit can still
  be made.√<sup>18</sup>
- Competition based pricing√19 is based on the selling price that competitors are charging.√20 It is when an entrepreneur decides to set the price higher, lower or same than the price of the competitors.√21

(Any 2 x 2) (4)

Remembering, moderate (Focus, p.32; Successful, p.31)

### 6.3 Explain why the hygiene of workers is important in a workplace.

- It is to ensure that workers are safe√¹ and healthy/ not getting sick√² whilst at work.
- It ensures that the products that are manufactured are healthy/ safe for consumers.  $\checkmark$ <sup>3</sup>
- It ensures that no cross-contamination can take place.√<sup>4</sup>
- To avoid affecting other colleagues, because of body odours/ poor personal hygiene.√<sup>5</sup>
- To ensure that the products are kept clean.√6 (Any 3) (3) Remembering, easy (Focus, p.18; Successful, p.22)



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### 6.4 Discuss TWO advantages for an entrepreneur of having trained staff members.

- It improves the quality of the products/ work√¹ because the staff will know exactly what to do.√²
- It increases productivity/ more products will be produced√³ because workers will not make many mistakes√⁴ and waste time.√⁵ This may increase sales/ profitability.√⁶
- It will reduce waste√<sup>7</sup> and limit the loss of raw materials,√<sup>8</sup> thus money caught up in raw materials will not be wasted/ lost.√<sup>9</sup>
- It will improve the morale/ motivation of workers√<sup>10</sup> because they will have the skills√<sup>11</sup> and know exactly what to do/ have confidence in their jobs.√<sup>12</sup>
- It will reduce maintenance/ repair costs of equipment√<sup>13</sup> because the workers will know how to use it correctly.√<sup>14</sup> (Any 2 x 2) (4)

Understanding, moderate (Focus, p.25; Successful, p.26)

**NOTE:** Two advantages must be discussed. Four marks cannot be allocated for giving four advantages.

### 6.5 6.5.1 Identify how Norris's business was promoted.

- His family distributed pamphlets ✓¹ that contained information.
- Word of mouth/ neighbours/ family could have told other people.√² (Any 1)

Understanding, easy (Focus, p.31; Successful, p.30)

### 6.5.2 Explain why the packaging is suitable for Norris's products.

- It makes it easy to identify ✓¹ and select the products. ✓²
- It keeps the product clean, fresh and safe. ✓<sup>3</sup>
- It is easy to handle. ✓<sup>4</sup>
- It is strong enough for transportation. ✓<sup>5</sup>
- Protects the products.√<sup>6</sup>
- It is affordable/ cheap for the type of products.√7
- Convenient for distribution/ handling/ stacking/ display. ✓<sup>8</sup>
- Plastic bags are airtight√9 and products will not lose moisture/ wilt quickly.√10 (Any 4)

Understanding, easy (Focus, p.22; Successful, p.29)

### 6.5.3 Explain TWO factors that influenced Norris to start his small-scale business.

- His need/ passion√¹ to assist/provide for his family.√²
- Availability of financial resources: √3 He had R1000 which he saved. √4
- Availability of raw materials: √<sup>5</sup> Bananas were easily available √<sup>6</sup> from a nearby farm. √<sup>7</sup> (Any 2 x 2)

Applying, moderate (Focus, p.10-13; Successful, p.16-20)

NOTE: Two factors must be explained for four marks PAPERS

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(4)

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### 6.5.4 Calculate the selling price of FIVE bananas. Show ALL calculations.

 $100 \div 80 = R1.25\sqrt{1}$  (one banana)

 $R1.25 \times 5 = R \cdot 6.25\sqrt{2}$ 

R 6.25 x 55%  $\sqrt{3}$  = R 3.44 $\sqrt{4}$  **OR** R6.25 x 55/100 $\sqrt{3}$  = R3.44 $\sqrt{4}$ 

 $R6.25 + R3.44 = R9.69\sqrt{5}$ 

R 9.70 (selling price for five bananas)

OR

 $55\%\sqrt{6} \times R100 = R55\sqrt{7}$ 

 $R100 + R55 = R155\sqrt{8}$ 

R155 ÷ 80 = R1.94 $\sqrt{9}$  for one banana

R1.94 x 5 = R9.70 $\sqrt{10}$  for five bananas

Applying, moderate (Focus, p.38; Successful, p.38-39)

6.5.5 Norris's business is likely to continue to be profitable. Justify this statement.

- Bananas are easily available √1 from a nearby farm √2 and this allows him to save on transport costs. √3
- He reinvests his profit in his business. ✓<sup>4</sup>
- He is passionate √5 about his business because he supports his family with the income. √6
- He sells a variety of products, √7 meaning that some products will be in season when others may not be. √8
- He offers delivery services ✓ 11 to his customers who order products. ✓ 12
- His family advertises his business by using pamphlets. ✓ 13
- His products are good value for money. ✓ 14
- The packaging is cheap/ affordable/ simple √15 and will not increase his overhead costs drastically. √16
- The mark-up provides sufficient profit √17 because the business has low running/ operating costs. √18 (Any 9) (9)

Analysing, difficult (Focus, p.35; Successful, p.34)

[40]

(5)

TOTAL SECTION B: 160

GRAND TOTAL: 200

