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DEPARTMENT OF
EDUCATION

**NATIONAL SENIOR CERTIFICATE /
NASIONALE SENIOR SERTIFIKAAT**

GRADE/GRADE 12

**MATHEMATICS P1/WISKUNDE VI
MARKING GUIDELINES/NASIENRIGLYNE
JUNE/JUNIE 2026**

MARKS/PUNTE: 150

This marking guidelines consists of 17 pages/ Hierdie nasienriglyne bestaan uit 17 bladsye



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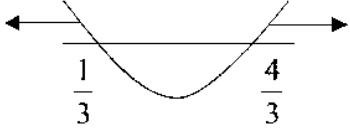
Proudly South African

NOTE/NOTA:

- If a candidate answers a question TWICE, only mark the FIRST attempt/ *As 'n kandidaat 'n vraag TWEE keer beantwoord, merk slegs die EERSTE poging*
- Consistent accuracy applies in ALL aspects of the marking guidelines/ *Konsekwente akkuraatheid is van toepassing in ALLE aspekte van die nasienriglyne*

QUESTION 1/VRAAG 1

1.1	1.1.1	$x^2 - x = 12$ $x^2 - x - 12 = 0$ $(x - 4)(x + 3) = 0$ $x = 4$ or / of $x = -3$	✓ standard form/ <i>standaardvorm</i> ✓ $x = 4$ ✓ $x = -3$	(3)
	1.1.2	$4x^2 - 12x - 6 = 0$ $x = \frac{-(-12) \pm \sqrt{(-12)^2 - 4(4)(-6)}}{2(4)}$ $x = \frac{12 \pm \sqrt{240}}{8}$ $x = -0,44$ or / of $x = 3,44$	✓ substitution/ <i>vervanging</i> ✓ answer/ <i>antwoord</i> ✓ answer/ <i>antwoord</i>	(3)
	1.1.3	$2x - \sqrt{x + 4} = 7$ $2x - 7 = \sqrt{x + 4}$ $(2x - 7)^2 = (\sqrt{x + 4})^2$ $4x^2 - 28x + 49 = x + 4$ $4x^2 - 29x + 45 = 0$ $(4x - 9)(x - 5) = 0$ $x \neq \frac{9}{4}$ or / of $x = 5$	✓ isolating the surd/ <i>isoleer wortel</i> ✓ squaring both sides/ <i>kwadreer albei kante</i> ✓ standard form/ <i>standaardvorm</i> ✓ answer with selection/ <i>antwoord met seleksie</i>	(4)

1.1.4	$(3x-2)^2 > 3x$ $9x^2 - 12x + 4 > 3x$ $9x^2 - 15x + 4 > 0$ $(3x-4)(3x-1) > 0$ <p>CV $x = \frac{4}{3}$ or / of $x = \frac{1}{3}$</p>  <p>$\therefore x < \frac{1}{3}$ or / of $x > \frac{4}{3}$</p>	<p>✓ standard form/<i>standaardvorm</i></p> <p>✓ critical values/<i>kritieke waardes</i></p> <p>✓✓ answer/<i>antwoord</i> (4)</p>
1.1.5	$2^{\frac{2x}{3}} + 2^{\frac{x}{3}} - 6 = 0$ $\left(2^{\frac{x}{3}}\right)^2 + 2^{\frac{x}{3}} - 6 = 0$ <p>let / stel $2^{\frac{x}{3}} = k$</p> $k^2 + k - 6 = 0$ $(k-2)(k+3) = 0$ $k = 2 \quad \text{or / of} \quad k = -3$ $2^{\frac{x}{3}} = 2 \quad \text{or / of} \quad 2^{\frac{x}{3}} = -3$ $\frac{x}{3} = 1 \quad \quad \quad \text{N/A}$ $x = 3$	<p>✓ substitution/<i>vervanging</i></p> <p>✓ both equations/<i>beide vergelykings</i></p> <p>✓ answer/<i>antwoord</i> (3)</p>



1.2	$6y = x^2 - 2x - 6 \quad \dots\dots\dots (1)$ $\sum_{n=3}^4 x(n-2)^2 = 10y \quad \dots\dots\dots (2)$ <p>from (2): $x(3-2)^2 + x(4-2)^2 = 10y$ $x + 4x = 10y$ $5x = 10y$ $x = 2y$</p> $6y = (2y)^2 - 2(2y) - 6$ $4y^2 - 10y - 6 = 0$ $2y^2 - 5y - 3 = 0$ $(2y+1)(y-3) = 0$ $y = -\frac{1}{2} \quad \text{or / of} \quad y = 3$ $x = -1 \quad \text{or / of} \quad x = 6$ <p style="text-align: center;">OR/OF</p> $6y = x^2 - 2x - 6 \quad \dots\dots\dots (1)$ $\sum_{n=3}^4 x(n-2)^2 = 10y \quad \dots\dots\dots (2)$ <p>from (2): $x(3-2)^2 + x(4-2)^2 = 10y$ $x + 4x = 10y$ $5x = 10y$ $y = \frac{x}{2}$</p> $6\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) = x^2 - 2x - 6$ $x^2 - 2x - 6 = 3x$ $x^2 - 5x - 6 = 0$ $(x+1)(x-6) = 0$ $x = -1 \quad \text{or / of} \quad x = 6$ $y = -\frac{1}{2} \quad \text{or / of} \quad y = 3$	<p>✓ expansion/uitbreiding</p> <p>✓ simplification/vereenvoudig</p> <p>✓ substitution/vervanging</p> <p>✓ standard form/standaardvorm</p> <p>✓ both y values/ beide y waardes</p> <p>✓ both x values/ beide x waardes (6)</p> <p style="text-align: center;">OR/OF</p> <p>✓ expansion/uitbreiding</p> <p>✓ simplification/vereenvoudig</p> <p>✓ substitution/vervanging</p> <p>✓ standard form/standaardvorm</p> <p>✓ both x values/ beide x waardes</p> <p>✓ both y values/beide y waardes (6)</p>
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1.3	$(x+x^{-1})^2 - (x-x^{-1})^2 = 4$ <p>LHS: $(x+x^{-1})^2 - (x-x^{-1})^2$</p> $= \left(x + \frac{1}{x}\right)^2 - \left(x - \frac{1}{x}\right)^2$ $= \left(\frac{x^2+1}{x}\right)^2 - \left(\frac{x^2-1}{x}\right)^2$ $= \frac{(x^4+2x^2+1) - (x^4-2x^2+1)}{x^2}$ $= \frac{4x^2}{x^2}$ $= 4$ <p>\therefore LHS = RHS</p>	<p>✓ changing to fractions/<i>verander na breuk</i></p> <p>✓ simplification/<i>vereenvoudig</i></p> <p>✓ simplification/<i>vereenvoudig</i></p> <p>✓ simplification/<i>vereenvoudig</i> (4)</p>
		[27]



**QUESTION/VRAAG 2**

2.1	$2x - (x + 4) = x + 8 - 2x$ $2x - x - 4 = 8 - x$ $2x = 12$ $x = 6$	✓ common difference/ <i>konstante verskil</i> ✓ answer/ <i>antwoord</i> (2)
2.2	10 ; 12 ; 14;.....	✓ answer/ <i>antwoord</i> (1)
2.3	$T_{100} = 10 + 99(2)$ $= 208$	✓ substitution/ <i>vervanging</i> ✓ answer/ <i>antwoord</i> (2)
2.4	$a + (n - 1)d = 48$ $10 + 2(n - 1) = 48$ $2n + 8 = 48$ $2n = 40$ $n = 20$	✓ $T_n = 48$ ✓ substitution/ <i>vervanging</i> ✓ answer/ <i>antwoord</i> (3)
2.5	$S_{21} = \frac{21}{2} [2(10) - (21 - 1)(2)]$ $= 630$	✓ substitution/ <i>vervanging</i> ✓ answer/ <i>antwoord</i> (2)
		[10]



QUESTION/VRAAG 3

3.1	3.1.1	$ \begin{array}{cccccc} 4 & 10 & 18 & 28 & 40 & 54 \\ & \swarrow & \swarrow & \swarrow & \swarrow & \swarrow \\ & 6 & 8 & 10 & 12 & 14 \\ & & \swarrow & \swarrow & \swarrow & \swarrow \\ & & 2 & 2 & 2 & 2 \end{array} $	✓ 28 ✓ 40 ✓ 54	(3)
	3.1.2	$2m = 2$ $m = 1$ $3m + n = 6$ $3(1) + n = 6$ $n = 3$	✓ answer/antwoord ✓ answer/antwoord	(2)
	3.1.3	$d = t^2 + 3t$ $d(10) = (10)^2 + 3(10)$ $= 130$	✓ substitution/vervanging ✓ answer/antwoord	(2)
3.2	3.2.1	$T_1 = 30(1 - 20\%) = 24$ $T_2 = 24(1 - 20\%) = 19,2$ OR/OF $30 \times (100\% - 20\%) \times 80\%$ $= 19,2$ OR/OF $(30 - 20\% \times 30) \times 80\%$ $= 19,2$	✓ 24 ✓ 19,2 OR/OF ✓ $30 \times (100\% - 20\%) \times 80\%$ ✓ answer/antwoord OR/OF ✓ $(30 - 20\% \times 30) \times 80\%$ ✓ answer/antwoord	(2)
	3.2.2	$-1 < \frac{4}{5} < 1$	✓ $r = \frac{4}{5}$ ✓ answer/antwoord	(2)
	3.2.3	$S_x = \frac{24}{1 - \frac{4}{5}}$ $= 120$	✓ substitution/vervanging ✓ answer/antwoord	(2)

3.2.4	<p>24 ; 19,2 ;.....</p> $r = \frac{19,2}{24}$ $r = \frac{4}{5}$ $T_n = 24 \left(\frac{4}{5}\right)^{n-1}$ $T_n > 4$ $24 \left(\frac{4}{5}\right)^{n-1} > 4$ $\left(\frac{4}{5}\right)^{n-1} > \frac{1}{6}$ $(n-1) \log\left(\frac{4}{5}\right) > \log\left(\frac{1}{6}\right)$ $n-1 < 8,0296.....$ $n < 9,0296.....$ <p>9 times / keer</p>	<p>✓ 24</p> <p>✓ value of r/waarde van r</p> <p>✓ $T_n > 4$</p> <p>✓ $\left(\frac{4}{5}\right)^{n-1} > \frac{1}{6}$</p> <p>✓ use of logs/gebruik van logs</p> <p>✓ answer/antwoord (6)</p>
3.2.5	<p>Total distance / Totale afstand</p> $= 30 + (120 \times 2)$ $= 270 \text{ m}$ <p style="text-align: center;">OR/OF</p> <p>Total Distance / Totale afstand</p> $\therefore \frac{24 \times 2}{1 - \frac{4}{5}} + 30$ $= 270 \text{ m}$	<p>✓ $30 + (120 \times 2)$</p> <p>✓ (120×2)</p> <p>✓ answer/antwoord (3)</p> <p style="text-align: center;">OR/OF</p> <p>✓ 24×2</p> <p>✓ $\frac{24 \times 2}{1 - \frac{4}{5}} + 30$</p> <p>✓ answer/antwoord (3)</p>
		[22]

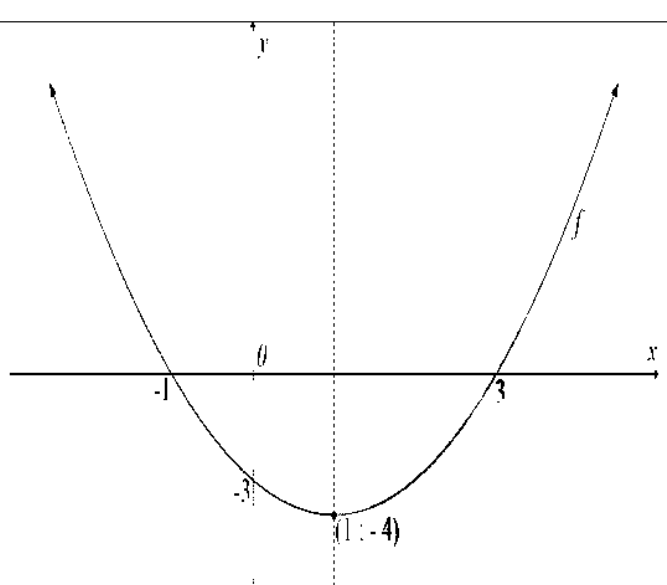
QUESTION/VRAAG 4

4.1	4.1.1	$x = -3$ and / en $y = -1$	✓ answer/antwoord ✓ answer/antwoord (2)
	4.1.2	$x \in R, x \neq -3$	✓ answer/antwoord (1)
	4.1.3	$m = \frac{3 - (-1)}{0 - (-3)}$ $m = \frac{4}{3}$ $h(x) = \frac{4}{3}x + 3$	✓ substitution/vervanging (0 ; 3) and/en (-3 ; -1) ✓ gradient/gradiënt ✓ equation/vergelyking (3)
	4.1.4	$y = -(x + 3) - 1$ $y = -x - 4$ OR/OF $y = -x + c$ $-1 = -(-3) + c$ $c = -4$ $y = -x - 4$	✓ substitution/vervanging ✓ answer/antwoord (2) OR/OF ✓ substitution/vervanging ✓ answer/antwoord (2)
	4.1.5	By translation/Deur translasie 2 units to the right and 4 units up/2 eenhede regs en 4 eenhede op $x = -1$ and / en $y = 3$ OR/OF $g(x - 2) + 4 = \frac{1}{x + 1} + 3$ $x = -1$ and / en $y = 3$	✓ $x = -1$ ✓ $y = 3$ (2) OR/OF ✓ $x = -1$ ✓ $y = 3$ (2)

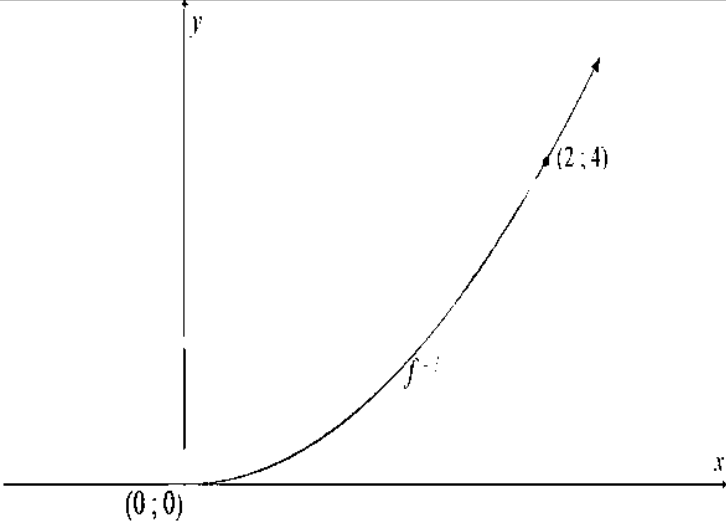


	4.1.6	$AC = 6 \frac{7}{15} = \frac{97}{15}$ $AC = f(x) - g(x)$ $\frac{97}{15} = \frac{4}{3}x + 3 - \left(\frac{1}{x+3} - 1 \right)$ $\frac{97}{15} = \frac{4x+9}{3} - \left(\frac{-x-2}{x+3} \right)$ $\frac{97}{15} = \frac{4x+9}{3} + \frac{x+2}{x+3}$ $60x^2 + 69x - 378 = 0$ $20x^2 + 23x - 126 = 0$ $(20x + 63)(x - 2) = 0$ $x \neq \frac{63}{20} \quad \text{or / of} \quad x = 2$	<p>✓ equation/vergelijking</p> <p>✓ simplification/vereenvoudig</p> <p>✓ standard form /standaardvorm</p> <p>✓ answer with selection/ antwoord met seleksie (4)</p>
	4.1.7	$y = \frac{4}{3}x + 3$ $y = \frac{4}{3}(2) + 3$ $y = \frac{17}{3}$ $AB = \frac{17}{3}$ <p>Area of ABOG / Opv ABOG</p> $= \frac{1}{2}(OG)(AB)(OB)$ $= \frac{1}{2}(3)\left(\frac{17}{3}\right)(2)$ $= 17$	<p>✓ substitution/vervanging</p> <p>✓ answer/antwoord</p> <p>✓ substitution/vervanging</p> <p>✓ answer/antwoord (4)</p>
4.2	4.2.1	$x^2 - 2x - 3 = 0$ $(x+1)(x-3) = 0$ $x = -1 \quad \text{or / of} \quad x = 3$	<p>✓ $y = 0$</p> <p>✓ both values of x/albei waardes van x (2)</p>



4.2.2	$f(x) = 0$ OR / OF $x = \frac{-b}{2a}$ $2x - 2 = 0$ $x = \frac{-(-2)}{2(1)}$ $2x = 2$ $x = \frac{2}{2}$ $x = 1$ $x = 1$ $y = (1)^2 - 2(1) - 3$ $y = -4$ TP / DP (1 ; -4)	✓ answer/antwoord ✓ answer/antwoord (2)
4.2.3		✓ shape/vorm ✓ turning point/draaipunt ✓ y - intercept/afsnit ✓ x- intercepts/afsnit (4)
4.2.4	$y = -4$	✓ answer/antwoord (1)
4.2.5	$-1 < x < 3$	✓✓ answer/antwoord (2)
		[29]

QUESTION/VRAAG 5

5.1	$y = a\sqrt{x}$ $2 = a\sqrt{4}$ $a = 1$ $y = \sqrt{x}$	✓ substitution/ <i>vervang</i> ✓ answer/ <i>antwoord</i> (2)
5.2	$y = \sqrt{x}$ $x = \sqrt{y}$ $f^{-1}(x) = x^2 ; x \geq 0$	✓ interchange x and y / <i>ruil x en y</i> ✓ inverse (2)
5.3	$y \geq 0$	✓ answer/ <i>antwoord</i> (1)
5.4		✓ shape/ <i>vorm</i> f^{-1} ✓ $(0; 0)$ ✓ the coordinates of f^{-1} / <i>die koördinate van f^{-1}</i> (3)
5.5	Reflecting f across the line $y = x$ is the inverse of f , i.e. f^{-1} / <i>Reflekteer f oor die lyn $y = x$ is die inverse van f, d.i. f^{-1}</i> $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$ $f^{-1}(x) = x^2$ $y = -x^2; x \geq 0$	✓ $f^{-1}(x) = x^2$ ✓ $y = -x^2$ ✓ restriction/ <i>bep</i> erking (3)
		[11]

QUESTION/VRAAG 6

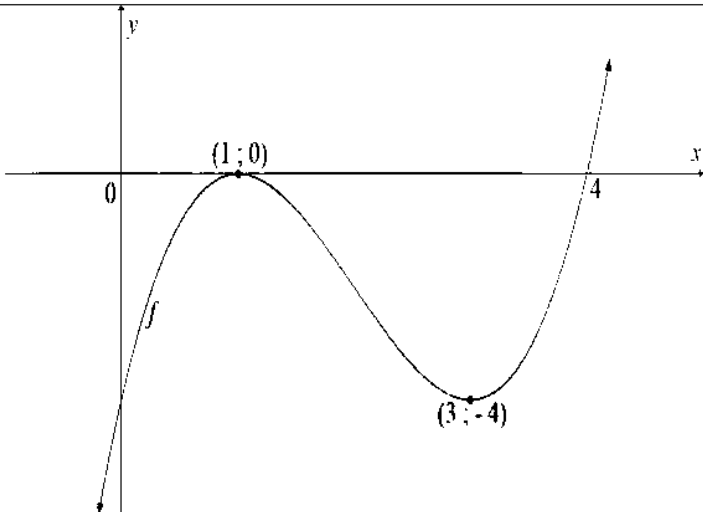
6.1	6.1.1	$f(x) = x - x^2$ $f'(x) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h}$ $= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{(x+h) - (x+h)^2 - (x - x^2)}{h}$ $= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{x+h - x^2 - 2xh - h^2 - x + x^2}{h}$ $= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{h - 2xh - h^2}{h}$ $= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{h(1 - 2x - h)}{h}$ $= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} (1 - 2x - h)$ $= 1 - 2x$	<p>✓ expansion/uitbreiding</p> <p>✓ simplification/vereenvoudig</p> <p>✓ common factor/gemeenskaplike faktor</p> <p>✓ answer/antwoord (4)</p>
	6.1.2	$f'(2) = 1 - 2(2)$ $= -3$	<p>✓ answer/antwoord (1)</p>
6.2	6.2.1	$y = \frac{2x^2 - 11x + 15}{3 - x}$ $= \frac{(2x-5)(x-3)}{-(x-3)}$ $= -2x + 5$ $\frac{dy}{dx} = -2$	<p>✓ factorization/faktorisering</p> <p>✓ simplification/vereenvoudig</p> <p>✓ answer/antwoord (3)</p>
	6.2.2	$y = (x^2 - \sqrt{x})^2$ $y = (x^2 - \sqrt{x})(x^2 - \sqrt{x})$ $y = \left(x^2 - x^{\frac{1}{2}}\right) \left(x^2 - x^{\frac{1}{2}}\right)$ $y = x^4 - 2x^{\frac{5}{2}} + x$ $\frac{dy}{dx} = 4x^3 - 5x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 1$	<p>✓ product/produk</p> <p>✓ derivative/afgeleide</p> <p>✓ derivative/afgeleide</p> <p>✓ derivative/afgeleide (4)</p>



6.3	$3 = a(-1)^3 + b(-1)$ $3 = -a - b$ $a = -b - 3$ $f^{-1}(x) = 3ax^2 + b$ $1 = 3a(-1)^2 + b$ $b = 1 - 3a$ $a = -(1 - 3a) - 3$ $a = -1 + 3a - 3$ $-2a = -4$ $a = 2$ $b = 1 - 3(2)$ $b = -5$ $f(x) = 2x^3 - 5x$	✓ substitution/ <i>vervanging</i> ✓ simplification/ <i>vereenvoudig</i> ✓ inverse ✓ simplification/ <i>vereenvoudig</i> ✓ answer/ <i>antwoord</i> ✓ answer/ <i>antwoord</i> (6)
		[18]



QUESTION/VRAAG 7

7.1	7.1.1	$f(x) = x^3 - 6x^2 + 9x - 4$ $f(x) = (1)^3 - 6(1)^2 + 9(1) - 4$ $= 0$ $(x-1)$ is a factor of/is 'n faktor van $f(x)$	✓ substitution/ <i>vervanging</i> ✓ answer/ <i>antwoord</i> (2)
	7.1.2	$\begin{array}{r} 1 \overline{)1 \quad -6 \quad 9 \quad -4} \\ \underline{1 \quad -5 \quad 4} \\ 1 \quad -5 \quad 4 \quad 0 \end{array}$ $f(x) = (x-1)(x^2 - 5x + 4)$ $(x-1)(x-1)(x-4) = 0$ $x=1$ or / of $x=1$ or / of $x=4$ $(1; 0)$ (1; 0) (4; 0)	✓ $f(x) = (x-1)(x^2 - 5x + 4)$ ✓ answer/ <i>antwoord</i> ✓ answer/ <i>antwoord</i> ✓ answer/ <i>antwoord</i> (4)
	7.1.3	$(1; 0)$ TP/DP $f'(x) = 3x^2 - 12x + 9$ $3x^2 - 12x + 9 = 0$ $x^2 - 4x + 3 = 0$ $(x-1)(x-3) = 0$ $x=1$ or / of $x=3$ $y=0$ or / of $y=-4$ $(1; 0)$ (3; -4)	✓ derivative/ <i>afgeleide</i> ✓ $f'(x) = 0$ ✓ both x values/ <i>beide x waardes</i> ✓ both y values/ <i>beide y waardes</i> (4)
	7.1.4		✓ shape/ <i>vorm</i> ✓ y - intercept/ <i>y - afsnit</i> ✓ x - intercepts/ <i>x - afsnit</i> ✓ turning points/ <i>draaipunte</i> (4)



	7.1.5	$(x-2)^3 - 6(x-2)^2 + 9(x-2) = 4$ $x-2=1$ $x=3$ $x-2=4$ $x=6$	✓ answer/antwoord ✓ answer/antwoord (2)
	7.1.6	$6x-12=0$ $6x=12$ $x=2$ $f(2) = (2)^3 - 6(2)^2 + 9(2) - 4$ $= -2$ $(2; -2)$	✓ 2 nd derivative/2 ^{de} afgeleide = 0 ✓ value of x/waarde van x ✓ value of y/waarde van y (3)
7.2	7.2.1	$V(x) = (60-2x)(2x)\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)$ $= 60x^2 - 2x^3$	✓ substitution/vervanging ✓ answer/antwoord (2)
	7.2.2	Max / Maks : $V'(x) = 0$ $120x - 6x^2 = 0$ $20x - x^2 = 0$ $x(20-x) = 0$ $x \neq 0$ or / of $x = 20$	✓ equating to 0/gelykstel 0 ✓ derivative/afgeleide ✓ answer with selection/antwoord met seleksie (3)
	7.2.3	Max / Maks : $V(x) = 60(20)^2 - 2(20)^3$ $= 8000$	✓ substitution/vervanging ✓ answer/antwoord (2)
			[26]



**QUESTION/VRAAG 8**

8.1	$m(t) = 0,02t^3 - 0,2t^2 + 3200$ $m(0) = 0,02(0)^3 - 0,2(0)^2 + 3200$ $= 3200\text{g}$ (or 3.2kg)	✓ answer/antwoord (1)
8.2	$m'(t) = 0,06t^2 - 0,2t$ For maximum weight / Vir maks gewig : $m'(t) = 0$ $0,06t^2 - 0,2t = 0$ $t(0,06t - 0,2) = 0$ $t \neq 0$ or / of $0,06t = 0,4$ $t = 6,6666\dots\dots$ $t = 6,67$ On the 7th day / Op die 7de dag	✓ derivative/afgeleide ✓ $m'(t) = 0$ ✓ both values of t /albei waardes van t ✓ answer/antwoord (4)
8.3	Weight / gewig = $m(30)$ $m(30) = 0,02(30)^3 - 0,2(30)^2 + 3200$ $= 3250\text{g}$ (or 3,56kg)	✓ substitution/vervanging ✓ answer/antwoord (2)
		[7]

